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CORMAN, OF MARYLAND, PLEDGES HIS SUPPORT TO BRYAN AND STEVENSON

Letter from the Former Senator Arouses Enthusiasm.

GREAT DEMOCRATIC MEETING

Thousands Brave Elements To Hear Speakers at Music Hall.

STONE, OF MISSOURI, PRESENT

Richardson, of Tennessee, Introduced by Chairman Smith and Read a Letter Written by the Ex-Senator, Who Is Ill at His Home.

Baltimore, Md., October 8.—Several thousand persons, among them many ladies, braved the elements tonight and attended the democratic mass meeting at music hall. Rain fell in torrents during the early part of the evening. The attractions as announced included Governor William J. Stone, of Missouri; former Senator A. P. Gorman, of this state, and a number of well known spellbinders. When Chairman James H. Smith called the meeting to order he introduced James D. Richardson, of Tennessee, chairman of the democratic congressional committee. Mr. Richardson explained to the audience that he had visited Baltimore unexpectedly and was not prepared to make a speech, but stated that he had been requested to read to the assemblage a letter which had been received from "Maryland's favorite son," the Hon. Arthur P. Gorman, who, he said, was detained at home on a sick bed and was chafing under the restraint which prevented his attendance at this "grand and glorious gathering of the democracy of Maryland."

Senator Gorman's letter was written at Laurel, Md., and it opened with an expression of regret at his inability to attend the meeting, owing to his ill health. The senator said in part:

"My time and labor will, to the utmost possible extent, be devoted to assisting the state and national committees in perfecting the organization of the forces of hostility to the new, dangerous doctrines exploited by President McKinley in the acquisition and forcible acquisition of the Philippine islands and their government as a colony.

"My opposition to this sinister and abhorrent policy began with its inception. Representing, in part, the state of Maryland in the United States senate and recognizing the disasters that must necessarily constitute the retinue of these twin evils, imperialism and militarism, I opposed them with all the power at my command. We succeeded only in preventing a permanent increase of the regular army establishment up to 100,000 men. The amendment to the army bill, offered and resolutely insisted upon by the democrats in the senate, resulted in limiting the duration of this increased establishment and fixing its period at July 1, 1901. It will be seen, therefore, that the maintenance of this enormous and unnecessary military machinery is one of the questions—and not the least important of them—to be decided by the American people next November. If that machinery be withdrawn, we cannot longer occupy territory thousands of miles distant and govern against their will millions of people as to whose character, customs and national aspirations we are profoundly ignorant.

"The democratic platform aptly and truly says that 'the paramount issue of the campaign is the burning issue of imperialism.' When that shall have been disposed of we can devise and formulate legislation for just taxation, the regulation of combinations of capital which injuriously affect the individuals, the manner of choosing United States senators upon the details of all such questions men of the same political faith now differ.

"The attempt by the republicans to make the currency question predominant will fail. That question, four years ago, was the logical product of conditions which no longer exist. The phenomenal addition made to the volume of gold since 1896—an amount equal to, if not greater than all the coin in circulation on the first of January of that year—removes the question from the domain of controversy. This condition, together with the immense balance of trade in our favor, has been brought about by natural causes which the ingenuity and enterprise of our people have utilized. For the republican party to claim it as the fruit of its virtuous and enlightened statesmanship is too preposterous for serious consideration.

"The sole hope of arresting the present reckless progress of imperialism, with its concomitants of large standing armies and growing lust of acquisition, lies in the triumph of the democratic ticket next month. What the country needs for its honorable safety and prosperity is the election of William J. Bryan and Adlai E. Stevenson, with the house of representatives in accord with them."

Governor Stone was next introduced.

"This letter of former Senator Gorman," he began, "is a complete answer to the calumnies that have been hurled against him. One blast from his bugle horn is worth 10,000 men, for it is no disparagement to any other leaders of the democracy of Maryland to say that this man stands forth pre-eminent, not only as one of the stalwart leaders of the state, but of the entire nation."

Touching upon one of the issues of the campaign, he demanded:

"What is imperialism? The democratic party has never been, nor is it opposed to the acquisition of territory. In the past it has been the party par excellence of expansion. Louisiana was acquired in spite of the opposition of the federalists, who were the progenitors of the republican party. Under a democratic administration the war with Mexico was fought and an immense expanse of territory was added to our domain. Alaska was acquired under Johnson's administration after he had been thrown over by the republican party. The question is not whether or not we shall acquire territory, but where we shall acquire it, how we shall acquire it, and for what purpose we shall acquire it."

He concluded his address by arraigning the republican party for raising and expending an immense campaign fund, which he declared could only be used for immoral purposes.

John P. Poe, Congressman James W. Denny and Congressional Nominee James E. Leach, Jr., all of this city, were the other speakers. Several hundred persons who failed to gain admission to the hall stood with raised umbrellas for half an hour on the outside, shouting for the various speakers, but were forced to retire.

Photograph by Abdullah Freres, Constantinople.

This is Slatin Pasha, probably the most picturesque personality in European politics. His long and brilliant military career is familiar to all followers of contemporaneous history. Now he is to govern Khartoum as British inspector general of the Soudan.

U. S. SUPREME COURT WILL DISPOSE OF NEELY CASE

Washington, October 8.—The United States supreme court convened today. All the members of the court were present except Mr. Justice Gray and Mr. Justice McKenna, who are absent at Virginia Springs. The docket will be called tomorrow.

Next Monday Solicitor General Richards, of the department of justice, will submit a motion relative to the Neely case now pending before the court on an appeal from the decision of Judge Wallace, of New York, denying the writ of habeas corpus. The motion probably will be to advance the case. The department of justice is very anxious to secure a decision upon the main question involved, viz., the constitutionality of the law under which it is proposed to extradite Neely to Cuba. There is possibility, however, of a dismissal of the appeals, owing to the difference of opinion which prevails as to the exact legal status of Neely. The application for a writ of habeas corpus before Judge Wallace was made upon the theory that Neely was then in the custody of the United States marshal under a process to be taken to Cuba, while Judge Lacomb, before whom the original proceedings took place, insists that Neely was not in the custody of the United States marshal, but was held on an order of the court in garnishee proceedings. If the supreme court decides that he was in the custody of the United States marshal, the court will be in a position to pass upon the constitutionality of the law and dispose of the matter. If not, there is no case before the court, and the matter will have to be dismissed.

Under a recent act of congress, Solicitor General Richards will move for the dismissal of the suit brought against the states of North Carolina, South Carolina, Florida and Louisiana to recover the amount of certain bonds issued by these states, and held by the United States. The bonds were issued before the civil war, and the controversy over them is of long standing. The amount involved is over a million dollars. The motion to dismiss will be made in accordance with the specific direction of congress.

LABOR UNION IS THE MOST THOROUGH TRUST KNOWN

Washington, October 8.—Henry B. Gompers, of New York, secretary of the Association of Master Steam Fitters, was before the industrial commission today explaining the plans and motives of his association. He said it included the master steam fitters in about twenty cities, and was organized to protect its members against the aggression of the labor unions.

Mr. Gompers said he considered the labor union the most thorough trust in existence. In support of this view he said the steam fitters' organization in New York limited its membership to 800, whereas it easily could have 1,200 men. This was done, he said, to provide more work for the men who were fortunate enough to be inside the union.

In winter, he said, it was frequently difficult for the master steam fitters to get enough men to do the work they had on hand.

Mr. Gompers said, among other things, that his association had an agreement with the manufacturers of steam fitters' supplies in virtue of which the manufacturers would not sell supplies to any one not a master steam fitter. He said this did not prevent master steam fitters outside his association from buying supplies. He added, however, that he did not consider his association a trust in any fair construction of the term. In a general way the witness thought trade arbitration was a good thing, but he said there were a great many things that neither he nor his association would ever be willing to arbitrate.

WERE LOST IN ARIZONA DESERT

Mark Hanna's Cousin and Companions Have Tough Time.

Phoenix, Arizona, October 8.—I. B. Hanna, cousin of Mark Hanna, and superintendent of forest reserves for Arizona and New Mexico; A. F. Herman, brother of Land Commissioner Herman, and W. H. Pierce, guide, almost lost their lives on the desert between the grand canon and the Utah state line. When within forty miles of Lee's ferry, they camped for the night and their horses escaped. Pierce was lost from the party and after journeying over burning sands all day Hanna gave out. Herman found water five miles further on. He returned with water to Hanna, who was unconscious. Next day a cowboy discovered Hanna and Herman wandering aimlessly about the desert. A searching party later found Pierce frantic with thirst. The three men were taken to Flagstaff.

HILL WILL SPEAK IN THE WEST

Ex-Senator Is Booked To Talk in Chicago.

Chicago, October 8.—Former Senator David B. Hill, of New York, it is officially announced at democratic national headquarters in this city, will take an active part in the campaign in the west. At the request of the Cook county democratic committee Senator Hill has consented to make an address at a meeting to be held in Chicago October 13th. He will also be the principal speaker at the meeting of October 19th. Between those dates Senator Hill will make several addresses at various towns in Indiana.

SENATOR FRYE HAS HIS SAY.

Man from Maine Says There Is No Democratic Party.

Camden, N. J., October 8.—Senator W. P. Frye, of Maine, addressed a mass meeting here tonight presided over by Senator Sewell, of New Jersey.

"In 1892," he said, "Mr. Cleveland was elected and the democratic party was in full control. Before that party had done anything a fearful panic was precipitated by the distrust felt by the business interests in this country and 500 banks failed and every industry in the country felt the shock. In 1896," he continued, "William McKinley was elected. He is as good a president in his time as was Washington in his or Lincoln was in his. Prosperity came back to stay unless the American people should elect Bryan. There is no democratic party today. It is now known as Bryanism, and down our way the democrats always put on their posters 'Bryan meeting.' Seldom do you see the word 'democrat.' Bryanism has swallowed the democratic party."

PRISONER SHOOTS HIMSELF.

Vermonter Tries To Commit Suicide in a Courthouse.

Bennington, Vt., October 8.—A highly dramatic incident occurred in the municipal courtroom when Dennis M. Blackmer, who was being arraigned on the charge of felonious assault on a ten-year-old girl, rose and shot himself in the forehead, inflicting a wound which will undoubtedly cause his death. Blackmer is a well-known resident of Bennington, is sixty years of age and married. He was a member of the First Vermont cavalry during the civil war, and was adjutant general of the Grand Army of the Republic of Vermont under Department Commander Puffer.

ROOSEVELT CROWD GIVES THE GLAD HAND TO BRYAN

Nebraskan Refuses To Stand in New Yorker's Shoes.

TWO CANDIDATES AT ONE POINT AT SAME TIME

Crowd Gathered To Greet the Republican Goes Wild When the Democratic Leader Comes Up and Insists on a Speech.

Alton, Ill., October 8.—St. Louis afforded a unique spectacle when the Bryan train arrived. There was no general information in that city concerning the time that Mr. Bryan was to reach there, but the announcement had been made that Colonel Roosevelt would speak there at 8 o'clock. When Mr. Bryan arrived at a quarter past 8 o'clock the governor had not reached the city, and as a consequence many who came to hear him remained to greet Mr. Bryan. The people rushed after the Bryan car as it was being switched about, yelling madly for him and demanding a speech. When the car came to a standstill there was a general rush for the platform where Mr. Bryan stood, with renewed demands for a speech. This demand Mr. Bryan declined to respond to beyond explaining why he could not speak. He said:

"The republican candidate for the vice presidency is announced to speak here tonight. It is his night, and I do not wish to interfere in any way with his meeting. No political party has any chance before the people unless its speakers can have an opportunity to present the issues from their party's standpoint. I have had my chance here, you have heard me. I want you now to listen to the other side, and when you have heard from that side, as you have from ours, I want you to decide between us as to what your duty is."

The crowd cheered the brief speech lustily and then demanded a handshake.

Mr. Bryan grasped as many outstretched hands as he could reach and then told the crowd to hold up their hands and he would shake them all at once. A thousand hands went up and Mr. Bryan waved his hand to them.

There was also a big crowd at Granite City, between East St. Louis and Alton, and Mr. Bryan talked for about five minutes.

At East St. Louis Mr. Bryan's daughter, Miss Ruth, who is in school near St. Louis, joined him and rode to Alton with him.

At Alton Mr. Bryan spoke to thousands of people. His audience was said to be the largest ever assembled in this city. The meeting was in the open air and Mr. Bryan spoke with his hat on. Some one yelled:

"Take off your hat like Teddy did."

Mr. Bryan did not, however, comply with this request. He had scarcely begun speaking when he found that the bunting and flags on the stand cut off his view of the audience. He promptly tore down the obstruction. This act was variously regarded. Some cried:

"Don't tear down the flags;" others, "tear it down; it is where it ought to be taken down."

Mr. Bryan made no reference to these remarks, and when he had concluded the dismantling process sufficiently to answer his purpose he went on with his speech.

Speaking of the republican contention of good times Mr. Bryan said:

"They tell us that we are loaning money in Europe. All of you that are loaning money in Europe hold up your hands."

Not a hand went up and he exclaimed: "Then it is they not we who are loaning money abroad."

Mr. Bryan spoke for about three-quarters of an hour and at the conclusion of the speech returned to St. Louis for the night.

GOV. ROOSEVELT IN ILLINOIS.

Large Delegations Greet the Candidate at Every Point.

Mt. Pulaski, Ill., October 30.—Governor Roosevelt's special arrived here at 3:30 o'clock, one hour late. Large country delegations were present. Governor Roosevelt and Governor Tanner, arm in arm, appeared upon the platform and were cheered. Both made brief speeches. A five-minute stop was made at Lincoln, where Governor Roosevelt spoke, in part as follows: "In 1896 Bryanism meant free silver openly, and what was still more sinister, meant free riot under disguise. Now they seek to slur over the principles of that platform and to substitute the dishonor of the flag. Let them remember that men can't incite riot, either on the stump or through the columns of the newspapers and hope to escape the responsibility for disorder. When the appeal is made to every foul and evil passion of mankind, when every expedient of mendacity and invective is resorted to by the chiefs of a great party, whether through their platform or on the stump, or by some newspaper which is itself a foul plague spot on the body politic, it is well to keep in mind that the responsibility for any disorder or mob violence which follows lies less with the people who make the disturbance and who may have to pay the penalty than with those who, sitting at ease in a place of safety, have done all they could to excite not only the vicious, but the well meaning ignorant to actions which discredit our civilization."

MOTT SHOOTS TWO WOMEN.

Virginian Slays Palmist and Wounds Boarding House Keeper.

Columbia, Pa., October 8.—William Mott, of Norfolk, Va., this evening shot and killed Mlle. Alberton, a palmist, with whom he was traveling about the country, and dangerously wounded Mrs. Elizabeth Steinbauer, with whom the couple boarded here. Mlle. Alberta, whose real name was Anna Furlong, was thirty-seven years old. Mott is twenty-nine. Her home is in Chicago. Mott says she has a husband, a hotel man, and son named Brennan, living at Bayonne, N. J. Mott met her a year ago at Dover, Del. They have been traveling from place to place, and for the past couple of months have had palmistry offices in Lancaster and Columbia.

Photograph by Eugene Tierman, in the Coal Fields.

Brigadier General J. P. S. Gobin springs from state to national prominence as commander in chief of the national guard forces now maintaining order in the coal fields of Pennsylvania. He is a cautious tactician, a firm commander and a past master in knowledge of human nature.

MacARTHUR SENDS A LIST OF THE AMERICAN DEAD

Washington, October 8.—The war department has received from General MacArthur the following casualty list:

"Manila, October 8.—Adjutant General, Washington.—Following deaths have occurred since last report: Dysentery—September 25th, company L, Thirty-eighth volunteer infantry, George W. Brewer; company C, Sixteenth infantry, Corporal James A. Bush; September 28th, company C, Twenty-second infantry, Walter C. Cunningham. September 12th, company K, Eighteenth infantry, W. J. Gardner. September 29th, company A, Nineteenth infantry, Charles Mayer. September 13th, company F, Twenty-ninth volunteer infantry, A. Rice. September 17th, company D, Nineteenth infantry, Julius Hietz. September 24th, company L, Sixth infantry, Eugene Shine. October 3d, company B, battalion of engineers, United States army, William H. Nobs. October 4th, company G, Seventeenth infantry, Sergeant Martin A. Mudden.

"Typhoid fever—September 29th, company A, Thirty-ninth infantry, Walter Morgan; Acting Hospital Steward John A. C. Huennekems. September 16th, company D, Twenty-ninth volunteer infantry, John McCarthy. September 25th, company G, Twenty-sixth volunteer infantry, Sergeant Clinton S. Baker.

"From all other causes—September 24th, company F, Thirty-fourth volunteer infantry, Beaure Reberger; troop A, Eleventh volunteer cavalry, Fred R. Lyons. September 15th, company I, Eighteenth infantry, Porter H. Voorheiss. September 12th, company K, Forty-third volunteer infantry, James E. Clark. September 23d, company L, Sixth infantry, Cook F. Gould. September 28th, company E, Forty-third volunteers, John Buchanan. September 22d, company C, Thirtieth infantry, James McLaughlin. October 1st, hospital corps, Nels Hansen. October 3d, company L, Thirtieth volunteer infantry, Courtland MacLean. October 5th, company B, Third infantry, William P. Schall. September 13th, company K, Thirty-second volunteer infantry, Arthur P. Haverman. October 1st, recruit, unassigned, Hugh Smith. MACARTHUR."

UPRISING IN CHINA HAS RUINED MISSION WORK

Chicago, October 8.—In a letter to Miss E. Ward, of the woman's Presbyterian board of missions, Mrs. L. B. Neal, a missionary, says that the boxer uprising in China has wrought irreparable injury to missionary work in China. She says:

"Can you imagine Pekin now? And Tung Chow and Pao Ting Fu? All those missions' promises are gone, utterly destroyed. The work of years wiped out, as it were, the Christians, terrified, scattered, robbed of their all, and many of them massacred, and all Manchuria, Chi Li and Shan Tung already swept clean of all missionaries, and the first two of all large mission stations, while the whole interior of China is being cleared of foreigners of every description. The sufferings of those traveling from the far inland stations have been simply terrible, the China inland mission being the worst sufferers. One party of nineteen from Shan Si, where Yu Hsien, under whom all this boxer uprising started in Shan Tung, is governor, had fifty days of horror, in getting from Ping Yang in Shin to Han Yo."

ROOSEVELT TALKS OF LINCOLN.

Republican Nominee Closes His Tour of Illinois.

East St. Louis, Ill., October 8.—Governor Roosevelt tonight concluded his campaign tour of Illinois, speaking in this city to the largest audience assembled here since the McKinley-Bryan campaign of four years ago. Various republican organizations of this city and St. Louis vied with each other in doing honor to the vice presidential candidate. Governor Roosevelt betrayed no signs of weariness, notwithstanding he had made a speech in many towns in the state en route, the most notable of which was at Springfield. There the governor refrained from discussing finance, trusts and such topics, devoting himself exclusively to the life achievements of Abraham Lincoln, of whom he said:

"He sacrificed himself in death that his people should know not only liberty, but the union that symbolized order as well. Fundamentally great questions that arise can be solved by following his advice. Lincoln came to prominence by his great debate with Douglas, when they were opposed to one another, but when the honor of the flag was at stake Douglas turned and upheld the hands of his great rival. So have we a right to appeal to the democrats today to put patriotism above partisanship."

Immediately south of this city the Roosevelt train was stopped for orders. An incident of interest transpired at this point. It was the arrival and stopping of William J. Bryan's special train, north-bound, immediately alongside the Roosevelt special. The Bryan train also had stopped for orders. The candidates did not see each other until their respective cars were passing slowly, but as they passed they recognized each other in the dim light from the car windows and each leaning forward waved his hand in salutation.

Stevenson Begins Campaign Today.

Cosherton, O., October 8.—Adlai E. Stevenson tonight said the report representing him as being ill is without foundation. He is in excellent health and spirits and will begin his campaign in West Virginia tomorrow.

ANDRE HEARD FROM AGAIN.

Newspaper Man Brings a Story from the Eskimos.

Minneapolis, Minn., October 8.—Harry S Knappen, a newspaper man, returned today from a perilous trip to the Hudson Bay country in which, with nine white men and eight Indians, he sailed 600 miles up the east shore of that great inland sea. Mr. Knappen was assured by Eskimos whom he met that a "sky boat" had come into the region on the extreme northeast shore of the bay two years before; that it came to the ground and that the savages who inhabit that country had killed the white men in it. This he believes was Andre's polar expedition.

COCKRAN CANCELS HIS DATES.

New York Orator's Throat Is in a Bad Condition.

Kansas City, Mo., October 8.—Bourke Cockran, of New York, is suffering from sub-acute laryngitis in this city. His physician has ordered him to cancel his speech-making engagements for Omaha tomorrow night, as well as other immediate dates. Mr. Cockran strained his throat at Chicago a week ago. He declares he will be able to resume his speech-making within a few days.

ON DEATH OF HON. C. A. COLLIER

Resolutions Passed by Executive Committee Business Men's League.

Chicago, October 8.—The executive committee of the National Business Men's League adopted resolutions on the death of Charles A. Collier, former mayor of Atlanta, who was accidentally shot and killed at his home on September 27th. Mr. Collier was a member of the advisory board of the league. The resolutions extend condolence to the members of the dead man's family, the city of Atlanta, and the state of Georgia.

YOUTSEY, CHARGED WITH GOEBEL'S DEATH, NOW ON TRIAL FOR HIS LIFE

Attorneys for Defendant Wanted Jury Dismissed.

JUDGE OVERRULES MOTION

Witnesses Are Introduced and the Investigation Begins.

TAYLOR'S SECRETARY TALKS

Witness Declares He Encountered the Prisoner in Powers's Office Near the Window and That He Had a Gun in His Hands.

Georgetown, Ky., October 8.—A jury was completed today to try Henry E. Youtsey on the charge of being a principal in the shooting of Governor Goebel. The talesmen were sworn and Commonwealth's Attorney Bradley proceeded with the opening statement. The defense moved to discharge the jury on the ground that the jurymen are all democrats. Judge Cantrill overruled the motion, declaring that the defendant is indicted for murder, and not for any political offense. Another motion was then made by the defense asking that the commonwealth elect whether it will try Youtsey for actually firing the shot or for aiding and abetting the man who did fire the shot. To this the attorneys for the state replied they simply wished to try Youtsey under the indictment and let the jury say whether he fired teh shot. A demurrer was then filed by the defense on the ground that the indictment named no one as firing the shot, and that it did not sufficiently describe the offense charged against Youtsey.

At the afternoon session Judge Cantrill overruled the demurrer. Taking of testimony was then begun. The most important evidence was given by McKenzie Todd, who was private secretary to W. S. Taylor in January.

Attorney James A. Scott, of Frankfort, was called as the first witness. Scott said Youtsey talked to him, in his (Scott's) house about his connection with the shooting, but said nothing about employing him as his attorney; that nine or ten days after Youtsey did come to his office and asked him to "stand by him;" that he (Scott) replied:

"I will stand by you if you are right."

The defense here objected to Scott testifying, because the relation of attorney and client prohibited it. The jury retired and a discussion followed as whether or not Scott must state what Youtsey said in the first conversation. Scott said he told Youtsey at the second conversation that he would not defend any man charged with Goebel's murder. Judge Cantrill called Scott upon the bench and after a long conversation with him decided that Scott could not testify.

Z. T. Thomason, a Frankfort politician, told of running to Goebel's body and helping to carry it to the Capital hotel. The first shot sounded as if fired by smokeless powder. He said he had hunted much, and was acquainted with difference in sound between smokeless powder and black powder. He told of finding the bullet in the mackberry tree ten days or more after the shooting.

Dr. T. R. Welsh, state senator from Jessamine, told of a post-mortem examination of the wound in Goebel's body made by him and Dr. Hume, of Elizabethtown. The bullet entered the side near the arm pit, went directly through and came out on the left side of the backbone, one and thirteen-sixteenths inches lower down than when it entered; that pieces of bone driven into the lung indicated unerringly that the bullet entered on the right side front. Dr. E. E. Hume, of Frankfort, corroborated Dr. Welsh.

McKenzie Todd was called, and said:

"On Saturday, January 27th, my attention was called to Youtsey by Treasurer Day in the reception room of the secretary of state. He was sitting by the middle window with a gun in his hand. I had just entered the room. I had seen some armed men in the hall, and they said there was trouble in the legislature. Later in the day I saw him in Caleb Powers's private office with a gun sitting by the window. The window was raised a little and the curtain pulled down. I asked him what he was doing with that gun. He said:

"'There is trouble up there,' pointing to the legislative building. 'I don't intend to start any trouble, but if it starts I will be prepared for it.'

"He pulled back a long board standing against the wall, disclosing some guns, and said to me:

"'They say Powers is a brave man, but when there are signs of trouble, he hides his guns.'

"Just after that, Powers himself came in, and Youtsey again said he would not start anything, but was prepared for trouble. I told him he ought not to think of shooting out that window, and Youtsey said:

"'That's right; it would never do.'

"I left Powers and Youtsey in there when I came out. I saw Youtsey on the Monday morning before Goebel was shot. He was in the main hall near the west door of the executive building. Caleb Powers was present, and Youtsey asked me if we had any chance to win the contest. When I told him the attorneys were hopeful, he seemed satisfied, and walked toward his office. I was in my office, next to the governor's office, when the shot was fired. Some one said a man was shot. I looked out my window and saw a man lying on the pavement, with Colonel Jack Chinn near him."

"When I went to Powers's private office the day Youtsey was in there, the door was locked and I knocked to get in. About ten minutes after the shooting I saw Youtsey in my office, which is the reception room to the governor's office. I heard him say nothing and saw him have no arms."

Todd was not cross-examined by the defense. Frank Purcell, of Cincinnati, an employee of the Adams Express Company, testified that he received and receipted for a package sent by the Powell

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WILL BRANCH TO HANG ON 29TH

Quick Work of the Court at Elberton, Ga.

JURY WAS OUT SIX MINUTES

Courtroom Was Crowded During the Trial—No Threats of Violence Made—Everything Was Orderly and Law Took Its Course.

Elberton, Ga., October 8.—(Special.)—Will Branch, who murdered George Bell on the 27th of September, was tried at a special term of Elbert superior court today. Court convened at 10 o'clock. The grand jury indicted him and a jury to try the case was secured by noon.

The afternoon was devoted to hearing evidence and argument, and the case went to the jury about sundown. After being out six minutes the jury returned a verdict of guilty.

Judge Reese sentenced the prisoner to hang on October 29th.

Will Branch was represented by Judge Proffitt and Solicitor Brewer, of Elberton city court. Judge Proffitt made a powerful plea for the negro, whom he was appointed to defend, and while the facts and the law and sentiment was against his contentions, he has been universally complimented. Ira Vanduzer, Joseph N. Worley, George C. Grogan and Sam L. Oliver assisted Solicitor Bob Lewis in the prosecution.

The largest crowd ever in a courthouse in Elberton was present today. Feeling ran high. When Sheriff McIntosh and the prisoner arrived from Atlanta at 11 o'clock, fully a thousand people met the train. Everybody was orderly and quiet, and the trial and conviction of Will Branch is considered a great victory for law and order, and the conservatism of the people is applauded by our citizenship.

WILL LEAKEN ACCEPT OR NOT?

That Nomination Offered by First District Republicans.

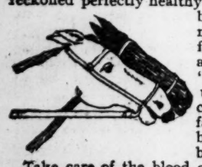
Savannah, Ga., October 8.—(Special.)—Considerable interest in being manifested by Savannah politicians, both republicans and democrats, as to what Mr. W. R. Leaken is going to do with reference to the nomination for congress tendered him some time ago by the republican faction of the first district, known as the Deveaux faction. Mr. Leaken has never yet signified his willingness to accept the nomination to run against Colonel Lester, nor has he declined. As a matter of fact the notification committee has not called on him, and it is presumed the committee has been waiting to hear from Mr. Leaken as to what time he would like to hear from them. There are all sorts of rumors about the matter, some being that Mr. Leaken will accept, while others indicate that he will quietly decline and that another candidate will be selected. Mr. Leaken is out of the city and is not expected back for several days. It is pretty well settled that the matter will have to be disposed of either one way or the other very shortly after Mr. Leaken's return.

STOLE HIS MOTHER'S MONEY.

Fifteen-Year-Old Boy Lives High at Port Tampa.

Jacksonville, Fla., October 8.—(Special.) A boy of fifteen, well dressed, registered at "The Inn," the finest hotel in Port Tampa, one week ago, as Fred Baur, of San Francisco. He spent money freely, engaging naptha launches and making frequent excursions on the bay. Saturday the boy's resources failed, and he became despondent. The hotel proprietor, realizing some mystery, pressed him for the story, which he finally told. He said his name was Adams, of Pittsburg, Pa., and that his family had once been wealthy, but now poor; that he had taken $140 belonging to his mother, her earnings, and it was this money he had been spending. His father, he said, was a compositor, but had lost his position by a strike. His mother was communicated with, but replied, it is alleged, that she did not care what became of the boy. The boy is now trying to ship on some vessel. He says dime novels influenced him to run away.

"Blood tells." But we rarely recognize the fact except in times of stress and strain. A horse which looks like a "scrub" may beat another horse which seems the ideal of a racer, just by that one quality of good blood. Similarly men, who seem in the pink of condition drop down under the racing strain of business. Why? Blood tells. Men reckoned perfectly healthy start out for business, they make a run for the train, and collapse. "Heart failure" they call it. Blood failure would be often the better name.



Take care of the blood and the body will take care of itself. It is the blood which builds the body. The blood indeed *is* the body. A sound body must be based on sound blood.

It is one of the peculiar properties of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery that it eliminates from the blood the effete and poisonous matter which is antagonistic to health. It also gives to the blood those elements which are necessary to its strength and vitality. Thus by the use of "Golden Medical Discovery" purity of blood and power of body have been attained by thousands of sickly and scrofulous men and women.

No other medicine purifies the blood and builds the body as does the "Discovery." Accept no substitute.

"It gives me much pleasure to testify to the merits of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery," writes Miss Annie Wells, of Fergusson's Wharf, Isle of Wight Co., Va. "I can say honestly and candidly that it is the grandest medicine ever compounded for purifying the blood. I suffered terribly with rheumatism, and pimples on the skin and swelling in my knees and feet so that I could not walk. I spent about twenty dollars paying doctors' bills but received no benefit. A year or two ago I was reading one of your Memorandum Books and I decided to try Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and 'Favorite Prescription,' and am entirely cured."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are graduated to the requirements of woman's delicate system. They regulate the stomach, liver and bowels.

Photograph by Schloss, N. Y. Photograph by Sarony, N. Y. Photograph by Natzen, Omaha.

MISS BLANCHE WALSH IN "MARCELLA." MISS GRACE GEORGE IN "HER MAJESTY." MISS JANE KENNARK IN "ARIZONA."

These are three of the most magnificent women on the American stage—and three of the brainiest. Miss Walsh has arrived long since, and Miss George has made her strong talent patent to all, while Miss Kennark is a conspicuous metropolitan success.

COULD NOT GET ON THE NEGRO'S TRAIL

Parties Hunting Lattimore's Murderer Return Home.

DOGS COULD NOT BE HAD

Those Belonging to County Were Many Miles Away.

THE MURDERER'S PAL IS IN JAIL

He Says the Man Who Shot Conductor Is Named Pry—Lattimore's Funeral Occurs Today.

Brunswick, Ga., October 8.—(Special.)—Up to a late hour no definite news of a capture of Conductor's Lattimore's murderer had been received, although arrests have been made of suspected parties. Much disappointment has been expressed here today over the failure of the county officers to place bloodhounds on the trail last nigh', and it is conceded that had this been done, and a persistent search made, the murderer would, in all probability, have been captured. Agent Rooney, who came down to the six-mile crossing from Everett last night with a posse, describes the murderer as follows: Short, heavy-set, very dark; small mustache. The man was dressed in blue jumpers.

The negro boarded the train at Everett. The posse at Everett have the murderer's pal in custody. He says Lattimore's slayer is named Pry; that he bought a pistol at Everett Saturday, and stated that he was going to steal a ride to Brunswick Sunday night, to get two bundles of clothes, and that he would kill the man that tried to put him off the train. He carried out his murderous plans to the letter, as subsequent events prove, from the six-mile crossing. At the four-mile crossing last night there was a large posse of citizens, anxious to go on the trail, but they had no dogs. The trail was fresh and plainly visible in the daylight brightness of a full moon, but the absence of any official to lead the party with dogs prevented their going.

In explaining why no effort was made to follow the trail from where the negro jumped from the train the officers state that the county's dogs were twenty-two miles away, and could not be secured in time. The posse, however, returned home about daylight, thoroughly disappointed in its failure to follow an almost certain trail to the murderer. Today Sheriff Lyons and Deputy Sheriff Price, of Wayne, came down with bloodhounds, but the trail was too cold, and they could do nothing. Trainmaster Keith, of the Southern, also arrived, and is doing all he can for the family of Conductor Lattimore. Tonight Delegates A. N. Kendrick and W. W. Ellis, of the Order of Railway Conductors, arrived to attend the funeral tomorrow. Mrs. Lattimore, mother of Marion, will arrive tomorrow morning from Washington.

THEY DRANK POISONED MILK.

Members of an Americus Family Made Deathly Sick.

Americus, Ga., October 8.—(Special.)—Several members of the family of A. C. Cheek were made deathly sick by drinking buttermilk and their escape and that of a neighbor from a horrible death was miraculous. The milk had remained in tin pans several hours and probably absorbed poison therefrom. All the effected will recover.

MORE OF THE SIMPSON ROW.

Phenix City School Board Tender Resignations.

Columbus, Ga., October 8.—(Special.)—At a meeting of the Phenix City council tonight resignations were received from Messrs. Hancock, Claridy and Williams, members of the school board. The gentlemen are the leaders of the pro-Simpson faction add were defeated badly in a referendum vote last Friday. Council would not accept the resignations, as it was the sense of the body that the board should settle the Simpson matter. A mass meeting has been called for Thursday in Phenix City, at which the council, candidates for city offices and the citizens at large will consider the feasibility of holding a white primary.

FLAGLER IS NOW A FLORIDIAN.

Millionaire Registers as a Voter at Palm Beach.

Jacksonville, Fla., October 8.—(Special.) Henry M. Flagler, the New York millionaire who has opened up the east coast of Florida by dotting the coast with hotels and by building a railroad system, connecting all of the principal towns and orange shipping points, has announced his citizenship in Florida and today registered in the West Palm Beach precinct of Dade county. He arrived from the east yesterday and will in the future spend the greater part of his time in the state. He is now building a million dollar hotel at Pablo Beach, near Jacksonville, and other vast industrial improvements are being made under his financial guidance. Mr. Flagler is building a cottage at Palm Beach. He will tomorrow make a tour of inspection over his railroad system.

POST MORTEM SHOWS THAT CORONER MADE MISTAKE

Elberton, Ga., October 8.—(Special.)—Dr. A. S. Hawes has just returned from Bordeaux, S. C., where he went to assist in holding a post mortem examination of the body of George N. McKinney, who was killed last Friday by Singleton McIntosh. Both McKinney and McIntosh belong to good families, and the unfortunate tragedy is creating considerable comment in the neighborhood across the Savannah and in Elbert county, where McIntosh was born and raised.

The first reports of the affair were both meager and misleading, and McIntosh's friends, since learning the truth of the matter, are aggrieved at false reports which appear to have been systematically sent out to the leading newspapers of Georgia and Carolina.

For instance, it was stated and published that the wound which caused McKinney's death was from a 38-calibre Smith & Wesson pistol in the hands of McIntosh; that the bullet entered the mouth, lodged in the base of the brain and produced instant death. The coroner's jury, in its first verdict, found the wounds to be of this nature.

Imagine their surprise when, a few side below the fifth rib, ranged upward, tion developed the fact that the deceased had not been shot in the mouth at all, but that the ball had entered the left side belo wthe fifth rib, ranged upward, passing through the first and second lobes of the left lung, and lodged in the right armpit.

Contrary to reports, the evidence at the inquest also showed that McKinney was on top of McIntosh, beating him when he fired the fatal shot. The witnesses to this fact are Rufus McKinney, a son of the deceased, and a negro who was present. The negro testified positively to this fact, while the son is uncertain whether McIntosh fired before or after being knocked down. The course of the bullet tends to corroborate the negro's version.

Singleton McIntosh is still at large, though it is said at the time for trial he will be in court. He is a brother of Sheriff Jim McIntosh, of Elbert, a brother in law of P. M. Hawes, member-elect of the legislature, and ex-Mayor John C. Brown. He is also connected with many other of Elbert's most influential families, all of whom are glad to learn that the first reports of the unfortunate tragedy were at variance with the facts.

BOY KILLS HIS FATHER TO SAVE LIFE OF MOTHER

Augusta, Ga., October 8.—(Special.—News has just been received in this city of the killing of S. Richardson, a white man, living at the Ridge, in Richmond county, by his son, David. It seems that Richardson had been drinking to some extent, and this morning sharpened his knife with the declaration that he was going to kill his entire family. He was quieted and the matter forgotten by his family. Late this afternoon he entered his home with knife in hand. His kife was the first person he encountered and he started for her with the knife. About this time the son, David, came in and ordered the father to stop. Richardson then turned on his son and endeavored to cut him with the knife. Young Richardson drew a revolver and shot his father in the breast. Death ensued immediately. It is said that on a former occasion Richardson threatened to kill his family.

HAMILTON DECLINES THE NOMINATION TENDERED

Rome, Ga., October 8.—(Special.)—Postmaster Joseph J. Hamilton has declined the republican nomination for congress for the seventh district. His letter is as follows:

"Rome, Ga., October 6, 1900.—Mr. Walker Akerman, Chairman of the Republican Executive Committee of the Seventh Congressional District of Georgia, Cartersville, Ga. Sir: I am in receipt of your letter of September 24th, notifying me of my nomination for congress by the republican executive committee of the seventh congressional district of Georgia.

"I desire to thank you, and my friends of the committee, for this honor.

"I regret that circumstances, over which I have no control, tre such that I am compelled to decline this nomination.

"Every loyal republican, every patriotic citizen, every thoughtful business man, and every employed laborer, should cast his vote in November for McKinley and Roosevelt, as the representatives of sound money, protection, honor to the flag and extended commerce. I have the honor to be, yours very truly,

"JOSEPH J. HAMILTON."

FATHER SCHLENKE PRIEST FOR TWENTY-FIVE YEARS

Columbus, Ga., October 8.—(Special.)—Rev. Henry Schlenke, pastor of the Catholic church of the Holy Family, celebrates the twenty-fifth anniversary of his elevation to the priesthood tomorrow. Father Schlenke obtained his education in Germany, but came to this country on account of laws enacted by Bismarck hostile to the Roman Catholic church in Germany. Coming to this country, he took orders in Georgia. He was consecrated in the Church of the Immaculate Conception in Atlanta, by Archbishop Groves, October 4, 1875. His work has been entirely in this state, and he has been in charge of the Columbus congregation for thirteen years, not, however, continuously. Among the visiting clergy will be Right Rev. B. Keiley, bishop of the see, and Fathers Bazin, the vicar general; Colbert, Shadewell and Reis, of Atlanta, together with a number of clergy from other points in Georgia and Alabama. Solemn high mass will be celebrated in the church tomorrow, after which an informal reception will be held.

DEAD BODY FOUND ON TRACK.

Negro Had Been Murdered by Being Shot in Back of Head.

Opelika, Ala., October 8.—(Special.)—Last night the engineer of a freight train on the Central of Georgia railway discovered a body on the track near the passenger depot in this city. It proved to be Morris Hill, a negro, who had been murdered by being shot in the back of the head, the bullet coming out of his forehead. A coroner's jury was empaneled and has been in session all day. Willis Nelms, a negro, has been jailed, all indications pointing to him as the murderer. Jealousy seems to be the cause.

Ship Building in Carolina.

Columbia, S. C., October 8.—(Special.)—Vessels to sail the seas and steamers to ply the rivers are built at two places in South Carolina—near Conway, on the Waccamaw, and at Mouck's corner, on Cooper river. A sizable steamer has just been launched at Mouck's corner to ply between Charleston and all points on the river.

ECZEMA; NO CURE, NO PAY.

Your druggist will refund your money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure Ringworm, Tetter, Old Ulcers and Sores, Pimples and Blackheads on the face, and all skin diseases. 50c.

BARNES LOSES ONE OF HIS ARMS

Showed Remarkable Nerve After Being Injured.

Opelika, Ala., October 8.—(Special.)—Charley Barnes, a young white man of this place, was assaulted and knocked on the head by negroes, near the fertilizer factory last night and his body placed on the track of the Western railroad. A passing freight train ran over him and ground one of his arms off at the shoulder. The pain revived him and he walked to Opelika, one mile distant, hunted up a doctor and, climbing upon the table, was operated on. He will recover. His record for endurance is almost unparalleled.

IS NINETY-ONE YEARS OF AGE.

Mrs. Louisa Gaillard, of Winnsboro, S. C., Celebrates Anniversary.

Columbia, S. C., October 8.—(Special.)—Mrs. Louisa Gaillard, of Winnsboro, has just celebrated her ninety-first birthday, there being a large reunion of relatives. Mrs. Gaillard is a member of one of the old families of the up country and is one of the few remaining real "daughters" of the revolution. She has received from the society the gold spoon given by that organization to those who can prove their fathers were actually soldiers in the war for independence.

GEORGIA GRAND LODGE OF MASONS

It Meets in Annual Session in Macon on the 29th.

SPECIAL RATES ON ROADS

Secretary Wolihim Sends Out Circular to Brethren.

NEW BRIDGE OVER THE OCMULGEE

Mayor and Aldermen of Macon Will Inspect It Today—General News of Macon.

Macon, Ga., October 8.—(Special.)—The grand lodge of Free and Accepted Masons of Georgia will hold its one hundred and fourteenth annual convention in Macon on October 29th and Secretary W. A. Wolihin is sending out the following circular letter to the subordinate lodges notifying them of this fact:

"Through the courtesy of the Southeastern Passenger Association a rate of one first-class fare for the round trip to Macon and return from all parts of the state has been granted delegates and their families attending this communication.

Delegates in purchasing their tickets will call for the standard form 'C,' limited to continuous passage in each direction, with selling date, October 29th, with final limit, November 2d, inclusive. You will note only one selling date is given—29th—and no rebate will be granted on other tickets; so be sure to get form 'C' on the 29th, as you save return fare by doing so.

"Hotel Lanier, $2, $2.50, $3, $3.50.
"Brown house, $2, $2.50, $3.
"Park hotel, $1.50, $2.
"Olympia, $1, $2.

"Delegates will notify the hotels when registering that they are attending the grand lodge, get their rates and thus avoid confusion in the settlement of their bills."

To Inspect Bridge.

Tomorrow morning at 8 o'clock the mayor and aldermen will assemble at the new bridge over the Ocmulgee river at the foot of Fifth street for the purpose of inspecting the structure to see if they will accept the same. The city gave the Brackett Bridge Company, of Cincinnati, the contract to build the bridge at $37,000, and the contractors have finished the same and now desire to deliver it to the mayor and council. The bridge is a fine steel structure.

Y. M. C. A. Committee.

There was an interesting meeting yesterday afternoon of the state committee of the Young Men's Christian Association. Ex-Governor W. J. Northen, chairman, presided. The treasurer and secretary read highly favorable reports and the general condition of the association was shown to be flourishing. A new secretary has been called for Milledgeville.

The Georgia and Alabama railroad has requested that a railroad branch be established at Americus.

There were a number of inquiries for new associations and the chairman was authorized to nominate a committee to arrange for a state convention to be held next spring.

Good Word for Hood.

On account of the attack of Mr. J. D. Hood, gatekeeper of the Central railroad at the union depot, on Mr. W. A. Moore, Moore has brought suit against the Central railroad for $5,000 damages, as already explained in The Constitution. Mrs. Hood, the mother of Gatekeeper Hood, made the following statement today in defense of her son:

She said he is a model young man and neither drinks, smokes nor chews, and is not guilty, as alleged in the petition of Moore's attorneys. On the day in question he was keeping one of the gates at the union depot and had strict orders from Mr. Brunner, the trainmaster, to let no one pass. She says young Moore came up to the gate in an intoxicated condition and was in the way. Her son told him to get out of the way and he refused and mumbled something to her son, who pushed him down. Then Moore, according to Mrs. Hood, got up and went back to the gate. Her son pushed him down and when Moore got up the second time he struck her son with an umbrella. Her son then struck him with his stick.

Newsy Notes.

It is said that the tabernacle fair of the Georgia Industrial home, under the management of Rev. Mr. Mumford, netted the home about $100.

Mr. C. A. Weddington, recently elected captain of the Dublin Guards, was in Macon today to stand an examination before the military board.

In the recorder's court today Henry Gilbert, colored, was committed to the city court on five separate counts of larceny from the house. He robbed several cottages on the campus at Mercer university of furniture, etc.

Mr. Benjamin S. Smith, of Macon, and Miss Catherine Clarke, of Monticello, Fla., will be married on Wednesday at Monticello.

Della Bird was committed by the recorder to the city court today on the charge of stabbing Henry Curry.

GUARDS WANT A HEAVY BATTERY

Savannah Soldiers Meet and Pass Resolutions.

THEY ASK FOR ARTILLERY

During War a Battery Was at Savannah To Aid in Defense of Harbor—Mormons Call on the Mayor and Show License To Preach.

Savannah, Ga., October 8.—(Special.)—The Savannah Volunteer Guards' battalion, now a part of the First Georgia, at a meeting tonight, passed resolutions urging the passage of a law providing for a heavy battery of artillery to be located in this city. During the war the Guards had such a battery and it rendered valuable service in aiding in the defense of the harbor and coast. The representatives and senators from this section are urged to take the matter up and advocate the passage of a law at the coming session of the general assembly providing for the creation and equipment of a heavy battery. A splendid battery could be raised here.

Meeting of Central Stockholders.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Central of Georgia Railway Company will be held at the offices in this city tomorrow. The directors were to have met today, but there was not a quorum and the meeting was postponed until tomorrow. The annual reports will be submitted and the same board of directors elected, with the exception that there will be one new director chosen to fill the vacancy created by the death of the president. Major J. F. Hanson, of Macon, was today elected a member of the New England and Savannah Steamship Company. Either President Egan or Major Hanson will vote the big block of Central stock at tomorrow's meeting.

Mormons Show Licenses.

The question as to whether the Mormons shall be allowed to preach on the streets has not been finally settled as yet. Mayor Myers declined to permit the Mormon elders to either preach or sell their books on the streets. They came back today to see the mayor, bringing with them a permit to preach on the streets, signed by Acting Mayor Tiedeman during the mayor's absence from the city. This permit was good until revoked. The mayor was not aware before that the elders had a permit to preach at all. He took up the one presented and asked the elders to call and see him again tomorrow. The Mormons, it would appear, have decided not to sit down quietly and be refused permission to be heard from the street corners in behalf of the teachings of Brigham Young. They had quite a lengthy conference with the mayor this morning, in which they spoke of their constitutional rights to speak from the street corners, and held out the opinion that their action of the mayor in denying their request to preach was abridging their individual rights. The Mormons say they intend to push their case.

Charged with Assaulting Girl.

Benjamin L. Jones, a white man, was put in jail today on a charge of criminal assault upon the person of Eveline Powell, aged twelve years. Jones has been for the past few days in charge of the Jasper Springs clubhouse and slept there, having his meals sent from the home of Mrs. Powell, who lives about half a mile away. Yesterday a little girl went out to West Savannah and asked the little Powell girl to go with her to visit Jasper Springs. Eveline's mother persuaded her to accompany the Savannah girl, but told her not to remain long. Upon her return she told the story upon which Jones was arrested.

STRUGGLED WITH A MA D DOG.

Experience of a Summerville Man While in the Woods.

Augusta, Ga., October 8.—(Special.)—Mr. S. E. Marston, of Summerville, had a thrilling experience Sunday afternoon while strolling through the woods, accompanied by a setter dog. The dog suddenly went mad and fell in a fit at his master's feet. Marston seized the dog's collar and held him, but the dog grew more violent every moment, and it became a desperate struggle to keep from being bitten by the frenzied animal, which was foaming at the mouth. Finally Marston succeeded in cutting the dog's throat with his pocket knife and held him until he was dead.

FIGHT IN A NEGRO CHURCH.

Pistols, Clubs and Fists Used—Several Men Wounded.

Columbia, S. C., October 8.—(Special.)—News comes from Cowpens, Spartanburg county, that last night negroes holding a meeting in their church there started a row. Wild disorder soon reigned. Policeman James Williams went to the church to restore peace. His presence did not have the desired effect. Up to that time clubs and fists had been used, but when a policeman arrived, pistols were drawn. The policeman seems to have done more than his share of the shooting. He was shot in the head and Lum and Ben Macbron, negroes, were shot and wounded by him; none dangerously.

Salt Rheum

You may call it eczema, tetter or milk crust.

But no matter what you call it, this skin disease which comes in patches that burn, itch, discharge a watery matter, dry and scale, owes its existence to the presence of humors in the system.

It will continue to exist, annoy, and perhaps agonize, as long as these humors remain.

It is always radically and permanently cured by

Hood's Sarsaparilla

which dispels all humors, and is positively unequalled for all cutaneous eruptions.

DON'T FAIL

To investigate my system of treating chronic diseases before placing your case elsewhere. It will pay you to do this if suffering from any form of Pelvic Nerve Vital Diseases and diseases of Women and children, and especially in such diseases as

BLOOD POISON,
VARICOCELE,
STRICTURE,
HYDROCELE,
PILES,
RUPTURE,
NERVOUS DEBILITY,
IMPOTENCY,

Cures perfected within from five to ten days and complete results guaranteed. My plan of treatment is also the most valuable in the treatment of all Stomach, Kidney, Bladder or Liver Diseases, also Malformations, Blemishes and Improper Development.

If you live out of the city come to the fair and enjoy yourself and be cured at the same time. I would like to have an opportunity to demonstrate to every sufferer the superiority of my system of treatment, and therefore, consultation and advice will be free to all who may call or write to me during the next sixty days.

J. R. LEATHERMAN, M. D.,

Sixth floor Austell bldg., Atlanta, Ga. Hours, 9 a. m. to 7 p. m. Sunday, 10 to 1.

TRIAL OF SIX REGISTRARS.

Charged with Refusing To Register a Number of Negroes.

Raleigh, N. C., October 8.—(Special.)—The event of the week in political circles is the trial of six democratic registrars of election at Greensboro. They are from Morganton, Winston and Troy, and the charge is that they refused to register a number of negroes. The trial is political in character. The mainspring in it is United States District Attorney A. E. Holton, who has been going to various points to get evidence of negroes. Holton is hated by the democrats. He lives in Winston, and it is very plainly said that if the Winston registrars are convicted, the democrats will make things exceedingly unpleasant for Holton, who is one of the bitterest republicans in the state, and who was, until quite recently, the republican state chairman. For the defense of registrars, there is a brilliant array of counsel. State Chairman Simmons has general charge of the defense, aided by ex-Chief Jestice Sheppard, Cyrus B. Watson, John W. Hinsdale, T. M. Argo, J. C. Buxton, Robert E. Glenn, Clement Manley and E. D. Jones. Judge James E. Boyd, the new judge, is trying the case.

COTTON ARRIVING BY BOATS.

Columbus Had Large Receipts by Water Yesterday.

Columbus, Ga., October 8.—(Special.)—The steamer W. J. Hires arrived in this city yesterday morning with 504 bales of cotton, the largest load brought up this season. She had also a large miscellaneous freight. Following the Hires by a few hours was the W. C. Bradley with 108 bales of cotton. This is the largest receipt of cotton for one day by boat that the city has had for the present season.

The Chattahoochee at this point took a sudden rise last night. At 6 o'clock last night the river was a few feet above the ordinary level, owing to the rains of the day before. At that time it began to rise swiftly and by 9 o'clock had risen fifteen feet. The water came out on the wharf and began floating off the cotton that had been landed by boat. The cotton was secured, however, before it floated off. At 9 o'clock the river began falling and fell about six or seven feet. It is now stationary, with a good boating stage.

Sues for His Money.

Savannah, Ga., October 8.—(Special.)—Thomas F. Healey, of this city, has filed a suit in attachment against the Isaac Joseph Iron Company, of Cincinnati, O., claiming the sum of $599.97 for scrap iron sold the company, and in his declaration he makes some pretty salty allegations. He alleges that the iron after being weighed was mixed with other iron by the representatives of the company so that he could not now identify it, and after doing this, he states, the company refuses to pay him the amount due. The company is stid to be a wealthy concern of Cincinnati.

SHIELDS'S CAPTURE CONFIRMED

Relief Column Penetrates Country Without Learning Anything.

Manila, October 5, via Hong Kong.—The report of the capture of about sixty men of the Twenty-ninth United States infantry on Marinduque island is confirmed through communications from MacArthur and Kempff from Marinduque island, but details are lacking. The Yorktown's relief column landed at Torrijos, on the Marinduque coast, and marched to Santa Cruz, which was the proposed route of the captured party, without encountering the enemy or learning anything definite regarding the captives except that they had entirely disappeared. Marinduque is a small island within forty miles of Luzon. It is possible that the rebels have conveyed the captives to Luzon.

Maryland Club

Pure Rye Whiskey

It tastes *old* because it *is* old

CAHN, BELT & CO., Baltimore, Md.

lt Rheum

y call it eczema, tetter or milk

matter what you call it, this skin hich comes in patches that burn, harge a watery matter, dry and its existence to the presence of the system.
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ON'T FAIL

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BLOOD POISON,
VARICOCELE,
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NERVOUS DEBILITY,
IMPOTENCY,

ted within from five to ten mplete results guaranteed. treatment is also the most he treatment of all Stomach, dder or Liver Diseases, also ns, Blemishes and improper

ut of the city come to the y yourself and be cured at me. I would like to have an to demonstrate to every suf- nferiority of my system of and therefore, consultation will be free to all who may e to me during the next

ATHERMAN, M. D.,

Austell bldg., Atlanta, Ga. n to 2 p. m. Sunday, 10 to 1.

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APTURE CONFIRMED

n Penetrates Country Learning Anything.

ber 5, via Hong Kong.— the capture of about sixty wenty-ninth United States rinduque island is confirm- mmunications from Mac- empff from Marinduque tails are lacking. The ief column landed at Tor- Marinduque coast; and nta Cruz, which was the of the captured party, tering the enemy or learn- definite regarding the cap- hat they had entirely dis- rinduque is a small island ilies of Luzon. It is possi- ebels have conveyed the zon.

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Baltimore, Md.

THE QUEEN OF TUSCALOOSA STREET FAIR AND HER MAIDS OF HONOR.

MISS ANNA BANKS. MISS GUSSIE CLARKSON. MISS ELLA SEARCY, Queen. MISS ABBIE G. SEARCY.

BRYAN CANVASSES THE SUCKER STATE

Democratic Nominee Speaks in Eleven Counties.

CROSSES ROOSEVELT'S PATH

Great Crowds Turn Out at Every Stop in Illinois To Hear the Leader of Democracy—His Work Thorough and Complete.

St. Louis, October 8.—That particular portion of Illinois known as "Egypt" was pretty thoroughly canvassed by William J. Bryan today. The principal cities of eleven of the southern counties of the state and three of the congressional districts were visited and large audiences addressed at the various stopping places. Fourteen addresses were made from 7 o'clock in the morning, when the first speech at Salem was delivered, until the train bearing the nominee and his party pulled out of Alton at nearly midnight. At every meeting the candidate was greeted with hearty demonstrations and his remarks were applauded everywhere.

At East St. Louis Mr. Bryan and Governor Roosevelt crossed each other's paths. As Governor Roosevelt had a meeting there Mr. Bryan passed through and went on to Alton.

Jonesboro, Ill., was the first station at which Colonel Bryan's train stopped after leaving Cairo. The democratic candidate spoke at that place for fifteen minutes. He said that the definition of the republican party is that it is an association of athletes trained to turn somersaults in unison whenever the leaders say "flop."

"The republicans used to be for bimetallism," he said, "no wthey are for the gold standard; republicans used to believe in the greenbacks; now they have to turn over and say that they believe that bank notes are better. They used to believe in the income tax; now they are against the income tax. They used to oppose the trusts; now they defend the trusts. They used to be against a large standing army; now they are for a large standing army. They used to be opposed to a large national debt; now they stand for a currency system that can only be permanent when based on a perpetual debt."

In regard to the Philippine question he said that if we govern people without their consent and tax them without representation, we will have to apologize first to England, because we put her to a great amount of trouble for doing the same thing.

Murphysboro was reached at 3:15 o'clock and a half hour stop was made. Mr. Bryan was taken to the courthouse yard where there were gathered a large and enthusiastic crowd of miners, railroad men and farmers. His remarks were directed more to the laboring men than his other speeches of the day. Speaking of the Philippine question he said in part:

"I want to ask you who in the past have been defenders of the declaration of independence? How can you defend the republican platform for dealing with the Filipinos the way it does and defend what your forefathers did a century and a quarter ago? Do you say, my friends, that it is our duty to go over there and take care of them because they are an inferior people? I want to warn you against establishing the Hamiltonian doctrine that there are two kinds of people, the well born, who should rule, and those not so well born, who are to be ruled. The moment you assert that doctrine, you will find that you will be compelled to carry your pedigree with you to prove that you belong to the well born class."

FROM THE FOUR QUARTERS OF THE EARTH

Berlin, October 8.—The authorities at Hamburg arrested a Bohemian named Carl Melkar as he was about sailing for New York with three attractive Bohemian girls on the Hamburg-American steamer Patricia. Melkar, it appears, had promised to find situations for his companions in the United States, but he was unable to explain his intentions and methods to the satisfaction of the police.

Havana, October 8.—Martin C. Fosnes, acting director general of posts, was removed today to Los Animas hospital suffering, it is believed, with yellow fever.

Berlin, October 8.—Herr Maximillian Harden, editor and publisher of The Zukunft, has been sentenced to six months' imprisonment in a fortress for Lese Majeste, his specific offense being an article in The Zukunft entitled "The Battle with the Dragons." In November, 1898, Herr Harden, who is a well known socialist writer, was sentenced to six months' imprisonment—a term which he began to serve in May of last year—for a series of articles in his paper, in one of which, "Pudel Majestat," he compared Emperor William to a poodle prince.

Washington, October 8.—The quartermaster general has been informed that the Slocum arrived at San Francisco Saturday night, having made the trip from New York by way of the Straits of Magellan in eighty-six days. The Slocum is one of the largest and most powerful tugs in the service of the quartermaster's department. The government was unable to buy a vessel of that character on the Pacific, and as a chartered tug would be very much circumscribed in its operations by the rules of the port against carrying passengers, etc., it was found necessary to send a vessel from New York.

St. Louis, October 8.—The grand division of the Order of Railroad Telegraphers met in a special session at Odd Fellows' building today. Because of differences between W. V. Powell, president of the order, and H. B. Perham, the secretary-treasurer, which involve charges of misuse of funds of the order, the meeting, which is expected to continue a week or ten days, may develop a sensation.

New York, October 8.—The North German Lloyd steamship Main is to be rebuilt by the Newport News Shipbuilding Company, and will be towed to that place from the Erie basin tomorrow. The rebuilding will cost over $600,000. Two of the superstructure decks have been removed and the vessel floats very high in the water. She will carry with her the shells of thirty or forty metallic life boats that were destroyed in the fire. These will be dumped overboard as soon as she gets outside. All the anchors, ventilators, pulleys and other material of value have been taken from the burned ship and sent to Germany on the Bremen.

Philadelphia, October 8.—Former General Superintendent I. A. Swiegard, of the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Company, was today arraigned before Commissioner Bell on complaint of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, charged with violating the federal law prohibiting the discharge of employees of a railroad because of their membership in a labor union. Mr. Sweigard waived a hearing and entered bail for his appearance in court.

Berlin, October 8.—The American Pine Products Company has just been organized at Hamburg to absorb two firms that have been importing from Savannah. The concern is a joint stock company, with a capital of 1,000,000 marks.

Berlin, October 8.—This evening The Vossische Zeitung publishes a letter from Brisbane asserting that the meat inspection law, especially the prohibition as to canned meats, has already proved a heavy blow to the Australian packing industry, in which Germans are heavily interested financially.

Poplar Bluff, Mo., October 8.—William Goodwin, postmaster at Attle, Oregon county, was arrested today charged with rifling registered letters. His alleged pilferings will amount to over $1,000. He was held to await trial in the federal court at St. Louis by the United States commissioner here.

Pittsburg, October 8.—The case of the Pennsylvania members of the Junior Order of American Mechanics, who opposed a special assessment and other changes inaugurated by the national council, was decided adversely today by the supreme court of Pennsylvania.

MINE WORKERS TO MEET FRIDAY NEXT

President Mitchell Has Issued Call for the Gathering.

DELEGATES TO BE SELECTED

Address to the Coal Diggers Signed by All the Officials.

SCRANTON THE CONVENTION POINT

Each One Hundred Persons on Strike Will Be Entitled to One Vote in the Convention.

Shenandoah, Pa., October 8.—President Mitchell today issued a call for a convention of mine workers of the three districts comprising the anthracite fields to meet in Scranton, Pa., on Friday next. The text of the convention call is as follows:

"Temporary Headquarters United Mine Workers, Hazleton, Pa., October 8.—To all miners and mine employees of the anthracite region—Brothers: In view of the fact that the mine operators have posted notices offering an advance in wages formerly paid and believing it to be our plain duty to consult your wishes as to our future action, we deem it advisable to ask you to select delegates to represent you in convention.

"You are, therefore, notified that a convention will be held at Scranton, Pa., beginning Friday, October 12th a. m.

"The basis of representation will be one vote for each 100 persons on strike or if desired, one delegate may represent as many as 500 mine workers; but no delegate will be allowed to cast more than five votes.

"Each delegate should have credentials signed by the chairman and secretary of the meeting at which he is elected; and whenever possible, credentials should bear the seal of the local union.

"John Mitchell, president United Mine Workers of America.

"T. D. Nicholls, president district No. 1.

"Thomas Duffy, president district No. 7.

"John Fahy, president No. 9.

"N. B.—Delegates will be notified of the hall in which the convention will be held upon their arrival in Scranton."

After the call had been issued it was learned that the convention will be held in Music hall.

Another Victory for America.

New York, October 8.—A cablegram from Paris was received today at the offices of the American Book Company in this city stating that it had carried off the highest honors ever bestowed upon any educational publishing house in the world. The international jury of the Paris exposition awarded it the following prizes for superior text books. In elementary education, a grand prize; in secondary education, a grand prize; in industrial and commercial education, gold medal, and in other departments two silver medals.

DECIDED AGAINST SOUSA.

Widow of Former Partner of Composer Wins Law Suit.

Philadelphia, October 8.—The supreme court of Pennsylvania affirmed the decision of the common pleas of Philadelphia county in the case of Mrs. Ada P. Blakely against John Philip Sousa. Blakely, prior to November, 1896, when he died, owned and managed Sousa's band. At his death Sousa continued the concerts under his personal management and claimed the library, good will of the band and royalties from copyrights as his exclusive property.

As to the effect of the decision, Mrs. Blakely's counsel, James M. Beck, said: "The chief contest was over the royalties, which are very valuable. These at the present time aggregate $100,000, and Mrs. Blakely's claim to one-half of these and to a similar share of all future royalties has finally been terminated in her favor."

EGGS WITH LETTERS ON THEM.

Discovery of a Traveler in South Carolina Mountains.

Columbia, S. C., October 8.—(Special.)—A traveler in the mountains of north Greenville has discovered eggs laid by one hen that bear letterings or marks that can pass for such, and they have attracted much interest. On four eggs are the well defined characters O, B, S, A. There is an inclination to treat the hen as a political prophetess and various interpretations to the letters have been given, the chief being: "O, Bryan's Star Ascends," and "O! Bryan Assures Safety."

TROUBLE IS FEARED TODAY.

Two Thousand Miners Paraded at Williamstown Last Night.

Harrisburg, Pa., October 8.—Two thousand miners participated in a parade at Williamstown tonight. About half this number came from Lykens, where the collieries are idle. About 300 men at Williamstown went on a strike today, and more are expected to remain out tomorrow. The mine officials, however, assert that tonight's demonstration will have little effect, and that they will be able to keep their collieries in operation. Trouble is feared tomorrow, as the strikers seem determined to accomplish the closing of the Williamstown mines. Sheriff Reiff has a large number of deputies on the ground to prevent a collision between the strikers and non-union men.

WARRANTS CHARGE PLOT TO SWINDLE

Girl Carrying $12,000 of Life Insurance Dies.

THREE MEN ARE ARRESTED

Detectives Assert That the Parties Are Guilty.

POLICIES WERE INTENDED TO SWINDLE

Believed That the Girl Was To Feign Death, but She Died While Carrying Out Her Part of Swindle.

Chicago, October 8.—With insurance on her life amounting to $12,000, Mary Defenbach, aged twenty-three, died August 25th in a boarding house on LaSalle avenue under conditions which the police believe indicate a plot to swindle an insurance company and two insurance societies, if they do not point to murder. Upon bench warrants issued by Judge Gibbons, three persons said to be implicated in the case—Dr. August M. Unger, Frank H. Smiley and F. Wayland Brown—have been arrested. The latter is assistant manager of a detective agency. He was arrested today on his return from Virginia. The three men under arrest were arraigned before Judge Gibbons, and in default of $15,000 bail each were committed to jail.

When Miss Defenbach died there were three policies on her life, aggregating $12,000, all of recent date, as follows:

New York Life Insurance Company, $5,000.

Canadian Order of Foresters, $5,000.

Knights and Ladies of Honor, $2,000.

The alleged conspiracy has been investigate with searching care by a private detective agency, by the attorneys and detectives of the insurance companies, and latterly by the state's attorney himself.

Sunday, at a meeting between State's Attorney Deenan and Assistant Attorney William McEwen, on one side, and the attorneys representing the insurance companies and detective agency, the case discussed, and it was decided to cause the immediate arrest of the suspects. The detectives believe that a conspiracy was concocted and that Miss Defenbach was originally one of the quartette of alleged conspirators. She had expected that her death was to be feigned and that another body was to play the passive role of her corpse; instead of that real death came to her.

Last April Miss Defenbach applied to the New York Life Insurance Company for a $10,000 policy. This was refused by the company, as was also an application for an $8,000 policy on the ground that she was not possessed of sufficient property interests to warrant so large a risk, although she was examined and declared to be in perfect health. In July Miss Defenbach succeeded in obtaining from the New York company a policy for $5,000, and this formed part of the estate she left.

About the middle of August Miss Defenbach also secured insurance in the Canadian Order of Foresters to the amount of $5,000. About the same time she took out a policy in the Knights and Ladies of Honor for $2,000. Two weeks later she was dead, leaving a will which directed that a part of the policies should be paid to Frank H. Smiley, her "affianced husband," and that her body be cremated. Her death, at a boarding house on LaSalle avenue, was attended by the most horrible agony. Drs. Leonard and Schroeder, the latter representing the Knights and Ladies of Honor, were called. They refused to issue a certificate of death, but the coroner's jury later, and after the body had been embalmed, found a verdict of death from dysentery. The next day the body was cremated and the ashes were scattered to the winds.

Without much delay proceedings were begun to recover the value of the insurance policies Miss Defenbach had left. Owing to the unusual circumstances surrounding her demise, the hurried embalming of the body followed the next day by cremation, payments of the policies were refused and immediate steps were taken to trace the woman's career during the last few months of her life.

An unusual incident was connected with the making of Miss Defenbach's will. On August 21st Miss Defenbach called at the office of a lawyer, in the Unity building, named Johnson, and told him she wanted to make her will. Some days earlier Dr. Unger had, it is stated, told this lawyer a woman would call on him for this purpose, and she announced she had come in accordance with the appointment. She told Mr. Johnson she wanted to leave her property to Frank H. Smiley, her affianced husband, and then she went away. Two days afterwards she returned and Mr. Johnson had the will ready. It provided, as she instructed, that after her debts were paid, her property was to go to Smiley; but she then wanted another provision inserted. It was that, after her death, her body be cremated.

This somewhat surprised Mr. Johnson, as he could not understand how a young and handsome woman would wish her body burned after death; but he complied with the request. He was so struck with the circumstance, however, as the cremation clause had not been in the original instructions, that he called in witnesses from adjoining offices as a matter of protection. Miss Defenbach then signed and executed the document. Two days later she was dead.

It was learned today that besides the policies taken out on Miss Defenbach's life, several others had been applied for. In each case $10,000 was sought.

CHINESE COURT ABANDONS PEKIN

Persistent Efforts of the Powers Prove Futile.

INFORMATION IS RELIABLE

The Emperor and Dowager Empress of China Seek Shensi, Where They Will Make Their Home for the Future.

Washington, October 8.—The effort to induce the Chinese imperial court to return to Pekin has failed, after a week's persistent effort on the part of the powers. News to that effect was brought to the state department today by the Chinese ministers, who received it via St. Petersburg from Vicerçys Liu Kun Yih and Chang Chih Tung, under date of October 4th. Minister Wu received the message last night. It was as follows:

"The departure of their imperial majesties for Shensi (province) was due to distressing conditions at Tai Yuen Fu. There is a scarcity of food supplies in the province of Shansi on account of long-continued drought; and the provincial capital (Tai Yuen) is almost deserted, the trades people having left on account of the disturbances caused and continued for months by the boxer rebels, who had invaded that province with the encouragement of Governor Yu. Their majesties, therefore, were obliged to proceed to Shensi, where telegraphic communication from Shanghai and other parts of the empire is opened, and rapid communication with their majesties may, therefore, be carried on; thus court and official business may be transacted more expeditiously by their presence in Shensi rather than in Shansi. The reasons for the temporary postponement of their majesties' return to Pekin are the presence of the allied forces there, on account of which solicitous fear is doubtless entertained, besides a dread of the outbreak of epidemic diseases, which usually follow after great disturbances, destruction of property and military operations. It is hoped the powers will be considerate in their judgment in this matter."

"Selbategev Dennac"— mean naught to you 'till you take a turn about and order from

FARLINGER'S

"Canned Vegetable" Department.

Mountain Rose Peeled Pie Plant, gallon	35c	Curtice's Stewed Tomatoes	15c-20c
Monarch Extra White Asparagus	45c	Curtice Blue Label Succotash	15c
Monarch Asparagus Tips Cut	25c	Curtice Sweet Wrinkled Peas	20c
Gold Medal Asparagus Tips	25c	Monarch Succotash	15c
Robin Hood Okra and Tomatoes	12½c	Golden Harvest Lima Beans	20c
Golden Harvest Corn	15c	Pontiac Stringless Beans	20c
Challenge Sugar Corn	10c	Monarch Red Kidney Beans	10c
Ne Plus Ultra Corn	10c	Monarch Strawberry Beets	20c
Barataria Okra	15c	French Peas and Mushrooms	20 to 35c
Blue Grass Pumpkin	20c	Baked Beans, Tomato Sauce	10 to 20c
Campbell's Condensed Tomatoes	10c		

PHONES PEACHTREE 622 323

SMILEY MAKES CONFESSION.

Prisoner Tells of Attempt To Defraud Insurance Companies.

Chicago, October 8.—Frank N. Smiley, the detective of the Mooney and Boland agency, who was one of the men arrested today in connection with the insurance frauds which ended with the death of Marie Defenbach August 25th, has made a full written confession of his part in the crime. The confession, if true, implicates with him Dr. A. M. Unger and Frank Wayland Brown, assistant manager of the Mooney and Boland agency, the other two men under arrest.

When the case goes on trial Smiley, it is announced, will turn state's evidence. States Attorney Dineen expects that all three men will be convicted of conspiracy to defraud the New York Life Insurance Company, Canadian Order of Foresters and the Knights and Ladies of Honor, but it is very doubtful whether any charge of murder can even be formally made on the evidence available.

At least one other man connected with the Mooney and Boland agency is now under surveillance for suspicious actions at the time of Miss Defenbach's death, and it is not improbable that several other conspirators can yet be connected with the crime.

WALDERSEE IN IMPERIAL HOME

Allies Are Preparing Quarters for the Winter.

Pekin, October 3.—General Yamaguchi will retain 10,000 Japanese troops, 2,000 of them at Pekin and the others at Taku and along the line of communications. Eight thousand Germans will pass the winter in Pekin and 1,500 Russians. The number of British troops who will be retained has not yet been decided. Sir Alfred Gaselee will probably keep a brigade. The allies are storing supplies for six months. Count von Waldersee's headquarters will be the building in the imperial pleasure grounds outside the purple city.

SUES FOR $20,000 DAMAGES.

Case of Robert Couch Against Southern Express Company.

Birmingham, Ala., October 8.—(Special.) In the circuit court the case of Robert E. Couch against the Southern Express Company and the Alabama Great Southern Railroad Company is on trial. Couch sues for $20,000 damages for alleged false arrest. The case arose out of the robbery of a train on the above named railroad at Cuba, Ala., August 16, 1898. Couch was arrested on the charge of being implicated in the robbery and was in jail for some time. The case was finally dismissed upon motion of Wade Mothershed, who made the arrest. Couch was formerly from Atlanta, where he is well known. He was employed on a railroad as brakeman when arrested and he denied positively that he was in any manner concerned with the robbery. He was carried to the county in which the robbery was committed and held there some little time. Wade Mothershed was at that time in the service of the government and it is denied that the express company or the railroad company had anything whatever to do with the arrest.

Will Get Increase in Wages.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., October 8.—The grievance committee representing the engineers and firemen on the Wyoming division of the Lehigh Valley railroad have returned from New York, where they conferred with the officials of the road regarding certain grievances which the men have complained of for some time past. It is understood that the engineers and firemen of the big mogul engines will be granted an increase of wages. Conductors on coal and freight trains will also be given an increase of pay.

For Morning or Semi-Dress Wear,

The Three-Button Cutaway Coat and Vest of Black Diagonal Undressed Worsted or Black or Oxford Gray Vicuna-Thibet with check or stripe trousers, is correct. $11.00 to $20.00.

For Afternoon Functions or General "Day Dress" Wear,

The Prince Albert Frock Coat is absolutely necessary. They are made from Black Clay Diagonals, Black Thibets and Black Oxford Gray rough faced Vicunsa; beautifully tailored and well trimmed. For the Coat and Vest, $15.00 to $25.00.

TROUSERS

to wear with Cutaways or Prince Alberts, Worsteds or Cassimeres, in hair-lines, stripes and checks, from $10.00 down.

Full Evening Dress Suits and Tuxedos embodying all of this season's little kinds of fashion.

GEO. MUSE CLOTHING CO

38 WHITEHALL ST.

YOUTSEY NOW ON TRIAL FOR LIFE

Continued from First Page.

and Clemens company to Henry Youtsey on January 23d and started the package on its way to Youtsey at Frankfort, Ky.

Frank H. Johnson, who was deputy state auditor in January, said he had a conversation with Youtsey prior to January 30th, and while he recalled the talk rather indistinctly, he remembered that Youtsey said something about feeling aggrieved at Senator Goebel over some matter about which he said Goebel had mistreated him. He did not remember what it was that Youtsey thought he had been mistreated about. Witness saw Youtsey run into the auditor's office about noon on January 27th with a gun in his hand and said:

"You boys had better get your guns, as there is a row and all of us will be killed."

Witness said he told Youtsey to put his gun up, as he might hurt somebody, and that some of the clerks in the office took the gun away from Youtsey. The defense declined to cross-examine Johnson, who was afterwards recalled by the prosecution and said that after the shooting he called up all the clerks in the auditor's office and asked them their exact whereabouts at the time of the shooting; that when he asked Youtsey where he was, Youtsey said:

"I was in a safe place."

Witness said a week or ten days later he asked Youtsey again where he was when the shot was fired and he told him that he was in the basement of the executive building; that he was troubled with hemorrhoids and had to remain in the toilet room every day for considerable time.

R. H. Berryman and John Meloan, who were at the statehouse gate when the shots were fired, both said it sounded as if the shots came from Powers's office. Ed Steffle, the telegraph messenger, said he saw a gun barrel sticking out of Powers's office window a second or two after the shot was fired; the gun was withdrawn a second later and he saw no smoke.

Ed P. Thompson, Jr., who was opposite the east entrance to the executive building when the shots were fired, said a minute after the shooting he saw Youtsey run around the executive building from the basement entrance and up the steps and go in the east entrance.

J. B. Matthews, assistant secretary of state under Powers, said Youtsey came into his office about a minute after the shooting with a pistol in his hand. Some ten minutes after the shooting Matthews broke open the transom and climbed into Powers's office, saw a rifle lying on the floor near the west front window, another leaning against the wall and a carbine in the southwest corner next to the bookcase. He said after Youtsey was arrested he told him that he knew the front window in Powers's office was not raised, but bolted down on January 30th. Wade Watts and Louis Smith, keepers of the toilet room in the basement, told of seeing Youtsey run through the room a few seconds after the shooting.

Court adjourned until tomorrow.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY

Genuine CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS Must Bear Signature of *Brent Good*

SEE GENUINE WRAPPER.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE.

Price 25 Cents | Purely Vegetable. *Brent Good*

SEE GENUINE WRAPPER.

PRINTED ON RED PAPER.

Chronic Diseases

of diseases that sufferers experiment, and not only the sufferers themselves but doctors as well. All sorts of drugs and patent medicines and "family remedies" are tried; medical "Institutes" and "Companies" are resorted to but the condition becomes worse rather than better.

J. NEWTON HATHAWAY, M.D.

It is the nature of the disease itself, together with all its complications, which must be studied before any system of treatment can be prescribed. It is an individual personal treatment which is needed in every chronic case, whether it be Loss of Manly Vigor, Varicocele, Stricture, Blood Poisoning, or any form of Genital or Urinary Complaint. It is such treatment that Dr. Hathaway gives his patients, and such treatment only.

That his method is right has been proved by the uniformity and invariability of his cures for the past 21 years, a record which has placed him far in advance of all other specialists in the treatment of Chronic Diseases.

Call at his office or write him for free consultation and advice, for a copy of his new 64-page book, "Manliness, Vigor, Health," and self-examination symptom blank.

J. NEWTON HATHAWAY, M. D.
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Office hours, 8:30 a. m. to 8 p. m.; Sunday, 10 a. m. to 1 p. m. 22½ "A" South Broad street, Atlanta, Ga.

MANY REJOICE AT ELECTION OF MIMS

Has Received Many Congratulatory Messages.

THE MAJOR IS APPRECIATIVE

Sends a Communication Returning Thanks to His Friends.

SAYS CREDIT IS DUE HIS COMMITTEE

Announces That Without Its Splendid Work He Could Not Have Succeeded in His Desires.

Congratulatory telegrams and letters still continue to reach the office of Major Livingston Mims, because of his recent nomination for the mayoralty of Atlanta. His mail has been trebled, but the major religiously reads all the messages, which are certainly as many as any successful candidate for office has ever received.

They attest the popularity of Major Mims not only in Atlanta, but all over the country. Citizens of other communities and other states are rejoicing over the nomination of Major Mims. The messages have been so numerous that it has been impossible for Major Mims to reply personally to them.

Yesterday afternoon he sent the following communication to The Constitution office:

"In the midst of the hundreds of congratulatory letters and telegrams received by me from all quarters as well as from my friends in the city, I wish to express my debt of gratitude, especially to my committee, of which Mr. Thomas Egleston was chairman, and to which is due all credit for the conduct of my campaign. But for their splendid work I could not have succeeded.

"LIVINGSTON MIMS."

Congratulatory messages were received yesterday by Major Mims from the following:

Harry Stillwell Edwards, of Macon; Edmund D. Randolph, of New York; Hon. James R. Randall, of Augusta; Colonel James A. Hoyt, of Greenville, S. C.; John C. Printup, of Rome; Pat Calhoun, of New York; Hon. Simon Wolf, of Washington, D. C.; Rev. Dr. W. W. Landrum, of Atlanta; Mayor Bridges Smith, of Macon; Joseph Dinkelspiel, of New Orleans; Henry A. Inman, of New York; Mrs. Emma George Hemingway, of Greenville, S. C.; United States Senator A. O. Bacon; William S. Bassinger, of Athens, Ga.; Henry Solomon, of Savannah; Philip M. Russell, of Savannah; A. White, of Sumter, S. C.; S. H. Hardeman, of Washington, Ga.; W. A. Huff, of Macon; Robert B. Withers, of Reidsville, N. C.; R. H. Drake, of Griffin, Ga.; C. B. Mussell, of Eastman, Ga.; Professor W. M. Slaton, of Atlanta; C. D. Barton, of New York; E. P. McKissick, of Asheville, N. C.; Henry M. North, of Atlanta; Henry E. Rees, of Hartford, Conn.; Sayre & Walker, of Columbus, Miss.; Miss Eva Van Spalding, of New York; Mr. and Mrs. D. A. Blodgett, of Grand Rapids, Mich., and M. L. Moses, of St. Louis, Mo.

SAID HE WAS MISTREATED

J. G. Bostwick Made Charges Against Four Detectives.

CHARGES WERE DISMISSED

Interesting Matters Came Up During the Meeting of Police Commissioners Last Night.

The police board held a very interesting session last night.

The first matter of importance to come up was the arraignment of Sergeant Bedford and Detectives Wootten, Ozburn and Kilpatrick on charges preferred by J. G. Bostwick, who works with the Atlanta Wooden Ware Company. Bostwick charged that he was arrested without justification on election day last week, and was humiliated by being taken to the police barracks and searched.

He stated, and his statement was corroborated by witnesses, that while he was in the store of Leake & Ewing, 159 Decatur street, on the 5th day of October, the officers entered the place and put him under arrest.

The officers stated that they were informed whisky was ebnig drunk in the store, and men were seen drunk in the wagon yard in the rear.

In executive session the board decided that the officers had only done their duty, and that there was no case against them. The charges were dismissed.

A Maniac Injured Him.

Turnkey Steve Terry, who was injured in a fight with a maniac in the city prison, was allowed full time for the twenty-four days he was off duty.

By the report of the chief of police for the month of September it was shown that the number of arrests in the city was 1,426, of which 149 were state cases. The police court fines amounted to $5,198, of which $112.80 was paid in cash.

The report of the sergeant of detectives, Harvey Bedford, showed that sixty-two men had been arrested and prosecuted for gambling during the month of September.

Commissioner Fox introduced a resolution calling upon the chief of police to hereafter place at the foot of the supernumerary list all officers who do not report regularly for duty. The resolution was adopted. This was done because men selected as supernumeraries are in the habit of doing other work until placed on the regular force.

Policemen for Fair Grounds.

Chief Manly reported that he had placed twenty men on the fair grounds. On motion of Commissioner English the number was reduced to sixteen, to be increased if necessary.

The resignation of Officer O. H. P. Glover was accepted. Officer Thrasher was dropped from the roll as he did not report for duty.

Before the board adjourned it had a great mule question to settle. Several weeks ago a policeman found a stray mule on the street and hired a negro boy to drive the animal to the city pound. The mule was too sick to go far, and had to be driven into a stable. Another officer told a horse doctor to look after the mule, as the city might be held responsible for it. The mule remained in the stable and died. Now the doctor wants $10 for fees, and the stableman wants $20 for board bill.

The police board kicked and paid neither. The mule question may yet find its way into the courts.

R. S. SPEARS, WHO WAS A DEfendant in divorce proceedings brought by his wife in 1896, has filed a petition to the superior court asking that his disabilities be removed. A hearing will be had before Judge J. H. Lumpkin in regard to the matter in a short while. Spears says his wife alleged cruel treatment as grounds for a total separation. She was given a verdict and he was to pay her $150 in full of alimony and attorney's fees. She was also given the custody of her only child. By the last verdict, which was rendered in 1899, he was not allowed to remarry and he is now seeking to have this matter arranged to his greater satisfaction.

GORDON NOEL HURTEL WRITES OF THE DOINGS OF "JEDGE BRILES'S" MATINEE

A Darktown Dilemma.

"We caught Jim Owens hung out on a fence," stated an officer when one of the leaders of Darktown's "sosherbul set" made his appearance at yesterday's police matinee. "We were told that he had been using his wife as a mopping brush, and when we went to get him he flew."

"And lit on the fence?" asked the recorder.

"He both lit out and then lit on," replied the officer, "and when he lit on the fence we nabbed him."

"Mos' enny pusson gwine ter git nabbed," muttered Jim, "when de perlices am on one side ob him an' er bulldog on de udder."

"What do you say in the way of defense, Jim?" the recorder asked the prisoner.

"De fence?" replied the leader of Darktown 'sosherbulness.' "What is I got ter say erbout de fence? Nuttin, ceptin' dat I war sho dar when de perlice cotched me. Yer see, when I tuk holf ob Ophelia's sore hand—Ophelia am my wife—and she yelled out same ez ef er toof war bein' drewed, I sez ter merse'f dat hit war erbout time ter be gittin' skeerce. I war er makin' hit all rite ernuff tell I went ter jump dat fence an' seed a big bulldog er waitin' fer me on de udder side. Den when I went ter got back dar wus de perlice er waitin' fer me. Jedge, I sho war betwixt de debbil an' de deep blue sea."

"It might be of interest to know which was the deep blue sea," remarked Recorder Broyles. "And you took the police?"

"Betterin er bulldog, Jedge Briles," was the reply.

"Jim, you were sure in a bad fix with a bulldog on one side and an Atlanta policeman on the other," continued the recorder. "What you wanted just then were a pair of wings."

"Dat's de Gawd's truf, Jedge Briles," exclaimed the prisoner.

"Lighting on the fence will cost you $5.75," said the recorder, "and if I were you I would try to make the owner of that dog pay half of it."

"De hull ob it, Jedge Briles," the prisoner exclaimed. "De gude Gawd in heben knows dat ole dawg oughter pay de hull ob hit."

The Soap Swiper.

"This is Jim Scott, the soap swiper," said the recorder when a negro bootblack came to the front with a shining countenance.

"Jim swiped a cake of soap," stated the arresting officer, "through a window and he did not know that a white man was looking right at him from an upstairs window across the way."

"Look here," exclaimed the recorder, as if a startling thought had suddenly struck him, "there is something about this case which makes a strong appeal to my clemency. The idea of punishing Jim Scott for stealing soap looks like placing a damper upon a purifying ambition. Jim, what made you swipe the soap?"

"Hain't nebber swipe nuttin'," was the reply. "De gemmen mouter seed me er playin' wid some'n er nudder in dat winder, but he hain't nebber seed Jim Scott tell yit swipe no soap."

"Soft soaping the court again, Jim," remarked the recorder. "I am forced to find you guilty of the larceny of the lye as well as the lie of the larceny. Fifteen dollars and costs, Jim, and unless you can show enough proceeds from prior swipes to make up the amount, the steal of a bar of soap will result in your staying behind the bars of steel for thirty days."

The Hold-Up in Devil's Dip.

"Oh, yes, I understand the situation now," remarked Recorder Broyles when a number of witnesses had been trying to elucidate about a negro and a shotgun. "Henry Brown, the prisoner, was arrested on the charge of having routed a lot of citizens of Devil's Dip, and now he endeavors to show that he only went to the rescue of Arthur Payden, who had been held up by Devil Dip bandits."

"Yers rite, Jedge Briles," exclaimed Arthur Payden, the hero of the Devil Dip hold up. "I wus hilt up by er band ob robbers and while I wus er yellin' fer murder an' de perlice, Brudder Henry Brown cummed outer his house wid his gun an' den de robbers flewed. De perlice dey natterly had de ijer dat Brudder Henry Brown wus de robber wid de gun."

"Brudder Payden am tellin' hit prezactly kerrect," stated the prisoner. "I heerd him yellin' fer pertecshun an' I tuk dat ole rerlibul gun ob mine an' made dem banderits git up and git."

"These Devil Dip hold-ups look suspicious," remarked the recorder. "That there should be any sort of a hold-up on anything is surprising, and I am further of the opinion that about the only thing held up in that locality are beer buckets. I am glad that 'Brudder Brown' was playing the rescuer instead of the footpad and—"

"Lemme say, Jedge Briles" began the prisoner, "dat I is—"

"Hold up," exclaimed the recorder.

"Dat's hit, jedge," said Henry Brown, "hit war hold up and—"

"If you don't hold up,' stated the recorder, "I will hold up your cash collateral downstairs. I will let you go, but don't think so much of that old gun of yours. It might go off some time and hurt somebody. It's laudable to rescue a brother from bandits, but don't be so enthusiastic with an old shotgun. Go home and muzzle it."

GORDON N. HURTEL."

THE THEATERS

Tonight the Wilbur-Kirwin opera company will inaugurate a two weeks' engagement at the Columbia. The opera for tonight will be "The Queen's Lace Handkerchief."

For years local theatergoers have come to look on the annual engagement of the Wilbur-Kirwin as something not to be overlooked, and judging by the many queries received by the manager as to the repertoire and sale of seats, this season will be no exception. The company is very little changed from last year, but every other department of the big production have been supplied with new costumes, which, under the glire of the myriad electric lights, form a picture that is most radiant and dazzling. Miss Kirwin has this season revived some of the lyric gems of long ago, which never grow old, and whose beautiful melodies are even more welcome today than when they were first new.

It is promised there will be no mistake about the merriment in "Mistakes Will Happen," which comes to the Grand tonight and Wednesday matinee and night. It runs through the play like a glittering thread, linking situation to situation, complication to complication, until the audience go home at the close of the last act with their laughing muscles tired out from overwork. There is a real new flavor to the fun. The story tells of the troubles in which a stage pair (forced to keep their marriage a secret because their manager objects to employing married people) get themselves. The actor-husband has written a play; the actress-wife is looking for an "angel" to produce it, and the "angel" comes upon the scene in the person of a nice hypocritical old gentleman, whose wife is stage struck and desirous of acting in the play herself. The result is to be imagined. The "angel" makes love to the actress-wife, and the actor-husband, in the process of instructing the "angel" wife in the art of playacting, does some little flirting himself. The role of the acton gives Charles Dickson scope for some excellent work and he has created a careful, faithful picture of the man of the world. His acting is quiet, whimsical and perfect in the attention paid to all the smaller details.

The scene in the loft when Alma Whitsell (Mrs. Hunter-Chase) is being instructed in the proper method of making a stage entrance, is simply bewitching. Nell McEwen as the actress, Dorithy Mayland, is said to be winsome and graceful.

Three Pretty Members of the Kirwin Opera Company, Which Opens at the Columbia Tonight.

the productions are in every way bigger and more complete. Miss Kirwin has brightened up and added to the already enormous assortment of costumes, until now the unparalleled number of 170 trunks are used to convey the monster wardrobe from town to town. Each opera has its own separate costume and no dress is worn in two different productions. Miss Kirwin has reproduced this season the famous marches which were formerly associated with the Wilbur-Kirwin name and which have been pronounced by celebrated United States tacticians as the best ever put on the stage, the girls going through evolutions seemingly impossible to remember without a word of command being used through the entire drill. The marches, as well as

Patrónize American goods, especially when you know they are the best, like Cook's Imperial Extra Dry Champagne.

GARDNER DISCUSSES RICE WILL CASE

District Attorney Tells of the Investigations Made.

SUSPICION AT THE BANK

Attorney Patrick Presented a Check After Its Maker Was Dead.

REFUSED TO EXPLAIN SATISFACTORILY

Effort Made To Have the Body Quickly Embalmed and Cremated by the Prisoners.

New York, October 8.—District Attorney Gardner made a statement today concerning the work done by his office to solve the mystery surrounding the death of William R. Rice, and the checks signed with his name.

"This matter," said the district attorney, "was first brought to my attention by the banking house of Swenson & Sons, through their counsel, Mr. Gerard, who considered the conduct of Patrick and Jones so very suspicious as to make it desirable that information in their possession would be communicated to the authorities.

"From the information received from Mr. Gerard it appeared that Patrick had presented a check for $25,000, knowing Mr. Rice to be dead, and concealed the fact from the banking house, and when they tried to communicate with Mr. Rice, owing to the suspicions aroused by the check itself, they were met by evasive answers over the telephone by the valet, who at first concealed the fact of the decease of Mr. Rice. Then they made further inquiries and ascertained that the body had been promptly embalmed with arsenic fluid, although Mr. Rice had in his lifetime said he was opposed to anything of that sort, and the funeral was being hastened with intent to cremate the body. The situation seemed to be one which required prompt action and the detective force was immediately communicated with by telephone, and Mr. Gerard was sent for to give all necessary information. Coroner Hart was called into the case and requested to prevent the funeral. Meanwhile the brother of the deceased was hastening from Texas.

"Last week Patrick called upon me with his private counsel. Assistant District Attorney Unger was also present and the conference lasted nearly an hour. At that time Patrick's attention was called to a number of very suspicious circumstances, particularly as to the embalming of the body with arsenous fluid when it was about to be cremated. He gave no explanation of this, but added that all or nearly all of Mr. Rice's property has been assigned to him. The object of such assignment he did not disclose.

"The questions asked seemed to cause him some agitation, as his hands shook perceptibly, which was noticed both by Mr. Unger and myself.

"I have seen a number of the checks of Mr. Rice drawn to the order of Patrick, the defendant, and two of them appear to me to be clumsy forgeries.

"The whole subject will be thoroughly investigated, not only as to the cause of the death of Mr. Rice, but also as to this remarkable series of proceedings.

"To me it seems that there has been a conspiracy to obtain possession of the bulk of Mr. Rice's property."

The hearing in the charges of forgery against Patrick and Jones, which was to have been held this afternoon, was adjourned until Monday on the request of F. B. House, counsel for the prisoners. The original bail of $10,000 was continued. Mr. House said he might offer bail tomorrow.

Late this afternoon formal complaint against Patrick and Jones was made by Albert Carey, a detective, who accused the defendants of having forged the signature of William Rice to a check for $25,000 on Swenson & Sons.

A NEW THROUGH CAR LINE.

Sleepers Now Run Direct from Chicago to Hot Springs.

Hot Springs, Ark., October 8.—The new through car line between Chicago and Hot Springs was inaugurated here today by the arrival of the first sleeper with through passengers from Chicago and the north and eastern points as well as a party of railroad officials headed by A. H. Hanson, general passenger agent of the Illinois Central. The party was met here by leading citizens, who escorted them to the hotel and showed them various points of interest in the vicinity. The first through sleeper for Chicago will leave Hot Springs tomorrow and the line will continue as a permanent daily line. Among the visitors are H. N. Mudge, advertising manager, Chicago; W. A. Kelloud, assistant general passenger agent, Louisville, and John A. Scott, division passenger agent, Memphis.

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Co.

Hosiery.

In our Hosiery we are adding new things every day. Stockings of the dependable Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose-Co. quality. We have taken care not only of the Ladies' wants, but have given special attention to the children's as well.

Ladies' black cotton Stockings with high spliced heel and toe, in medium, light and heavy weight; also in split sole and all white feet, at..... .25

Hermsdorf dye, fast black, with high spliced heel and toe, real Maco in three weights, and same in split sole, on all white feet, 35c or..... 3 for 1.00

Hermsdorf fast-black hose with high spliced heel and sole, 4-thread, real Maco, in light, medium and heavy, at... .50

For those who prefer, light goods, Hermsdorf's lace all-over, a superior quality we are offering at the price..... .50

High spliced heel and double sole in fast-black, at 10

Fine combed Egyptian, extra double soul, high spliced heel and toe, fast-black and seamless at 15c, or..... 2 for .25

Ladies' silk plate hose, in red, hello, navy and black, with fancy stitched ankles, vertical silk stripes, or plaid in leading shades, at..... 1.50

A complete stock and large variety of fancies in polka-dots, stripes and fancy patterns, navy cadet, brown, hello and white at .. .. .50

In fancies, the last arrival is a combination of small polka-dot and stripe, a new novelty, at..... .50

Stockings For School Boys.

Substantial, well made, strongly knit Stockings for Boys—Stockings planned to stand all the tree climbing a boy can give them.

With double heel, toe and knee, one and one ribbbed real "Maco" at 15c. or..... 2 for .25

Also in an extra heavy one and one ribbed, doubled at heel, toe and knee..... .25

Derby ribbed for larger boys—with double heel, toe and knee, fast black, at ..... .25

For children, Stockings in all sizes, one and one-ribbed, split sole and all white foot, real "Maco" with double heel and toe, 25c, and 35c, or..... 3 for 1.00

Underwear.

Ladies' Union Suits.

The "Oneita," a suit covering the body like an additional skin, fitting like a glove, but softly and without pressure. Most convenient to put on, enter at the top.

Oneita style fleece lined cotton, in gray or white, at .50

Oneita pure Egyptian fleece lined cotton crochet trimmed, in ecru or white, at..... 1.00

Oneita wool mixtures, Oneita style in natural or all white 1.25

Oneita wool mixtures, silver, gray and white, at..... 1.50

Oneita all wool, in gray, white or black, at..... 2.50

In high neck and long sleeved Jersey Union Suits, at 75c, $1.00 and 1.75

Ladies' Vests.

Ladies' light weight vests for this season's wear, high neck, long sleeves, neatly finished at $1.00, 50c and 25.

Fleece lined cotton vests and pants in white or gray, in two qualities and two prices —per garment, 50c and .25

Wool mixtures, white or gray, vests and pants to match, per garment, 50, 75, 85, 1.00, 1.25 and..... 1.50

Silk and Wool vests and drawers per garment at 1.75, 2.25 and..... 2.50

Knit Shirts.

For ladies, a fresh new stock that has just arrived, they are in all colors, light blue, pink, red, etc., with fancy or plain borders. They range from $2.00 down as low as 75

Equestrian Pants.

Ladies' sizes in two grades, at 1.75 and... 2.50

Children's Underwear.

Shirts and Drawers

Fleece lined Shirts and Drawers in white, at 25c per garment. Children's wool mixture shirts and drawers, per garment at 50c, 65c, and..... .75

Ruben Vests.

Even the babies are taken care of in underwear, the celebrated Ruben Vest in silk and wool or all silk, from 1st size up. All wool in gray or white in all sizes, at..... 1.75

Union Suits for Children.

Union Suits for children, natural color, fleece lined, at..... .50

Knit skirts in all sizes for children.

Equestrian Pants.

Wool mixtures in natural gray or white, at... 1.00

For children in black, children's sizes..... 1.00

Dr. Jaeger's.

A new clean fresh stock of Dr. Jaeger's celebrated sanitary woolen underwear has just lately been received—these not only in sizes and styles for women and children, but for men as well.

No superior goods were ever offered in underwear than Dr. Jaeger's. The peculiar mode of weaving imparts an elasticity, with life and freshness not to be found in any other make.

"La Vida" Straight Fronts.

The straight front—the only corset over which the new suits in straight front effect perfectly and at the same time a health corset. "La Vida" fitted to your figure will be as comfortable the first days as any other corset after weeks of wearing. That's only one of the many points. Miss L. B. Johns, who is here representing the manufacturer this week, can show you about "La Vida." This new straight front is the special delight of large people. Miss Johns is especially delighted to prove the merits of "La Vida" to large people.

Bose Co.

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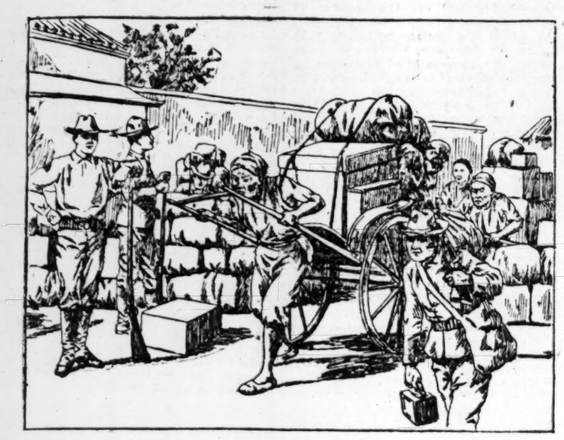

American Soldiers Did Not Molest the Chinese Who Appeared To Be Carrying Their Recovered Possessions from the City.

(From a Photograph by Our Special Correspondent.)

Copyright, 1900.

PEKIN, August 21, 1900.—(Special Correspondence.)—Hong kiang woh put!" That's what Ping said. I can't affirm that I've spelled the words rightly, nor that I've got the words in just the right places with relation to each other, but that's what Ping's remarks sounded like, any way.

The punctuation of his remarks was given with a flat board that Ping carried in both hands. That board fell with sounding thwacks on the flanks of a poor little donkey not much bigger than a St. Bernard dog. It seemed all in the day's work for the donkey. A beating that would have speedily sent a full-grown man to the hospital didn't appear to strike the donkey as cause even for emotion.

"Yang muk pien sia!" bellowed Ping, or something that sounded like that. Now I understood. This was merely the Chinese version of swearing at a mule.

"Whack! whack! whack!

"Careful, Ping, you yellow heathen!" I roared, for I was on the donkey, you see. It took clever manipulation and skillful marksmanship to find enough of the flank not covered by my own person to lay the board on. As the animal shied the board caught me. Though I scowled and shook my fist, Ping only laughed. Very likely the yellow rascal hit me purposely to gratify his contempt for a Christian dog.

Ping is a Pekin donkey driver. He fell into my net through an interpreter who assured me that the quickest way to get around the city was on a donkey. I found that it wasn't. That was the day before yesterday. It was Sunday out in the civilized world, but the day wasn't warmly observed by the majority of the men with the allied armies. The rescued missionaries held feeling services of praise, and some of the soldiers attended. Most of them didn't. Those who didn't, and who could slip away from their commands, attended strictly to looting.

What a wonderfully rich old city Pekin is! So far the soldiers have just scratched the richness off the surface. The real wealth is beneath, undiscovered and untouched. But give the soldiers time! Already the boys are casting longing eyes at the imperial palace. If they ever get in there, with hands half unrestrained, the allied soldiers are likely to take their places among the rich men of the world.

Through the Chien mun, the great gate of the Tartar City, went Ping, the donkey and I. Down the streets to the great jewel and curio section of the city we went at what the donkey thought was a proper speed. We had to pass over the Beggar's bridge. Comparatively scant as the population of Pekin is today, it is hardly credible that any of the beggars have left the capital. They are a dirty, mangy lot, pitted with smallpox, exhibiting all kinds of physical deformities. Many of them are putrid with leprosy.

At Beggar's Bridge.

Here at the Beggar's bridge they swarmed. It is their accustomed haunt. Five days ago they tried to get into the rich section of the southern city to do some looting on their own account. They were driven out at the point of the bayonet, and only a few of the bravest of them have gone back since. But here at the bridge they linger by hundreds. If soldiers come this way bearing loot they have to run the gantlet of hundreds of the mangy yellow creatures. The beggars literally hang to them, insisting that at least the smaller articles of loot be turned over as a gratuity. Some of the soldiers are good-natured enough to give the poor rascals a few of the minor looted treasures, which are greedily pounced upon. As I reached the bridge I saw one American and two English soldiers trying to force their way through the phalanx. All three carried a miscellaneous lot of valuable loot. The American soldier carried in his hand a snuffbox richly incrusted with gold and jewels. He was gazing at it admiringly.

Suddenly one of the more daring beggars clutched at the soldier's arm and tried to take the snuffbox out of his hand.

"You can't have it, old man," said the soldier, good naturedly, shaking the fellow off. But the beggar again grabbed him and insisted on the surrender of the snuffbox.

"Hit him," suggested one of the English soldiers.

"Too dirty," laughed the American.

"Then I'll do it for you," volunteered the Englishman. There was the sound of a smash and the beggar fell back into the arms of his comrades.

"We'll smash a few more of the cheeky rascals," proposed the other Englishman. He had only one hand free, but he used his feet alternately to good advantage. Those nearest fell back in dismay, howling. There were bruised shins and swollen faces by the dozen in a twinkling. Then the tumult became deafening. A Chinese mob, even when there is no fight in it, is the fiercest, most appalling crowd in the world. It looked for a minute or so as if the soldiers would be knocked down, deprived of their loot and torn to pieces. Dismounting and grabbing Ping's board, I started to force my way through the howling mob. I didn't have to go far, though, for the soldiers came through the tempest with a rush and without losing an item of their loot. From a little distance a dozen Japanese and American soldiers made a rush to the rescue.

"Stand here and watch our stuff, will you?" growled one of the Englishmen to the American soldier who had been with them. "We've got to give the rascals a jolly good bit more of thrashing yet."

"Don't you do it," retorted the American, and I was proud of him. "These poor devils ain't to be blamed. They only want to do what we've succeeded in doing."

After some growling the Englishmen agreed to this. The soldiers who had come to their rescue now pushed their way through the beggars. Mounting, I went on by ourselves. Not that we were long, though, for Ping and his donkey couldn't keep up with a squad of civilized looters.

Treasures Archaic.

So, perforce, Ping, the donkey and I went on by ourselves. Not that we were lonesome for long. Down in Ta-sha-lan we came upon swarms of soldiers. For two or three days every door in this priceless old street had been broken open. Boxes on the shelves of the stores had been smashed in the first instance. What the eager raiders couldn't carry away on the first trip they tried to take on the second or third. And they were still, after a half dozen trips, sounding walls, ceilings and floors. Tools were being used to pry up boards, and the air was full of the mold of pestilent soil from the rapidly enlarged holes under the floors. In many instances these subterranean searches were successful. Some of the most wonderful old coins, dating back to the twenty-eighth century B. C. were dug up. These bronze coins, many of them still in a fairly perfect state of preservation, are undoubtedly the oldest now existent in the world. There was a time in China when every subject away from home was required to carry with him a metallic passport, cut out in the shape of a man's figure, and stating in its inscription all the required particulars concerning the subject who carried it. These passports, long done away with, will be of great value to the collectors who eventually buy them of the looters. In the time I was in the Ta-sha-lan street I saw at least twenty of these brought to light.

"Look at this," begged a soldier, holding up to me a lantern of bronze. It was of a superb design, with tracings on it as fine as the filaments of a spider's web. This treasure was at least 400 years old. The most marvelous thing about it was the translucent globe—made of what, do you think? Of bean curd, a wonderful fabrication, flimsy as gelatin and warranted not to break or crack.

Pekin is the home of the peach-blow vase. You in America are all familiar with the extraordinary prices paid for very fine specimens of such work. Down here in the Ta-sha-lan soldiers were carrying off, one in either hand, pairs of these vases, the price of which, in America, ought to insure them a few years of life without toil. And no doubt, in times to come, the happy American owner will say proudly:

"This is the real thing. It was looted by an American soldier in Pekin!"

"I say, what are you going to do with all that blooming teatable rot?" demanded an English soldier, halting and staring at an American sergeant who stood in the middle of the Ta-sha-lan, guarding a pile of porcelains, while three soldiers came out of the nearest shop gingerly bearing more porcelains.

"Oh, it's all right," returned the sergeant, cheerfully. "Good stuff."

"Who told you that?"

"A doctor who's lived in this miserable country a good many years. He told us there's a fortune in this truck."

And the doctor was right. The sergeant and his comrades had chanced upon a store where only ancient porcelains had been kept. There were some in the heap that belonged to the Ming dynasty, and were at least six hundred years old. Still more precious were others with the famous lotus decoration that is accredited to the marvel workers of the Sung dynasty. These are the oldest porcelains extant today, dating from 600 to 800 A. D.

"What's that rascal, Ping, up to?" I wondered, for looking up from the heap of porcelain I saw that my Chinaman had

Chinese Hurrying With Their Alleged Belongings Out of the Southern City of Pekin.

(From a Photograph by Our Special Correspondent.)

tied the donkey, and was now edging toward the open door of the shop. He glided inside. In the next second there was an oath, a howl, and out come Ping, jabberingly protesting, while an angry soldier led him by the ear. In one of Ping's hands, though half-hidden under his blouse, was one of the lotus vases.

"Give that up, you heathen!" ordered Ping's captor, reaching for the vase. Both had a grip on it now, but Ping stubbornly refused to let go. There was danger that the fragile, precious thing would be broken.

Friends for Friends.

"Wait, and I'll fix him," hinted the sergeant, moving toward the struggling pair. Click! He held his revolver, cocked, against the yellow man's head. Ping turned lemon-green, his hands shook as with palsy, and he surrendered his booty.

"Your man?" asked the sergeant, turning toward me. I nodded. "Well, you can go in and help yourself, friend, if you want to—there's enough for us all. But no Chino (the Philippine name for a Chinaman) can get any show at the stuff. They made all this trouble, and they've got to pay the bill."

Plainly Ping felt unsafe in that neighborhood. He wanted me to mount the donkey, and I did so. He led me around into the Tung-yueh-kiang. English soldiers were in possession at the time. They were cleaning out shops that had dealt in carved sandal wood and ivory. Many of these articles were small enough to slip conveniently into a vest pocket, yet some of these trinkets, especially the ivories, will fetch a year of the soldier's salary when he gets home. Carved miniature frames of teak-wood also showed conspicuously in the loot. Pink coral, the finest in the world, set in silver and gold as brooches and ear-rings went into many a pocket. Ping eyed these things wistfully, but he hadn't got his courage back yet. There were teak-wood tables in some of the shops that would set an American housekeeper wild with desire, but the soldiers smashed a few and left the rest alone. There was too much easily portable loot about.

Ping failed to get his nerve back. He continued to shake so that the British looters saw it. The Chinaman's attitude was so plainly a mendicant one that I heeded his mute request and again sat astride of that abominable donkey. We rode into the Tung-yueh-kiang, a street filled with the shops of the silk mercers. There was a mixture of the allies over here, though most were Americans and English. Some of the closed doors had, up to this morning, escaped demolition. Now the sounds of smashing were audible in every direction. Soldiers loaded with armsful of silks, satins and brocades of the rarest textures imaginable were hastening off. Over in the Chu-pao-shi—"Street of the Precious Skins"—troops of the allied forces fairly staggered under loads of ermine and sable. Mongolian tiger skins, bear, leopard and monkey pelts. Few people know that the monkey is found as far north as the mountains up beyond Pekin, yet it is a fact. These monkeys have long hair and really magnificent manes, and their pelts make beautiful furs. Then there were the white Thibet lamb skins, soft as the fleeciest down, and robes lined with squirrel skins.

Over in the Low-urh-ti, which is the street of the jewelers, some magnificent finds were made by soldiers. Jade articles of the most marvelous structure, all the delicate traceries of the gold and silversmiths, the jeweled moustache combs affected by the old literati of China, crystal carvings more beautiful than mere diamonds, women's hair ornaments with silver flowers and enameled petals—all these beautiful things representing the skill and taste of four thousand years, fell into the hands of the victorious "foreign devils." By noon Ping, the donkey and I arrived in the great market street, Sien-wu-kow, which, in English means "the place of satisfying your mouth." When the inhabitants of Pekin fled before the conqueror they left amazing stores of food and sweetmeats, as might have been expected in a city of nearly a million inhabitants. Hungry soldiers found and reveled in this section of cooked meats, dried fish and preserved fruits. But already the supply was running low. There had been four days of hunger. The Chinese have an apt proverb, "The first comer eats the meat, the last comer gnaws the bone." They were gnawing the bone in Sien-wu-kow on this day.

Soldiers Not Greedy.

With all the looting that was going on, however, the soldiers didn't get all of it. In several of the streets of the southern city I came upon scared Chinese, who, laden with all they could carry, were trying to flee from Pekin. They had come back, after the first fright, to get their own goods. In most cases I suspect they got away with some one else's goods, but who was to tell the difference? Almost invariably the American and English soldiers allowed the Chinese to take away what seemed to be their own. After they got beyond our ken, however, I can't say with any certainty what happened to these heathen laden with rich property.

It is hard to know what to say about this looting. Certainly the Chinese of Pekin became outlaws, and outlaws have no rights worthy of respect. I confess, I am wobbly on the ethics of the question. At one moment the looting seems right—in the next it seems all wrong. In the end China will have to pay an enormous indemnity to the nations. Yet I doubt if that indemnity will equal the value of the loot secured by the allied troops on the march from Tien-Tsin to Pekin.

R. W. AYMAR.

ONCE MORE A HAPPY WOMAN.

Completely Cured of Catarrh by Peruna.

Miss Ida Murray writes from 237 Polk street, Minneapolis, Minn., as follows:

"Every fall and winter of late years I had a severe cough and cold which physicians have been unable to cure. This last winter at the advice of a friend I decided to try Peruna. Both my friend and her family had used Peruna with good results.

"I was more than pleased with what the medicine did for me, and keep it always in the house. I also had chronic catarrh of the head, which made the slightest cold so much worse. I am completely cured of my catarrh after four months' faithful use of Peruna, and my general health is greatly improved. I always speak a good word for Peruna."

IDA MURRAY.

Mrs. Annie Glen, president of the General H. W. Lawton Circle No. 27, Ladies of the G. A. R., writes the following letter from Edgewater, Ill.:

Edgewater, Ill.,
831 Rosemont Avenue.

The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, O.:

Gentlemen—"I have suffered for nearly eight years with more or less backache and bearing down pains which no doctor's medicine seemed to relieve.

"Finally I became discouraged and decided to try patent medicine. My druggist recommended that I take Peruna, and it was simply a godsend to me. Inside of five weeks I was once more a strong and happy woman. This is nearly a year ago, and I have had no recurrence of the trouble. I am so glad to have found so reliable a medicine and shall take pleasure in recommending it to my friends."

Catarrh Generally Thought to be a Disease of the Head Only.

Catarrh has been so generally thought to be a disease confined to the head and throat that it is very difficult to get many people to understand that catarrh may affect any organ of the human body.

All the organs of the body are lined with mucous membrane; all the passages of the body are also lined with mucous membrane.

Wherever there is a mucous membrane there catarrh may exist.

The only reason that catarrh is more

Miss Ida Murray.

frequent in the passages of the nose and throat is because these passages are more exposed to cold than the other portions of the mucous membrane. But one is liable to have catarrh of the lungs, or kidneys, or stomach, or liver, or bowels, and especially the bladder and other pelvic organs.

Peruna is a specific in cases of female weakness or pelvic catarrh and is heartily indorsed by all the women.

A free book written especially for women, entitled "Health and Beauty," sent to any address by The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, O.

city are now quite extensive, and have done much to make the city prosperous.

"We were royally entertained in Richmond, and the social side of the convention was thoroughly delightful. One particularly interesting incident of the trip was a visit to one of the large tobacco factories where several hundred negroes were at work, singing as they worked. The northern and western delegates enjoyed the novelty of this trip hugely.

"On Friday night a party of some twenty-five or thirty of us were seated in the grill-room of one of the hotels enjoying ourselves in an informal manner with the telling of anecdotes and speech-making. I incidentally mentioned the fact that an election for mayor had been held in Atlanta that day, and declined a request to speak until I had received a telegram announcing the result. Some moments later a dispatch was handed me, and the speech was again called for. I promised to make it on one condition—the election of Major Mims. Then I opened the telegram and found that he was elected. When I announced the fact, there was a scene of enthusiasm as genuine as any that native Atlantians could have given expression to. Major Mims was known to many of those present, and they were all delighted at the result.

Judge Don A. Pardee, of the United States circuit court, who has been summering at Wadsworth, O., is expected to reach Atlanta Wednesday or Thursday.

Professor L. Conterno, of New York, who will direct the music at the Interstate fair, is at the Kimball. Professor Conterno says the musical programme of the fair will be one of the finest ever heard in the south, and that if there were no other attraction, the music alone ought to make the fair a success.

Hon. Charles L. Davis, of Warm Springs, who will represent Meriwether county in the legislature, was shaking hands with friends at the Kimball yesterday.

B. D. Green, on trial for moonshining, told Judge Newman a hard luck story in the United States district court yesterday. There was nothing in Green's appearance to indicate the moonshiner who prefers blockade liquor to liberty. He was short of stature and well dressed; in fact, there was a dapperness about him that suggested the city rather than the mountains. He began his story in a low tone, but excitement soon mastered him and his voice became almost a shriek.

"I jest tell you, jedge, I never 'stilled no whisky in my life. I never seed a still and I never seed a courthouse before. I went down thar to see my gal and I was wearing Sunday clothes. On the way I bought half a gallon of corn licker. I got thar Friday night and next morning a man walked in. I never seed a revenoo and I had no idee the man was a revenoo. But he said he was a revenoo and that he had found a still near my gal's and wanted to sarch the house. He sarched and sarched, but he found no licker. Then I got my jug and said: 'Pardner, take a drink with me.' He drunk my licker and then 'rested me right thar in my gal's house. I jest swar, jedge, I ain't guilty, I ain't guilty."

It was all judge, jury and spectators could do to control their risibles, but the jury did so and in about three minutes found Mr. Green guilty.

Prevention better than cure. Tutt's Liver Pills will not only cure, but if taken in time will prevent

Sick Headache, dyspepsia, biliousness, malaria, constipation, jaundice, torpid liver and kindred diseases.

TUTT'S Liver PILLS
ABSOLUTELY CURE.

How's Your Appetite?

We're interested in it. Want to provide for its demands. Here are some hints of good things for folks with good appetites—tempting to folks with poor appetites, too.

Buckwheat.
Fresh new crop "Princess" self-raising Buckwheat in air-tight packages, per package 15c
Also, fresh New York State Buckwheat by the Pound.

Maple Syrup.
Finest fancy Vermont Maple Syrup in sealed cans, gal. $1.25
½ gal. 65c, quart..... 35c
Also, finest pure Vermont Maple Sugar, new crop.

Water Ground
whole Wheat Meal (or Graham Flour), fresh, per pound...4c
Water ground Corn Grist, bolted or just as it comes from the mill, 10 lbs..... 25c
Water ground fine Yellow Corn Meal, per peck:.....25c

Herring.
Finest new catch Potomac Roe Herring, dried and smoked, per doz.....40c

KAMPER'S, 79-81 PEACHTREE.

STILL MAKING A VERY HARD FIGHT

Gaynors and Green Hearing Resumed Yesterday.

BANK EXAMINER TESTIFIES

Edwin Johnson Called for Cross-Examination.

EXPLAINED SOME TABULAR STATEMENTS

Whole Afternoon Was Consumed in Examining and Explaining the the Tabulated Statement.

New York, September 8.—Hearing in the proceedings for the removal of J. F., W. T. and E. H. Gaynor and Benjamin D. Greene to the jurisdiction of the Georgia federal courts was resumed today before Commissioner Shields.

Edwin J. Johnson, a national bank examiner, was called for cross-examination by the government. Johnson is the expert accountant who prepared the elaborate tables of accounts for the government in this case. Examination of witness consisted principally of inquiring into the object of Mr. Johnson in incorporating certain items in the tabulated statement referred to. He explained in detail his methods of making the tables. Counsel asked many questions in regard to the entries on the forms prepared by the witness. Each question necessitated a complete perusal of the large tabulated statement. This consumed the afternoon and the hearing adjourned at 4 o'clock until tomorrow.

CEFALU PLACED UNDER BOND.

Charged with Intent To Murder William Elliot.

Mobile, Ala., October 8.—(Special.)—John B. Cefalu, one of the leading banana importers in the south, and well known throughout the country as an independent importer who is fighting the United Fruit Company, was given a preliminary hearing today on the charge of assault with intent to murder William Elliot, a plumber from Louisville, Ky. It appears that Cefalu visited the house of a woman named Marcella Kemy, with whom he was intimate, and found Elliot in her company. Cefalu shot Elliot three times, each bullet loding in the left shoulder. Elliot is seriously wounded. Cefalu gave a bond of $1,000 to await the action of the grand jury.

THE PASSING THRONG

Two elderly gentlemen from the west, one of them a physician, were relating some anecdotes of their early experiences Sunday in the lobby of the Aragon. Each of them told a yarn worth repeating.

"You have heard of 'X' Biedler, the famous scout," said one of them, "if you know anything about the early days in Montana. He was as fertile of resource as he was brave. One time at Miles City he came out of the door of a saloon to find himself within twenty inches of the muzzle of a 45-calibre Colt in the hands of a noted desperado on whose trail the deputy marshal had ofttimes camped.

"'I'm going to blow the innards out of your skull, you vigilant hound,' quoth the bad man.

"'Not with that thing,' said 'X,' in a conversational, but semi-serious tone. 'It ain't cocked.'

"The desperado involuntarily threw up the six-shooter to see if Beidler was right, and made the mistake of his life, which ended right there."

"Every doctor is supposed to have a skeleton in his closet," remarked the physician. "I have one that has as unique a history as I dare say you ever heard.

"When I began the practice of medicine in a small Missouri town the Jesse James boys paid us a visit. They raided our only bank and got away with some $6,000, but firing was pretty general on both sides. I was a young man then, just out of medical college, and prided myself on being a crack revolver shot. During the excitement I got a fair crack at one of the robbers, and when we picked him up after his companions rode off he was dead.

"A finer specimen of physical manhood I have never seen. The natives of the little town made no objection when I claimed my victim's skeleton for professional uses.

"One rainy night, five years after the raid, I was sitting alone in my office at a late hour, very much in the mood of the melancholy morsel who was visited by the raven, and like him, I heard a tapping at my door. When I opened it a genuine veteran frontiersman stepped in. He asked my name and then inquired if I had the skeleton of one of the robbers shot on that memorable day. His face was bearded and sunburned, but there was something about him that made me think of the young man I had killed, even before he mentioned the skeleton. A sudden knowledge that the living had some close connection with the dead flashed across my brain, and I felt mighty queer. I didn't like the look in my visitor's eye, either. However, I answered his question in the affirmative.

"'If you have no objection, I would like to see that skeleton,' said my unwelcome visitor.

"I thought it would not do to refuse the man's strange request, so I walked to the rear of the office and drew out of a drawer the same revolver that had ended the career of the youthful bandit five years before. Still holding it in my hand, I stepped to the closet, threw open the door and remarked with as much coolness as I could command:

"'There's the skeleton.'

"'Put up your revolver,' said the stranger in a voice full of suppressed emotion. 'If I had wanted to hurt you I would have shot you when I first came into the office. I had a son who has been lost to me for seven years. I have been searching for him all these years, and have by accident learned that it was he who was shot by you when the James gang raided the bank in this place. One of the boy's comrades in the gang who is dying of consumption in the penitentiary told me all about it. I came straight from him here. I don't hold any grudge against you. I reckon you did what was right. I thought, though, since my search is at an end and I am going back to the ranch to stay for good that I would come and see what is left of my poor boy.'

"I then showed the father the skeleton, which was handsomely mounted, and which I took a great pride in. At the same time, I described the raid as briefly and as gently as possible. The old pioneer's only remark as he gazed on all that was left of his wayward son was: 'Well, he was a big fellow, wasn't he?'"

"The dispensary at Barnesville is likely to cause a hard fight when the legislature meets," said a prominent citizen of Pike county, who was in Atlanta yesterday. "Several years ago," he continued, "Pike went dry. But blind tigers became rather numerous about Barnesville, and then, as a sort of compromise, the dispensary was established by a special act. The strong prohibitionists have never liked the dispensary, or 'tank,' as it is generally called, and I understand they are going to make an effort to abolish it. They claim that the law under which the dispensary was established is being violated, and that it is no better than a bottle barroom. Under the law, the prohibitionists claim the dispensary can only furnish whisky for medicinal, sacramental or mechanical purposes, but they assert that the law is totally disregarded, and that liquor is sold solely with a view to making money. It is even charged that if a man went into the tank and announced that he wanted liquor to get drunk on he could get it. I don't vouch for these charges; I simply relate the talk prevalent in Barnesville among the prohibitionists. Many of the prohibitionists also object to the sale of whisky by the municipality on the ground that they are practically made partners in a traffic to which they are unalterably opposed. The country folks also object to the dispensary because they get nothing out of it. In Athens, city and county share the profits, but Barnesville gets all the money from the dispensary there. The profits, it is said, amount to nearly $6,000 a year, and the county wants some of the money. It is said that Colonel A. A. Murphy, the well-known prohibitionist, backed by other citizens of Barnesville, will go before the legislature and make the fight on the dispensary. If these rumors are true, you may look for the fur to fly."

R. F. Harris, of Winchester, Ky., was discussing Kentucky politics at the Kimball yesterday. "Kentucky is going for Bryan next month," he said, "because hundreds of republicans will vote for the Nebraskan. I know that sounds odd, but it is true. It is this way: The courts continue to convict men for the murder of Senator Goebel. All these men are republicans, of course, and all of them have large family connections. There is no hope for these men if the democrats elect Beckham governor. They will go to the gallows or rot in the penitentiary. But if the republicans can elect their man governor, the men will be pardoned. That explains why many republicans intend to vote for Bryan. They are going to trade off McKinley to get votes for their candidate for governor. They want the alleged Goebel murderers pardoned, and they are going to try and accomplish their purpose at the expense of their national ticket."

"I am a republican," said a Baltimore man at the Aragon, "but I believe the democrats will carry Maryland. There is disaffection among the republicans, due not so much to McKinley's policy, but to the course of Senators McComas and Wellington. After the defeat of Gorman, they tried to imitate the latter's methods and build up a machine. But they lacked Gorman's brains and his savoir faire, and they have made a mess of it. Where Gorman used oil, McComas and Wellington used clubs, and the consequence is the republicans are in bad humor. Yes, Gorman is supporting Bryan loyally. He wants to go back to the senate, where he was once such a power, and he thinks the best way to accomplish his purpose is to carry the state for Bryan."

Rev. Dr. Landrum left last night for Macon, where he will attend a meeting of the Mercer endowment committee today. Dr. Landrum says the members of the committee are hopeful of raising $50,000 for the university. When this amount is secured the American Baptist Missionary Society will add $15,000 to the fund, making a total of $65,000. Dr. Landrum will return to Atlanta tonight.

At the Aragon there is a little girl about six years old who furnishes the guests with a lot of amusement. She is as pretty as a picture, and withal superlatively audacious. She strolled into the lobby yesterday and began to quarrel at a gentleman who teased her. Her mother heard the little one's angry tones, and called out: "Be good, dear." Like a flash the saucy tot retorted: "I don't want to be lonesome, mamma." Mamma gave it up, and the guests roared.

Colonel Robert J. Lowry, accompanied by the Atlanta delegates to the twenty-sixth annual convention of the American Bankers' Association, recently held at Richmond, Va., has returned to the city. Colonel Lowry is enthusiastic in his praise of the good work accomplished by the convention and of the hospitality the visiting bankers received at the hands of the people of Richmond.

"Richmond has made wonderful strides in a commercial way during the past few years," said Colonel Lowry yesterday, "and improvement is manifest on all sides. The shipbuilding interests in that

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Cleanses the System Gently and Effectually when bilious or costive.
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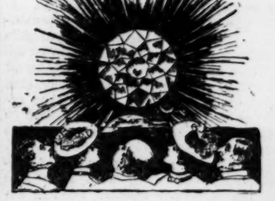

My Diamond Display
This season is attracting universal attention. Never such a display in this city before. It will entertain you to look over this superb collection of jewels, consisting of rings and brooches in diamonds, rubies, pearls, sapphires, emeralds and all the popular gems.
A pleasure to show these goods.
CHARLES W. CRANKSHAW, JEWELER,
22 Whitehall St., Corner Alabama.

For Backache use STUART'S GIN and BUCHU.

STATE OF GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—By virtue of a supplemental decree, dated September 29, 1900, rendered by Fulton superior court in the case of Park Woolen mills, et al., vs. Moody & Brewster, et al., pending in said court, I will sell before the Fulton county courthouse door, in the city of Atlanta, on the first Tuesday in November, 1900, within the legal hours of sale, to the highest bidder, for cash, all the following tract or parcel of land, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Georgia, in land lot eighty-six (86) of the fourteenth (14th) district of originally Henry county, and more particularly described as follows: Commencing at the southwest corner of Windsor and Stephens streets, running thence south along the west side of Windsor street one hundred and twenty-six (126) feet; thence west one hundred and eighty-four (184) feet, more or less, to the line of the property of the Southern Railway Company; thence northwest along said line one hundred and sixty (160) feet, more or less to Stephens street; and thence east along the south side of Stephens street two hundred and ninety-two (292) feet to the point of beginning. MORRIS HIRSCH, Receiver of Moody & Brewster, et al.
HENRY L. WILSON, Auctioneer.
oct 9 16 23 30 tues

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ATLANTA, GA., October 9, 1900.

Four Weeks from Today.

Four weeks from today the presidential election will be in progress, and then we shall know what is the will of the people.

A careful canvass of the probable result, which has been made by The Philadelphia Times, points to the election of Mr. Bryan by an electoral vote of 307 as against 84 for McKiney, and 56 in doubt. This result has been reached by estimates made by the chairmen of the various doubtful states which have been claimed by the republicans. Their replies, from which the accompanying table is made, indicate Mr. Bryan's election with an electoral vote of 307; McKinley, 84, and doubtful, 56.

As will be seen, the replies are only made from a careful poll of the states in question. The table is as follows:

State.	Bryan.	McKinley.	Doubt.
Alabama	11	..	..
Arkansas	8	..	..
California	9	..	..
Colorado	4	..	..
Connecticut	..	6	..
Delaware	3	..	..
Florida	4	..	..
Georgia	13	..	..
Idaho	3	..	..
Illinois	24	..	..
Indiana	15	..	..
Iowa	..	13	..
Kansas	10	..	..
Kentucky	13	..	..
Louisiana	8	..	..
Maine	..	6	..
Maryland	8	..	..
Massachusetts	..	15	..
Michigan	..	..	14
Minnesota	..	..	9
Mississippi	9	..	..
Missouri	15	..	..
Montana	3	..	..
New Hampshire	..	4	..
New Jersey	..	..	10
New York	36	..	..
Nevada	3	..	..
Nebraska	8	..	..
North Carolina	11	..	..
North Dakota	3	..	..
Ohio	..	..	23
Oregon	4	..	..
Pennsylvania	..	32	..
Rhode Island	..	4	..
South Carolina	9	..	..
South Dakota	4	..	..
Tennessee	12	..	..
Texas	15	..	..
Utah	3	..	..
Vermont	..	4	..
Virginia	12	..	..
Washington	4	..	..
West Virginia	6	..	..
Wisconsin	12	..	..
Wyoming	3	..	..
Total	307	84	56

Michigan, carried by McKinley in 1896, classed as doubtful by Vice Chairman Johnson, of the democratic national committee, and claimed for McKinley by Mr. Hanna, will go democratic, according to State Chairman Campau. Ohio is certainly doubtful, and West Virginia, California, Kentucky, Delaware and Oregon, carried by McKinley in 1896 by small majorities, are now confidently claimed for Bryan.

A glance at the detailed replies gives the local reasons why a Bryan victory is looked for. Mr. Thomas Watson, chairman of the democratic state committee of Illinois, says: "Bryan will come to Cook county with about 12,000 to spare. He will carry Cook county, and I think he will carry the state by about 20,000."

California is claimed by a majority of 5,000, Kentucky is reported beyond all possible doubt, while a majority of 7,500 is confidently looked for from West Virginia, and Colorado is put down for 75,000 majority. D. J. Campau, state chairman for Michigan, says:

> Never has the outlook for Michigan been so bright as at the present time. I confidently expect we will carry the state by 20,000 majority, giving us all the state offices, electoral votes and two-thirds of the congressmen.

Michigan is in the center of the territory which is chiefly moved by the new issues of militarism and empire. While Ohio is placed in the doubtful list State Chairman Long says:

> I cannot at this time give any estimate based on actual figures, the poll returns not being yet in. This state, on the issues on which the campaign is being fought, is undoubtedly against McKinley, and if the vote is registered on present convictions the state of Ohio is more than doubtful on the question of supporting the administration. The campaign seems to be full of deliberation, more than usual, and cannot be gauged at this time with a view to giving actual results on election day.

In Kansas it is claimed that the democrats will "carry the state by 20,000 to 25,000 majority. Every district sends reports of gains. Fusion is complete and everything is harmonious. The legislature will surely be fusion because of internal dissensions in nearly every county between Baker and Burton adherents. This insures a democratic or fusion senator to succeed Senator Baker. During the last three weeks every township throughout the state has been thoroughly organized, and a preliminary poll of voters is now in progress. The farmers are with Bryan this year more strongly than they were four years ago. Our meetings are all largely attended, and great enthusiasm prevails everywhere." Montana is claimed by 10,000 majority, South Dakota by 3,000, Washington by 10,000, Idaho by 10,000, Utah by a safe majority and Wisconsin by 15,000, while Delaware will be in line again.

The indifference to politics displayed by the people notwithstanding all the efforts of the administration to arouse it, plainly indicates that the brass band and the epaulette have failed in their appeal, and that the people are more concerned about affairs at home than about dubious victories abroad. Americanism will be found to have a stronger hold upon the people than imperialism.

Which means that democracy has every prospect of success at present, and that the people will be true to themselves in November.

An Industrial Pioneer.

In the death of Mr. E. W. Marsh his family has lost a sterling father, and the city an enterprising citizen, but the state suffers a large loss in the passing away of one of her original industrial pioneers.

In these days of immense cotton mills, we are apt to forget the little beginnings from which they have had their development. When there was neither the hope nor the ambition that the south could wrest cotton spinning from old or New England, there were scattered throughout Georgia and the Carolinas men who believed that they could at least cater to a local market. Hence those unpretentious yarn mills which found erection adjacent to retired waterfalls, and which have proven sources of wealth to those who engaged in them. For years people heard of Trion factory, the Roswell mills, the Porter mills and others, without a thought of the industrial revolution which they were bringing about. They were demonstrating the fact that profitable cotton manufacture on the spot was feasible. Their managers were the Galileos who were demonstrating the fact that "the south could spin." Not only that, but in the effort to find a market for the goods made, the merchant was being produced. A fact it was that under the adverse conditions of trade and of mercantile trend, the south could not trust to the usual evolution by which the one step led to the other, but had to jump full-fledged into the arena at once as cotton grower, mechanic, millman and merchant, all at the same time.

Hence it was that Trion factory spun cotton and produced merchants, such men as Mr. E. W. Marsh, and his late partner, Mr. Moore. They were but modest country boys who understood and realized the possibilities round about them. They seized conditions firmly, conquered it, and kept on in the quiet tenor of their lives, apparently never conscious of what a revolution they had brought about. Such an industrial pioneer was Mr. Marsh, and others of his compeers who still survive.

Young men have now come into a heritage thus prepared for them all over the south, and if they have but the continuity and the integrity of the pioneers, they will complete the work so well begun.

Solving the Agricultural Problem.

The solution of the agricultural problem in the south is to be found in the multiplication of such men as Messrs. R. J. Guinn and R. W. Milam, of Troupe county.

The telegram from LaGrange telling of what these farmers have done should be kept well in mind. They brought into market two loads of hay which attracted unusual attention. The first load belonged to Mr. Guinn and weighed 4,240 pounds and was pulled by his two large percheron horses. The second load, which was pulled by the same horses, but belonged to Mr. Milam, was not weighed, but was estimated to be not less than 5,000 pounds of hay. The first load was bermuda hay and the second was peavine. Ten or twelve years ago hay was shipped to LaGrange in great quantities, but now the business is reversed and great quantities are annually shipped from that point. To give an idea as to what is being done in this line, one dealer has sold twenty-five mowers in and around LaGrange. It is a good money crop and the farmers are taking hold of it in a businesslike manner.

Let cotton go to what price it may, the successful farmer will always remain the one whose motto is diversification. In the multiplicity of pursuits may be found the complete utilization of time, as well as the combining of resources, while the single cultivation of cotton must leave many other resources neglected, as well as fail to furnish occupation the year round. The man whose home is a center of activity, into which all the energies of production and of growth enter, is the one who can rely upon success, even in adverse years.

Give us more farmers like Guinn and Milam and the country will take care of itself.

The Rural Districts and the Cities.

With the growth of our national population the tendency to abandon the rural districts in exchange for the crowded centers of trade and commerce is becoming more sharply pronounced from year to year. Country life is steadily losing its charms in the eyes of the vast majority of our people, while municipal life is steadily increasing its attractions; and we are building up our cities at the expense of our farming lands and our agricultural interests.

This condition of things is fraught with many evil forebodings. Unless we are prosperous in our rural districts we can enjoy no abiding prosperity in our busy marts of trade and commerce, because the source of material wealth is in the soil, and when our people, allured by the great expectations which are held out to them in the cities, deliberately forsake the plowhandle and quit the rural districts, it is not an auspicious sign to say the least. If we expect to reap the harvests of prosperity in our cities, we must begin by planting the seeds of prosperity in our fields.

To show that we are spreading no false alarm in thus lamenting the neglect from which our farming lands are today suffering, we call the attention of our readers to some of the figures of the eleventh national census just recently taken.

On analyzing the returns it is found that not less than 25,000,000 people in the United States reside in cities whose population is in excess of 8,000 each. In other words, not less than one-third of our people reside in our principal cities, leaving perhaps another third in smaller towns and only one more third scattered over the vast remaining area of the continent between the lakes and the gulf on the one hand and between the Atlantic and the Pacific on the other.

In 1890 the number of people residing in cities whose population was in excess of 8,000 each was 18,248,385, as opposed to approximately 25,000,000 this year, while in 1880, the figures stood at only 11,318,547. But contrast present conditions with those of 1790. In 1790 one-third of our people resided in the rural districts; today one-third of our people reside in the cities. We have simply reversed things, and we must provide some check for the tendency which now exists if we expect our national prosperity to be permanent.

We can remedy this evil in part at least by legislating more equitably on behalf of the farmer and by giving the rural districts better roads and better postal facilities. Since the farmer is the Atlas who carries upon his back the burdens of our national weal or woe, he cannot be the object of too much consideration on the part of our national lawmakers and the sooner we recognize this fact and adjust ourselves to it the better it will be.

Here It Is Again.

On Monday, October 1st, the clergymen of Mansfield, O., met and protested that they had neither sympathy nor part in the riotousness which drove certain other clergymen out of the city.

These clergymen, presumably, spoke for congregations which were strong enough in firearms and zealous enough in the cause of religion and civilization to make them felt in defense of the constitutional rights of citizens of the United States. From the action of the ministers on Monday, it was fair to presume that on the Sunday following freedom of speech, of religious worship and of individual action, would be made effective.

Instead, this telegram printed in The Constitution of yesterday, tells the story:

> Mansfield, O., October 7.—Doweite Deacons A. S. Lee and Homer Kessler, of Chicago, arrived here this morning at 6 o'clock and were taken in charge by officers and sent away at 9:05 a. m.

Evidently the congregations of Mansfield will have to meet again to decide upon a course of action. Is there freedom of person in Ohio? Is there ability in either local or state government to guarantee protection to individuals? Why is the mob protected and the innocent victim deported? Why the strange silence of The Commercial-Tribune, which is so solicitous about black rapists in the south and so indifferent to the commonest rights of a white man in Ohio?

But this is not all of the lawlessness which has transpired in Ohio within the last day or two. The Commercial-Tribune says that "Frank Bushong, single, aged thirty, came near being lynched by an infuriated mob near Galatia" for an unmentionable offense. The account goes on to say that he—

> Was captured within a few minutes after the offense was committed. Officers arrived and got possession of the man just in time to save him, and, after a hard chase through the country, landed him behind the bars in the county jail. Bushong ran across the country toward North Baltimore, half a mile distant. Half a dozen men took possession of an engine, uncoupled it from its train and were soon in pursuit of the fugitive with the engine. Bushong was captured by an employee of Elmer Cottriell, section foreman on the railroad and father of the girl. The crowd prepared to tie him with a rope to the engine and then open the throttle. Cottriell counseled that they let the law take its course. An alarm was sent to North Baltimore, and, as a street fair was in progress, it took but a few minutes for a big crowd to congregate and prepare to go after the prisoner. Several hundred gathered with ropes, guns and some with pine boxes and straw for the purpose of burning him at the stake.
>
> Mayor Niece, of North Baltimore, saw what was coming, and, taking a horse and rig, started in the direction the man was said to be coming from. He met the crowd bringing the fellow toward the town, and, aided by a few cool heads, succeeded in getting him away from them and starting him off across the country in the custody of Officers W. S. Reed and R. O. Smith. Several of the crowd pursued them some distance, but they finally got away and landed their man behind the bars at Bowling Green.

Will The Commercial-Tribune come out in one of its broadside editorials and call for the substitution of the national government in order to reduce Ohio to a condition of law and order? Sauce for the goose should be equally good for the gander.

The Old Lady Welcomed Back.

The family of young man West wedded to Randolph Churchill's widow, have welcomed the old lady home.

Central for Two Weeks.

Mr. T. H. Martin, during the two weeks of the interstate fair, will be central at the exposition grounds.

One Grain of Comfort.

The English liberals will now have time for reflection.

Money constitutes the burden of Mr. Hanna's thoughts. In a certain well-remembered crisis money appeared to be bigger in the eyes of Benedict Arnold than the cause of the rebellious frontiersmen.

For McKinley on his own account, but opposed to his policy, is the straddle made by The New York Evening Post.

The Washington Post's diurnal politics can now be found in each alternating paragraph.

Mr. Chamberlain's monocle will constitute the next government of Great Britain.

The street fair, having covered Georgia, has now invaded Alabama.

Uncle Pettus, of Alabama, has not experienced the old feeling yet.

Governor Candler is now sitting up with his message.

Lyman Gage has not written a letter in a month.

JUST FROM GEORGIA

Roll, O World, Along!

Litt'e bit o' sorrow,
Little bit o' song;
Light'll shine tomorrow:
Roll, O world, along!

From the past we borrow
Strength to make us strong;
After bitter sorrow
Sweet will be the song!

Life's an older story;
Still new duties throng:
In the greater glory
Roll, O world, along!

* * * * *

Brother Dickey's Sayings.

W'en yo' hat blows off, des stan' still, an' hit'll come back to you. All de politicians in the country is runnin'.

Half er de mens wha' want ter save de state ain't wuth savin' deyse'f!"

W'en Ga'brul blows his trumpet some po' ol' canderdate will wake up en holler: "Bless God, I'm elected!"

The 'Publikin party say de coal strike don't signerfy nuthin'. Wood is good enough fer de po' man.

De 'Publikin party say de coal strike dis year mendin' all de political platforms.

* * * * *

Sugar Cane and 'Possum.

De weather gittin' mighty cool—
We los' de summer blossom;
But all de cotton's took ter gin,
En happy times is comin' in,
Wid sugar cane en 'possum!

De cabin smoke is climbin' high.
(Goodbye de summer blossom;)
De fros' fall fum de roun' blue sky—
You smack yo' lips en wink yo' eye
Wid sugar cane en 'possum!

* * * * *

A Notable Ballad.

The Cornhill Booklet prints "The Ballad of Reading Gaol" in its entirety. Among the notable stanzas are the following:

"Dear Christ! the very prison walls
Suddenly seemed to reel,
And the sky above my head became
Like a casque of scorching steel;
And though I was a soul in pain,
My pain I could not feel.

"I only knew what hunted thought
Quickened his step, and why
He looked upon the garish day
With such a wistful eye;
The man had killed the thing he loved,
And so he had to die."

* * * * *

The current New York Times Saturday review of books and art shows that of the making of many books there is no end. A thousand and one authors are there represented, and we have histories enough to last seven centuries—the latter being the result of the recent rage for historical novels.

* * * * *

A Song of Consolation.

The candidate who met defeat
(Oh, politics is cunnin'!)
Won't have to give out offices
To them that set him runnin'!

Though wintry winds may make him shiver,
He's out o' sight, 'way up Salt river!

His soul should never be opprest
That voters did forsake him;
He drifts all dreamfully to rest
No goods of price will he deliver:—
Where no one will awake him!
He's out o' sight, 'way up Salt river!

* * * * *

It will be observed that Br'er Hanna is not using any of the McKinley minstrel jokes in his campaign literature.

* * * * *

Didn't Want the Earth.

"Marse Tom," said the colored constituent, "Is dey any chance er me gittin' a job in de legislatur' dis term?"

"I don't know; what do you expect?"

"Nuthin' mo', suh, dan de yuther legislaturs gits!"

* * * * *

"The Devil and a Sandwich" is the name of a new booklet. We're not hungry.

* * * * *

Over the Hills.

Out from the storm and the stress o' the night,
Over the hills with the morning bright,
Bloom and beauty and love and light—
Over the hills in the morning!

Dim and starless the lonesome way—
Red with thorns that were keen to slay;
But it led at last to the perfect day
Over the hills of Morning!

* * * * *

"I want the boy ter l'arn history," said the farmer, "so's he kin write one o' them historical novels, an make money enough to paint the barn an' have the mules shod!"

* * * * *

A Sure Winner.

"Well, Marse Tom, dey beat you!"

"Yes; but you voted fer me—didn't you?"

"No, suh! I ain't been kotched on de losin' side since freedom!"

* * * * *

Among the late magazines is "What to Eat."

Well, anything the Lord sends will do.

* * * * *

Let Us Be Happy.

Let us be happy—life is not long,—
A smile, a tear, and a farewell song;
Dreams that drift to a morning bright—
A little of love, and a little of light;
Then the dreams again, and then—Good-night!

F. L. S.

WOULDN'T LET INNES PLAY.

Some Charlestonians Surprised at the Action of Council.

Charleston, S. C., October 8.—(Special.)—The city authorities have refused to allow the Innes band to give a Sunday concert in Charleston, and there is a great complaint from people who have been accustomed to seeing published programmes of big Sunday concerts at the resorts around Charleston. All the summer, and in fact for two years, an army band has been holding forth with Sunday concerts at the Isle of Palms, and an opposition band has been grinding out Sunday rag-time music at the park. The park managers went one better and gave regular vaudeville shows on Sunday, and still the ancient people of this aristocratic city were not shocked. The season at both these resorts has closed, and Innes and his band were announced. The managers conferred with a committee from council, which has charge of the rental of the Thomson auditorium, and a request was made to allow the band to give a Sunday concert for one day next month. The committee deliberated for a long time, and finally decided against the concert. The music loving public is surprised at this action, for it is not clear just how two home bands could have given Sunday concerts all summer, when a visiting band, with a national reputation, should be refused one concert on the seventh day.

AN INTERESTING DISPLAY OF UNCLE REMUS'S WORK

Close on the heels of his retirement from journalism, comes the publication of Joel Chandler Harris's new book, "On the Wing of Occasions," a collection of short stories that wander wide from the beaten path of his previous work. The event is one of unusual interest in literary circles, and the book is just now being widely discussed by the critics. For an author to change the whole trend of his work and essay an entirely different form of literary expression, after previous emphatic successes along certain lines, is not at all usual. This Mr. Harris has done in the present instance; and his success in the transition from character studies devoid of plot, to short stories of a semi-historical nature in which plot is of prime importance, has been altogether remarkable. In fact, one of the stories in the collection, "Why the Confederacy Failed," has been lauded by the editor wha first published it as the best short story which his magazine has ever printed.

In view of the general interest in the book, an exhibition of the original manuscript and illustrations together with several large photographs of Mr. Harris, now to be seen at the American Baptist Publication Society, is attracting marked attention. The publishers of the book intend exhibiting these pictures and the manuscript in various of the larger northern cities, and Atlanta is the only place in the south where the exhibit will be seen.

The illustrations, four in number, are by George Gibbs and J. C. Leyendecker, and are executed in the several mediums of pen and ink, wash, and oils. Each is the work of an artist thoroughly in touch with the spirit of the characters portrayed.

It is the manuscript, however, that is most interesting. In this case the author's "copy" serves as an excellent illustration of his method of writing. The MSS. consists of a number of large pages of what is termed by newspaper men, "copy" paper—the ordinary rough quality used for printing purposes. The sheets are fully twenty-four inches long and about twelve inches wide. A fountain pen was the medium employed and the writing is extremely legible. The words run from one extreme of the page to the other in a perfectly straight line, and are crowded close together. Neatness is the principal characteristic. Mr. Harris's definite grasp on his ideas and certainty in the choice of words is very evident from the fact that frequently a series of several pages will not contain the slightest erasure or change. Joel Chandler Harris is a very rapid writer. Once he has an idea definitely mapped out, the story literally writes itself—he "romps" through his work with a feverish energy.

Like nearly all writers, Mr. Harris has certain little peculiarities of method that he himself cannot understand. For a number of years all of his work, both editorial and literary, has been done in the quiet of his delightful home at West End. In writing editorials, it was his wont to use one particular room and to work with a certain fountain pen. When engaged in purely literary work he occupies a different room and uses another fountain pen which differs but little from the one employed in editorial work. Even in the characteristics of the mere mechanical, however, a change takes place the moment one pen is exchanged for the other. While the two kinds of writing can be easily recognized as that of one person, still there is a difference that is so marked as to attract attention. Mr. Harris explains this by saying that his writing is done by two persons—one a newspaper man and the other an author. Although the removal from one room to another and an exchange of pens would affect most people but slightly, if at all, it means a metamorphoses in the case of Uncle Remus.

An interesting fact in connection with the initial story of "On the Wing of Occasions," is that it is the only one Mr. Harris ever wrote which was changed after the general idea was conceived. This story was begun no less than half a dozen times before the opening chapter conformed to the author's idea of what it should be. Within the past few months Uncle Remus has fallen in with the progressive spirit of the age and bought a typewriter which he uses in copying his manuscript.

The photographs of Mr. Harris in the exhibition are remarkably good likenesses—decidedly the best he has ever had taken. The exhibition will remain in Atlanta some weeks before it is taken north.

S. J. O.

LIVELY TIME IN CHARLESTON.

Newspapers and the Public Fighting Corporations.

Charleston, S. C., October 8.—(Special.)—There is a lively fight on here between the newspapers and the public on one side and the Charleston Consolidated Railway, Gas and Electric Company on the other. This has been going on for a week now, and the interest is getting hot. The newspapers have opened fire on the Consolidated because of some of its alleged shortcomings, but more especially on account of the fact that the rates to the city from Mount Pleasant and Sullivan's island and the Isle of Palms have been raised. In Mount Pleasant, where the feeling is very bitter, the people have begun a boycott, and another company has been organized to build an opposition line. The rates have been increased more than 100 per cent for regular patrons of the line, and the company has showed a wonderful disposition to increase the rates in everything.

The Consolidated company has a monopoly in Charleston, and its efforts to grind down the public, as it appears on the face, is working harm. There have been rumors that the Mount Pleasant people will take the matter of rates to the court. The service, it is claimed, is not proper, and the company does not show any disposition to give relief.

General Manager Hill, of the Consolidated company, sent in his resignation some weeks ago because he could not work in harmony with the directors. President Carey, of Baltimore, has been trying to resign, but he announced recently that he would have to stay in for a time longer, as the general manager had quit.

The company has antagonized the newspapers by revoking all free passes. In view of the fact that the two papers here, and more especially The News and Courier, have practically made thousands of dollars for the company by free advertising, this cutting off of the courtesy has been resented. After taking away the passes, the company sent one or two to the papers, many less than had been given heretofore, and these passes were promptly returned with a curt note of thanks. Since then the press has hammered the company, not maliciously, but has made a strong fight to demand the rights of the public. The arbitrary action of the Consolidated is making scores of enemies for it. The company is not in a position to fight the city, inasmuch as there are nearly twenty heavy damage suits against it, and these cases will come up for trial next month. The amounts asked range from $1,000 to $15,000, and some of the best lawyers in the city are engaged by the plaintiffs.

The fight is growing hot and interesting, and it is not known just how it will end.

THE POLITICAL POINT OF VIEW IN THE STATE

The seven weeks reign of the lawmaker is approaching and ere the passage of many more days, fifteen, in fact, the halls of the house and senate will ring with that forensic eloquence, inspired by nothing so effectively as a local measure.

Many veteran legislators will return to the lower house to occupy the seats from which in time past they have striven to head off legislation, for to such as these the science of lawmaking has long since been recognized as the ability to reduce legislation to a minimum. Many such, wearied of the hopeless task, will not return, and will return no more, and their places have perchance been taken by younger men who recognize with prophetic instinct in the multitudinous measures they will espouse the hope of the commonwealth.

Many of the best intellects of the last gtneral assembly will be missing when the new assembly is called together, but out of the new timber will come evidence of the quality from which sound lawmakers are constructed. Three of the leading members of the last house whose counsel will be missed are Hiram P. Bell, of Forsyth: Thomas J. Chappell, of Muscogee, and Robert W. Freeman, of Coweta. Hon. H. P. Bell leaves the house for the seat of the thirty-ninth district in the senate. His election to the upper house was accomplished over populist opposition and the veteran whose experience in legislation had its beginning among the giants of the confederate congress, will only transfer the scene of his efforts to the hall across the way. Among the other members of the last house whose ability was equally recognized and who will be found this season in the senate are Roland Ellis, of the twenty-second; John T. Allen, of the twentieth; Thomas M. Swift, of the thirtieth; A. C. Stone, of the twenty-seventh; J. A. Bush, of the eighth; W. J. Walker, of the twenty-third; J. C. Jarnagan, of the nineteenth; John J. Upchurch, of the fourth; J. N. Holder, of the thirty-third; G. W. M. Tatum, of the forty-fourth; W. E. Spinks, of the thirty-eigth, and John T. Newton, of the twenty-eighth. A majority of the new senators, in fact nearly all of them, are men who have had former experience in legislation, comprising in all a senate peculiarly capacitated in every way for the work ahead.

A majority of the members of the new house will come up to Atlanta in that capacity for the first time, but among them are many who are fitted in their experience at the bar and in business for leadership in the general assembly.

One of the most significant, and to many congratulatory results of the recent election, is that it has sent to the house three recognized labor men, representatives of the organized labor of the state, whose object in making laws will be to better the conditon of the working man and give greater recognition to his services. They come from Richmond, Fulton and Bibb, the three largest manufacturing counties of the state, and the three in which the longest strides forward have been made by organized labor.

The presence of these three men in the house means, for one thing, that a second attempt will be made to pass a child labor bill. A bill such as the one of the last session is assured. The indications certainly point to its passage without much opposition, but if serious opposition comes a determined fight can be expected from the advocates of the measure.

Very little has been said regarding the recurrence of a Willingham bill during the coming session. Some of the men who favored the prohibition measure defeated at the last session will again be in their seats, but much doubt is expressed that such a bill will be introduced. As a matter of fact, the understanding prevails that in the senate a clear majority is opposed to a state prohibition bill and should such really be the case the house would throw away a great deal of the people's valuable time in discussing the merits of such a measure.

The house will find itself on meeting in possession of a legacy, a curious relic of the last assembly, entitled, the tax bill. This ill-fated measure was left in trust with the governor on the demise of the last house with the provision that it should be turned over to its successor in business. What disposition will be made of this voluminous inheritance remains to be seen, but the prediction has already gone forth that if the house wants to do any legislation of this kind it will be careful enough to initiate what it passes.

Not only the military, but the political interest of the state is centered on the contest for adjutant general of Georgia. The appointment to this office is one of the best at the disposition of the governor, and from the manner in which the applicants are swarming in one would think it was the best. A salary of $2,000 goes with the office of adjutant general, but the duties that unfortunately go with the salary are arduous, technical and wholly foreign to the training of a layman. The chief requisite for the place, as pointed out by Governor Candler yesterday, is the ability to organize and control troops. Many who will knock at the door are minus this requisite, and to all such the door will not be opened. This is the announced pre-determination of Governor Candler, who makes the appointment.

Among the men whose names have been mentioned, but who are not all applicants, however, are: Inspector General Obear, General C. A. Evans, Captain Goodloe Yancey, James W. Robertson, of Cobb, Acting Adjutant General Byrd, Colonel A. J. West and Colonel A. M. Foute, of Cartersville.

The knowing ones were inclined yesterday to the opinion that of the men named James W. Robertson, of Cobb, and Inspector General Obear stood considerably the best chance.

The former is one of the best known men in Georgia. His training from youth up to the close of the civil war was distinctly a military one and his friends are satisfied that he would make an ideal adjutant general. Colonel Robertson is a graduate of the citadel academy at Charleston, and prior to the war was a commandant of cadets at Marietta. In the service of the confederacy he rose to the rank of lieutenant colonel and in his regiment was always recognized as an excellent organizer.

Colonel W. G. Obear, the inspector general, is a representative among the applicants of the new school of military. He has done more perhaps than any other man to organize the militia as it stands today, and that his work has been appreciated by the officers themselves is attested in the fact that he is indorsed by every nine of ten of them for the position of adjutant general.

The suggestion of Captain Goodloe Yancey is also looked upon by many as an excellent one. Captain Yancey is at the present time secretary of the prison commission. At one time he was colonel of the Third Georgia regiment. He has filed no application for the appointment.

It will be probably several days before the appointment is taken up by Govenor Candler.

On the call of the Coweta circuit before the supreme court yesterday morning, the memorial prepared in honor of ex-Governor W. Y. Atkinson was read in the presence of a large number of friends of the late chief executive. The memorial prepared by a committee from the bar of the supreme court, every one of whom knew ex-Governor Atkinson personally, was unusually interesting and impressive to those who heard it. Referring to the qualities of ex-Governor Atkinson, the memorial said in part:

When the historian comes to chronicle the story of his administration of the affairs of state and to reccunt his course as a member of the legislative department of the government, it will be found that he measured up to the high duties of his position, and that his every act was an honest effort and patriotic desire to promote the welfare of his state and country.

Governor Atkinson was at the time of his death a trustee and president of the board of trustees of the Girls' Normal and Industrial college, located at Milledgeville. This institution is the creature of his brain, and will be a lasting monument to his interest in the education of the girls of the state. He also took a great interest in the state university, and was eager that this institution should be sufficiently endowed to enable it to take its place in the educational system of the state as a university proper. He likewise was a great friend of the common schools, and while in the legislature and as governor did all in his power to perfect the laws relating to them and to increase their usefulness.

He was the author of the bill to elect the commissioner of agriculture by the people, a bill to place telegraph and express companies under the jurisdiction of the railroad commission, a bill relative to the inspection of oils, whereby a large sum is annually saved to the state, a substitute to the senate bill under which the present lease of the state road was made. He likewise, as a member of the general assembly, actively assisted in the enactment and enlargement of the pension laws of the state so that no confederate soldier or his widow need ever suffer for the necessities of life or become the inmate of a poorhouse. During his administration as governor and pursuant to recommendation, the present prison commission was created and the lease of the state's convicts effected, which has proven a great success both from the standpoints of humanity and finance. The state papers of Governor Atkinson take rank with those of his illustrious predecessors and bear the imprint of the statesman and patriot.

He gave the best years of his life to the state. He died poor. Had he used his powers in business lines, he no doubt could and would have amassed a considerable fortune, but his private interests were uniformly sacrificed for the public service. Although there may be some who did not agree with his politics, his honesty of purpose has never been assailed. His ideas were high and lofty and to attain these was ever his purpose. For those who disagreed with or opposed him, he bore no resentment; to his friends he was faithful and true.

He was a man of decision, nerve and backbone. When his mind became settled on a given line of action no power on earth could swerve him from what he considered to be the line of duty. Many years ago Governor Atkinson united with the Presbyterian church at Newnan, and was a member in good standing until his death. Among his fellows in private life, he was ever the gentleman, considerate, courteous, kind. In his family he was a model husband and a loving, indulgent father. While physically he was not strong, yet he was capable of, and did a wonderful amount of work, and his power of endurance was remarkable.

During his public life but few men, if any, equaled him in their influence upon legislation and in moulding the policies of the state. He died in the meridian of life, ere the turn has been made to the western horizon. His short life, full of usefulness and honors, stricken when it seemed he could be most useful to his family, his friends and his country. Who will say, however, that his death was untimely? May we not rather say that "that man should be regarded as happy, even when death claims him, whose past has been made luminous by high purposes, by earnest, noble work and by honorable deeds? A life thus consecrated to the welfare and service of mankind cannot be said to have had an untimely end, come when it may."

Hon. R. W. Freeman and W. A. Post, of Coweta, who represented their county in the last house, were in the city yesterday.

F. M. Longley, of LaGrange, came up yesterday to appear before the supreme court in several cases on the Coweta circuit.

J. R. Phillips, of Louisville, was with his friends at the capitol for a few hours yesterday. J. R. Phillips is a candidate for the position of messenger to carry Georgia's vote to the electoral college. He is opposed by a number of candidates for the place.

EMORY STUDENTS DEBATE.

Phi Gammas Had a Lively Discussion Yesterday.

Emory College, Oxford, Ga., October 8.—(Special.)—The debate in Phi Gamma Society this morning was on the subject "Resolved, That the Porto Rican tariff bill is expedient." This question brought one of the liveliest discussions that the society has had this year, and a number of excellent speeches were made on each side, but when the argument was closed the president, Mr. Earl W. Anderson, of Rome, gave the decision to the negative.

After the debate, it was decided to challenge Few Society to an impromptu debate, and the following were elected to represent Phi Gamma in the debate: Howard E. Elder, of Waycross; Carl Lewis, of Atlanta; Wade H. Lasseter, of Vienna; Alfred C. Broom, of Newnan; Hugh A. Woodward, of Winchester, Tenn., and Charles L. Redding, of Waycross.

On next Monday the challenge will be delivered to Few, and it is probable that the men to represent Few will then be elected. The following have been elected as officers of Few: President, J. Neely Peacock, of Quitman; censor, Robert A. Atkins, of Atlanta; critic, James W. Hitch, of Waycross; chaplain, Edwin F. Wright, of Rome.

These two societies contain a large part of the student body, and are now in a flourishing condition.

WHITE DELIVERS AN ADDRESS.

Ambassador to Germany Speaks to Cornell Students.

Ithaca, N. Y., October 8.—Andrew D. White, ambassador of the United States to Germany and first president of Cornell university, delivered an address to the students of that institution today. President Schurman introduced Mr. White, who was given a hearty welcome. He spoke briefly on the past and present and highly eulogized Ezra Cornell, with whom he had worked during the infancy of the institution. In the course of his remarks he touched upon the political issues now before the people. He said that imperialism never came from the legitimate extension of territory. No republic had ever fallen as a result of the policy which the United States now pursues. Imperialism which we have most to fear, said Mr. White, is that of demagogueism, and the arraignment of class against class and section against section. He drew a distinction between plutocracy such as existed in the Florentine republic, and the rich in this country today. He said we have no plutocracy for a number of fortunes which have accumulated have been gradually dispersed, and in many cases contributed to benevolent purposes. So far as trusts are concerned, the disease, he said, is not peculiar to this country alone. It is to be found in all parts of the commercial world, and most careful diagnosis is necessary to determine a proper remedy. The speaker censured those who proposed remedies for such evil without first searching for causes.

THESE FIVE NEGRO YOUTHS, WHO ARE ALL FIT SUBJECTS FOR THE REFORMATORY, ARE NOW CONFINED IN THE TOWER HERE

WORKER AT POLLS NOW HAS NO JOB

J. M. Mosteller No Longer Works at the Park.

WORKED FOR FRANK P. RICE

Did So Without Obtaining Permission To Leave His Post—Was Discharged by the Board—Had Sent In Conditional Resignation.

Because J. H. Mosteller, the keeper of the zoo at Grant park, worked at the polls without leave last Friday for Frank P. Rice, he was yesterday afternoon discharged by the board of park commissioners. The technical charge against Mr. Mosteller was insubordination and neglect of duty.

There was no discussion among the members of the board, upon the advisability of retaining Mr. Mosteller in his position at the park, no one caring to take his part.

Mayor Woodward announced that Mr. Mosteller had stated that he had already resigned from the employ of the park board, and it then developed that the keeper of the zoo had turned in a conditional resignation. He had announced that he would resign if Major Mims was elected.

It was Commissioner A. C. Minhinnett who brought the matter to the attention of the board. He is chairman of the zoo committee. He announced that his committee had suspended Mr. Mosteller on Saturday for insubordination and neglect of duty. Commissioner Minhinnett want- of the board to act upon the suspension.

"Mr. Mosteller was up here this morning," said the mayor, "and told me that he had already resigned. He said he had left the park and would not go back there."

"Well, he resigned in this way," said Commissioner Minhinnett. "He announced on Friday that if Major Mims was elected mayor, he would resign from the park service. He had left the park without permission, and had worked all day at the polls. His place was not filled at the park. When instructed by Superintendent Seals to leave the polls and return to his work he refused to do so. Saturday I assembled my committee and we instructed Superintendent Seals to suspend Mr. Mosteller."

Commissioner Grady moved that Mr. Mosteller be discharged from the employ of the park commission. Commissioner Moyers seconded the motion, and told what he knew of the matter. The motion was carried unanimously.

The board decided to leave vacant the place, giving the superintendent of the park the care of the animals in the zoo.

The building of a pavillion, which is to replace the one recently destroyed by fire, was discussed. It was decided to refer the matter to the building committee with power to act.

The board decided to notify property owners of Atlanta to prune their shade trees. The trees of the city are now in care of the board, but little will be done with them this year because of the insufficient appropriation.

Other matters were discussed but no action was taken upon them.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is a wonderful medicine for creating an appetite, toning the digestion, and giving strength to the whole system. Now is the time to take it Be sure to get Hood's.

CALLED TO MOTHER'S BEDSIDE.

Mrs. Louis Saloshin's Mother Is Very Ill in Cincinnati.

Mrs. Louis Saloshin left Atlanta at 5:15 o'clock this morning for Cincinnati, where she was called to attend the serious illness of her mother, Mrs. Jacob Cahn. Mrs. Cahn was stricken with paralysis last Saturday morning. She is sixty-two years of age and has many friends in Atlanta who will regret to learn of her illness.

The
CRESCENT OF DIANA
In Diamonds. As beautiful and pure as the Goddess whose name it bears. Made of clear, white diamonds, each stone carefully selected for brilliancy and flawlessness. We invite you to inspect our .....
Diamonds, Brooches and Rings
MAIER & BERKELE,
31 Whitehall St.

RAILROADS WILL MAKE ANSWERS

Special Depot Commission To Meet Tomorrow.

UP TO THE RAILROADS

Answer to Last Proposition of State Is Now in Order.

REPLY TO INDICATE ROADS' INTENTIONS

Progress in the Direction of a New Depot May Be Made at Meeting Wednesday Morning.

The special commission named to look after the state's interest in the Atlanta depot property will meet tomorrow morning in the office of Governor Candler to receive a reply from the railroads regarding the last proposition made by the state.

The commission authorized to undertake this work consists of Governor Candler, Attorney General Terrell and Special Attorney Brown, although the three members of the last legislature, Senator West, of Valdosta, and Representatives Brandon, of Fulton, and Bower, of Decatur, who are members of a similar commission, will be invited to attend the meeting.

Whether the session tomorrow will result in another step nearer the permanent improvement of the state's depot property will depend on the answer to be made by the representatives of the roads.

The proposition now before the railroads is an old one. It was submitted first over a year ago, but has never been answered. Briefly it calls for the construction of a new depot on the present site; the cost to be determined later. It proposes that the station shall be built on the surface, running from Whitehall street to Loyd, with a viaduct at Whitehall, a subway at Pryor and a surface crossing at Loyd. The answer to this proposition, if any is made, will be submitted through President Thomas, of the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis, who represents the lessees of the state's railroad property. From this reply the commission will be in a position to judge of the willingness of the railroads entering the city to do their part toward the construction of an adequate station.

The proposition made was a general one, confining the roads to special plan or price and merely testing their willingness to build a station on the present site and along the general lines mentioned.

Legislature To Investigate.

Is is estimated that by the time the new general assembly meets the fact will be generally recognized that Atlanta's interests alone will not be served by the construction of a new station. The question the house and senate must consider is: How can we best improve the property and increase the income of the state? This question was not answered by the last legislature, but the full report of the special commission will point out in a clear way what the state's interests are and that in constructing a station equal to the necessities of the occasion the state is being benefited equally with Atlanta.

That there will be some depot legislation at the coming session is now practically certain.

Working Night and Day.

The busiest and mightiest little thing that ever was made is Dr. King's New Life Pills. Every pill is a sugar-coated globule of health, that changes weakness into strength, listlessness into energy, brain-fag into mental power. They're wonderful in building up the health. Only 25c per box. Sold by all druggists.

HURT, HE WANDERED AWAY.

Moore Says He Fell from Train and Was Walking When He Gained Consciousness.

Eliza Moore, through his attorneys, O. E. & M. C. Horton, yesterday filed suit in the city court against the Southern railway for $1,500 for injuries alleged to have been received September 28th. In his petition to the court Moore, who says he is sixty years old, makes a remarkable statement.

He goes on to say that on the evening in question he bought a ticket from Conley to Constitution, both in DeKalb county, and just before the train reached Constitution the negro porter called out the name of the station. Moore arose from his seat and made as if to alight. He says the train then started with a jerk and he was thrown violently to the ground, the last thing he heard being the cry of the porter to "Look out!"

Moore declares thtt when he came to consciousness he discovered he was walking down the railroad tracks in an opposite direction from his home and had to retrace his steps. He charges that he was greatly mortified and humiliated at the alleged cruel way in which he was treated and has entered suit against the road for damages for the injuries he says he received.

Merrick Nominated for Congress.

Columbia, S. C., October 8.—(Special.)—The republicans of the third district have nominated A. C. Merrick, of Walhalla, to make the race against A. C. Latimer. This makes the fifth nomination made for congress by the republicans.

CHIEF LOWRY TO BE TRIED TODAY

Hearing Scheduled for This Afternoon at 5 O'Clock.

LIVELY SESSION PROMISED

Board Was To Have Met Yesterday Afternoon, but Because of the Meeting of the Police Commissioners the Date Was Changed.

The trial of Chief J. T. Lowry, on charges preferred by employees of the sanitary department, is scheduled for this afternoon.

The board of health was to have met yesterday afternoon for the purpose of entering into the hearing, and during the morning notices of the meeting were issued. During the day, however, it was discovered that the board of police commissioners intended meeting last night, and because the presence of the mayor was desired at the session of the board of health, it was decided to postpone the hearing until this afternoon.

Chief Lowry has now been absent from his desk at the city hall for several weeks. He was allowed time in which to prepare a defense to the charges against him and has been engaged in this work since he was relieved from duty.

There are several rumors concerning the chief and his position, but last night he refused to make a statement. It is impossible to announce any of them positively. It appears to be the generally accepted idea, however, that Chief Lowry will tonight tender his resignation to the board of health. It is believed that he will do this if the board first withdraws the charges.

If that is not done, it is said that he will make a fight and in the event he is exonerated, of which he appears confident, he will tender his resignation immediately after the trial.

It is said by the wise ones at the city hall that Councilman J. S. Holland, who at present represents the third ward in the city's legislative body, has been slated for the position of chief of the sanitary department, but the councilman announces that he does not know this to be true. He states that he has been approached by several of his friends who have suggested that he make the race for the position, but so far he has done nothing more than allow the use of his name by those who would like to see him at the head of the department.

Another rumor announces that W. T. B. Wilson, at present the assistant city engineer, is to be given the position. Burton Smith, a member of the board, stated last night that the board had waited upon Mr. Wilson several years ago to ask him to accept the position. Mr. Wilson at that time refused, said Mr. Smith. He said he did not know of another offer, but he believed Mr. Wilson could have the place if he would take it.

It is also stated that council will be asked to adopt an ordinance increasing the salary of the chief of the sanitary department in case either Councilman Holland or rM. Wilson is elected to the prospective vacancy. It is proposed, it is said, to increase the pay to $2,500 from the present figure, which is $1,500.

Mr. Smith announced last night that he had always been in favor of increasing the pay of the chief. He announced that he thought heads of city departments should be well paid and especially so responsible a position as the chief of the sanitary department.

The charges against Chief Lowry are well known. The laborers of the department signed a complaint to the board, in which they stated under oath that 10 cents a week had been taken from the pay of all of them. This money was used as a burial fund for members of the department. They said that a comparatively small amount had been paid the undertakers and that the chief was unable to make a statement as to the amount he had on hand.

Chief Lowry replied by producing figures showing that the laborers owed him about $6.

His friends are confident that he will be exonerated by the board, but there is nevertheless considerable interest in the hearing which is scheduled for this afternoon.

METHODIST MINISTERS MEET.

Interesting Topic Will Be Discussed Next Monday.

The regular weekly meeting of the Methodist ministers of the city was held yesterday. No business was transacted, the hour being given over to informal conversation. At next Monday's meeting the topic for discussion will be: "How Best to Unite the Denominations of the City in Christian Work." Rev. J. E. Dickey, of Grace church, will lead.

To Try Them Is To Like Them.

The success of Cascarets Candy Cathartic is so great, because those who buy them and try them always buy them again. All druggists, 10c, 25c, 50c.

CLUBMEN MEET IN FAST TOURNAMENT

Handball Contest Is on at Atlanta Athletic Club.

FIRST GAMES LAST NIGHT

Several Surprises Resulted in the Twelve Games Played.

CUP OFFERED FOR THE WINNERS

Tournament Will Continue for the Remainder of This Week with Twelve Games Each Night.

The first annual handball tournament of the Atlanta Athletic Club was inaugurated last evening in the gymnasium of the club with a set of three games each between the eight couples entered for the contest. A good proportion of the membership of the club was represented and the interest in the different games reached the point of fever heat more than once during the evening.

The tournament, according to the arrangements of the committee in charge, will be on each night this week, with all the couples engaged, ending with the finals to be played next Monday. A handsome cup to be offered by the club is the goal of the contestants. This cup will be fully as handsome in design as that offered in the tennis tournament and some sharp, fast work during the week will be brought out by the desire to possess the trophy.

Several surprises resulted in the twelve games last night. At the outset an unusual amount of nervousness was noticeable in the players and to this is attributed the defeat of more than one couple from whom much was expected.

Tichenor and Byrd defeated Porter and Ormond without difficulty in three games that resulted; 11-3, 11-5, 11-6. Stockdell and Fuller won from Eichberg and Everett by the good scores of 11-6, 11-5, 11-3. Richards and Todd defeated Adair and Clark, 11-5, 11-6 and 11-8, and the final games between Smith and Atkinson and Thornton and Roberts ended in a victory for Smith and Atkinson by scores of 11-2, 11-9 and 11-6. One remarkable thing about the games last evening was that the losers in all the series were defeated in every game; not a single contest being taken by any defeated couple. The games between Smith and Atkinson and Thornton and Roberts were hotly contested and in brilliant work the latter couple easily surpassed the former. Steady and effective work, however, on the part of Smith and Atkinson gave them all three games. Some excellent playing is expected this week from Roberts and Thornton and their adherents believe they will be able to overcome the defeat of last night and stand a good chance for the cup.

Tonight the men will line up again at 8:30 o'clock, this time playing in the following pairs:

Tichenor and Byrd vs. Eichberg and Everett, Porter and Ormond vs. Stockdell and Fuller, Smith and Atkinson vs. Adair and Clark, Thornton and Roberts vs. Richards and Todd.

In Memory of Mrs. W. A. Hemphill.

It can truly be said, amid the brightest sunshine the darkest shadows will fall.

The grim monster, "Death," has visited a home that knew no sorrow—but where peace and happiness reigned supreme—leaving a hush of sadness o'er us all. Thus a noble Christian life has been closed in the early autumn of existence, and a pure soul wafted on angels' wings to eternity's shore.

Death is sad at all times, but O, how inexpressibly sad, how great the loss, how heavy the blow, when a "mother" is taken from home and children. What words can console the motherless, for her place can never be filled?

No pen can do justice in describing the many beautiful traits of character of this departed friend, who was so suddenly called from her loved ones a few short days ago. Her daily walk showed the ideal wife, mother, friend and Christian.

In the stillness of the midnight hour
A low tap was heard at heaven's bright door—
Holy angels! let the gates ajar
To welcome one more on that golden shore.

Oh, Father above! bless her loved ones,
Let their burdens be light to bear,
And when their weary days are o'er
Give them a golden crown to wear.

Send a bright angel from above
To guide them thro' the desert's gloom;
Let them feel that a friend is near
To brighten the shadows of the tomb.

MRS. ANNIE. THWEATT-LUCAS.

LARGE LOT OF COTTON SOLD.

Stock of Columbus Warehouses Greatly Reduced.

Columbus, Ga., October 8.—(Special.)—Columbus's warehouse stock of cotton has been reduced 2,500 bales during the past day or two. Today about 2,000 bales changed hands, being purchased from the warehouses by the shipping firms represented here. The biggest deal of the day was the purchase of 100 bales by the Georgia Cotton Company, represented here by Mr. Edgar Mayo. Mr. C. E. Porter, representing Weill Bros., also bought four or five hundred bales. Notwithstanding these good-sized sales, the local warehouses are still left fairly well stocked. The advance in New York cotton was reflected at once in the Columbus spot market today, and many people here believe that another turning point has been reached, and that the price of the staple will continue to advance again.

RAILROAD MEN TO DISCUSS VIADUCT

Will Meet for That Purpose Thursday Morning.

WILL INSPECT THE PLANS

They Will Probably Have Them Prepared by Engineers.

INVITATIONS WERE SENT RAILROADS

Five Have Replied Announcing Their Willingness To Discuss the Proposed Improvement.

The viaduct plans are being pushed to completion and it is now believed that before many weeks have elapsed the citizens of Atlanta will witness the beginning of work on an improvement for which The Constitution began a fight more than two years ago.

Last week the mayor issued letters to railroad officials asking them to meet him in his office next Thursday morning for a discussion of the plans for the viaduct. The officials have replied and nearly all of them have announced their willingness to talk over the matter with the city.

The discussion will probably be upon the plans now being drawn in the office of City Engineer Clayton, who has been at work with the assistant city engineers, W. T. B. Wilson and W. T. Wilson, since the survey of the site of the proposed improvement was made about one week ago. The plans are being worked upon daily and it is believed they will be ready for inspection by the railroad officials next Thursday morning.

The replies received by the mayor from the railroad men do not state what are their ideas concerning the viaduct, as they doubtless desire refraining from an expression of their views until they meet for a discussion with the mayor. In addition to the chief magistrate it is probable that other members of the municipal government, certainly the chairman of the finance committee of council, Councilman J. W. Pope, will be present to participate in the meeting with the railroad men.

The railroads, it is said, have all along been in favor of the Whitehall street viaduct. They recognize it as a death trap, it is said, to the thousands of citizens who daily pass over the present grade crossing, and they are anxious to avoid endangering the lives of the people. The railroads also desire the additional yard room that the erection of the viaduct would allow them and they realize it would save them valuable time in making up their trains and bringing them into the depot.

The railroad men who have announced their willingness to discuss the situation with the mayor are:

J. S. B. Thompson, of the Southern railway; J. W. Thomas, of the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis, lessee of the Western and Atlantic; John M. Egan, president of the Central of Georgia; T. K. Scott, president of the Georgia railroad, and George C. Smith, of the Atlanta and West Point.

The meeting will doubtless be very interesting and will probably be attended by a number of those who are interested in the proposed viaduct.

GLUCOSE BARREL EXPLODED.

Pedestrians on Pryor Street Were Frightened by Accident in Block Factory Yesterday.

At shortly after 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon people on South Pryor street in the vicinity of Alabama, were startled by the loud report of an explosion on an upper floor of the Block cracker factory, followed immediately by a shower of glass from a window broken by the concussion. The bits of glass scattered widely in their descent and a dozen passers-by were struck or narrowly missed being hit by them before they were further shattered on the flagstones. Smoke was seen issuing from the rear third story window and the crowd of two or three hundred people that quickly congregated below thought for a minute or two that the big building was on fire.

The cause of the noise and smoke was the explosion of a glucose barrel being steamed for the purpose of getting the remnants clinging to the sides of the barrel. The barrel exploded with terrific force, as was evident from the effect on the window, and the workmen who were steaming it had a close call from bodily injury, if not death.

NOMINEES TAKE THE OATH.

The Three Who Had Not Signed Put Their Names to the Paper Yesterday Morning.

The three nominees at the recent primary who failed on Saturday to subscribe to the oath of the city executive committee to the effect that they had spent no money for unlawful purposes during he municipal campaign, put their signatures to the paper yesterday morning. The three nominees are John C. Reed, Malvern Hill and H. H. Barefield.

They did not sign Saturday because they were not present at the meeting of the committee when all the other nominees were sworn. The committee allowed the three gentlemen until yesterday at noon to subscribe to the oath. They appeared yesterday morning at the city hall and took the regular oath, in accordance with the rules of the committee.

One Woman's Letter

SAYS

"I doctored with two of the best doctors in the city for two years and had no relief until I used the Pinkham remedies.

"My trouble was ulceration of the uterus. I suffered terribly, could not sleep nights and thought sometimes that death would be such a relief.

"To-day I am a well woman, able to do my own work, and have not a pain.

"I used four bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and three packages of Sanative Wash and cannot praise the medicines enough."—MRS. ELIZA THOMAS, 634 Pine St., Easton, Pa.

Mrs. Pinkham advises suffering women without charge.

Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co., Lynn, Mass.

For Bladder Troubles use STUART'S GIN and BUCHU.

A. SATZKY,
FINE TAILORING.
37 N. FORSYTH ST.,
Prudential Bldg.

Business Suits.

The suit you live in most of the time. We have them in single or double breasted—cut in the most approved shape, with all the fine points of this season's style. Materials in black, blue and oxford gray and an assortment of fancy plaids and stripes that makes the selection varied enough to meet all tastes.

$8.00 to $25.00.

HIRSCH BROS.
44 Whitehall St.

SOUTHERN EXPRESS CO.'S Ole Hoss Sale.

On Tuesday, October 23, 1900, at the office of Southern Auction Co., 58 Decatur street, in Atlanta, the Southern Express Company will sell, at public outcry, a lot of unclaimed packages, a full list of which can be seen at their office, No. 28 and 30 Wall street, Atlanta, Ga.

A. MONTGOMERY, Agent.

9 25 4w tue

Underwood Typewriter

The recognized superior of all Typewriters. U. S. government just purchased 400 of them for war and navy departments, after commission's decision in competitive trials, all makes contesting.

Room 203 Equitable Bldg

AUCTION SALE
—AT—
Brady-Miller Stables, Wednesday, Oct. 10, at 9 a. m.
150—HORSES—150
Consigned by Jewell & Patterson, of Kentucky, and J. S. Andrews, of Indiana, consisting of good drivers, saddlers and business horses. Be sure to attend this sale.

It's Now Up to You.

We've been telling you in our advertisements for some time past of the big preparations we were making for this Fall and Winter business. Everybody about this establishment, from bundle wrapper to the proprietors, have been exerting themselves, night and morn, to get everything in readiness for the proper reception and entertainment of our guests—the general public.

Everything Is Now Ready.

And you are cordially invited—everybody, from the largest to the smallest—to this feast of good and beautiful things we have here provided for you. You'll find it perfect and complete. There's nothing lacking in the way of wearables for

Men and Boys.

Whatever you may need or wish for in, any of the different lines of goods that are worn by them—from bottom to top, from the shoes for your feet to the hat for your head—you will find it here.

The Entire Outfit.

You can come into this store and make satisfactory selection of the entire outfit, whether it be for dress, semi-dress or strictly business, and get every article right here before leaving the store. Such a thing is possible nowhere else in this city.

The Weather Conditions

Are such as to urge you not to delay your coming, but to come at once.

Clothing, Furnishings, Hats and Shoes for Men and Boys. Merchant Tailoring, too, if you wish.

Eiseman Bros.,
Men's and Boys' Outfitters.
11, 13, 15 and 17 Whitehall St.
Only One Entrance—Old Entrance.

News of the Day in the World of Sports

AT MORRIS PARK

FAVORITES AND SECOND CHOICES DIVIDE CARD

New York, October 8.—A dull, gloomy day was responsible for a light attendance at the Morris park race track today, and those who did attend had the discomfort of going home in a heavy storm. It began to rain as the horses went to the post for the fifth race, and during the running of the sixth race it came down in torrents so that the horses, as they went up over the hill could not be distinguished. Three favorites, two strong second choices and one outsider divided the card, and from a racing standpoint a fair day's sport was enjoyed. The first Monday handicap went to Beau Ormonde. He only had Moor and Hardly to beat, and just galloped in front all the way. The Olympian, second on the card, was won on Basuto. Orienta, at long odds, made the running to the last furlong pole, where Basuto challenged and, passing her, won in a mild drive by one-half a length. Advocator, heavily backed, was third. The Ballyhoo Bey handicap went to Gold Heels. Choice cut out the running, and led by a good margin in the stretch, but in the last sixteenth Gold Heels and Colchester passed him and fought it out to the wire, the former winning by half a length.

Compensation won the fourth race from the long shot, Belgrade, and Annoy, at the false price of 10 to 1, galloped home in the fifth, while Olea, who had made the early running, lasted long enough to take the place a head before the favorite, The Amazon. The Potente made all the pace in the last race, and splashed home in the rain and mud four lengths before Charentus.

Fifth Race—First Monday handicap, seven furlongs: Beau Ormonde, 104, McCue, 9 to 5, won; Moor, 99, O'Connor, 13 to 5 and 1 to 2, second; Hardly, 109, McJoynt, 16 to 10, third. Time, 1:27¾. Three starters.

Second Race—The Olympian, five and a half furlongs: Basuto, 112, Bullman, 6 to 1, won; Orienta, 109, Burns, 20 to 1 and 6 to 1, second; Advocator, 112, Henry, 5 to 1, third. Time 1:07¾. Cornelian, Yelp, Add, Spry, Nonparell, Maria Bolton ran.

Third Race—Ballyhoo Bey handicap, six and a half furlongs: Gold Heels, 119, O'Connor, 8 to 5, won; Colchester, 100, Slack, 5 to 2 and 4 to 5, second; Choice, 102, Mitchell, 10 to 1, third. Time, 1:21. The Rhymer and Salamis ran.

Fourth Race—Mile: Compensation, 100, Burns, 6 to 5, won; Belgrade, 95, Miles, 20 to 1 and 6 to 1, second; Watt Not, 100, Shaw, 5 to 1, third. Time, 1:41. Hammock, Lady of the Vale, Carbuncle, Bettie Gray, Star Chime, St. Finnan and Sea Robber ran.

Fifth Race—Mile, selling: Annoy, 96, Miles, 10 to 1, won; Olea, 91, Slack, 8 to 1 and 3 to 1, second; The Amazon, 99, Shaw, 6 to 5, third. Time, 1:42⅘. Prestidigitator, Brisk, Nabocklish, Bombshell ran.

Sixth Race—Over the hill, handicap, mile and a sixteenth: Potente, 113, Burns, 2 to 1, won; Charentus, 115, Bullman, 6 to 1 and 8 to 5, second; Intrusive, 128, Henry, 8 to 5, third. Time, 1:49. First Whip ran.

Morris Park Entries for Today.

First Race—Six and a half furlongs: Mr. George Simons, 115; Islington, Come To Order, Miss Mitchell, Hultzitpochtle, Ellen B., Draughtsman, 112; Prince Richard, 110; West Baden, Walter Cleary, Hopbrook, Captain January, Armor, Dyke, Fatalist, Lizzie Regent, Island Princess, Frank Webb, 107.

Second Race—The Withers mile: Favonius, 110; Sparrow Wing, Excelsis, Godfrey, 102; Toluca, 97; The Chamberlain, 95; Water Cure, 92; Last Chord, Charawind, 87.

Third Race—Rancho Del Paso, Eclipse course: Alard Scheck, 122; Demurrer, Silverdale, 115, Telamon, 109; Maximus, Bedeck, Autolight, 105.

Fourth Race—The Fairview, mile and one-sixteenth, over the hill: Asquith, 110; Worcester Boy, 107; Greenock, 102.

Fifth Race—Selling, Withers mile: MacLeod of Dare, Millstream, 104; Belle of Orleans, Prestidigitator, Alvarado II, 102; Harry McCoun, 98; Magic Light, 95.

Sixth Race—Handicap, Withers mile: Intrusive, 126; Raffaello, 118; Belle of Troy, 110; Bangor, 106; Duori, 105; Eloim, Herbert, 99; Sparrow Wing, 92.

GERMANY SHORT ON COTTON.

Supply Is Wholly Inadequate to the Demand.

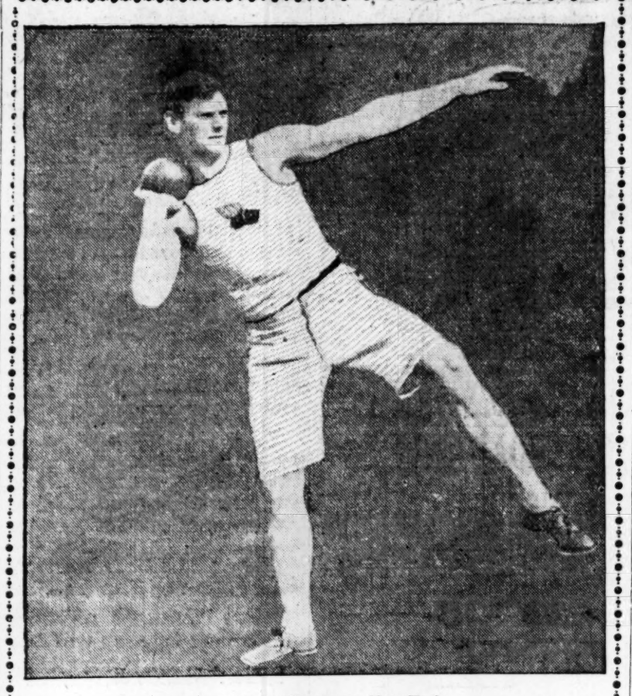
Washington, October 8.—"If, for some reason, Germany should be cut off for one year from her cotton supply, there would be a crisis of incalculable consequences," says United States Consul Winter, at Annaberg, in a report to the state department upon the cotton consumption in that country. In order to guard against any possible exigency, the German Colonial Association, says Consul Winter, recently sent a petition to the imperial chancellor requesting that every means be used to introduce cotton growing in the different German colonies where climate and soil favor. With the exception of about $17,000 worth of cotton grown in one little colony, Germany is entirely dependent upon the United States and England for this commodity, and she consumes more of it than any nation of the continent. This accounts for her desire to produce her own cotton.

"Germany, France and England," says the consul, "have never forgotten the days of the civil war, when their cotton supply was completely cut off by the blockade of the southern states."

There is a tendency, he says, on the part of the cotton industries to gravitate toward the centers of production—that is, the United States, England and the East Indies. The shifting of cotton mills and manufactures to these points saves time and money, and the problem which confronts Germany is to insure a cotton supply that can be absolutely depended upon in peace or war.

Rain Stops Two Games.

Philadelphia, October 8.—Philadelphia and Brooklyn were to have played two games here today, but a heavy shower stopped the game when each side had scored one run.



Photograph by Courtenez, New York.

One of the most interesting athletes in America is Dick Sheldon, of New York Athletic Club. His shot-putting is marvelous, and his all-around work is well up to date. This photograph, showing Sheldon in his most characteristic pose, was taken especially for us.

KINLOCH PARK

CELTIC BARD WINS IN A DRIVING FINISH

St. Louis, October 8.—In the first event at Kinloch park this afternoon Celtic Bard, who was the best horse and favorite, after being in trouble at several points on the route, won by a head in a driving finish. The big betting race was the fourth event, a six furlong dash, which was won by Miss Mae Day, Dominick up. Owing to the condition of the track, Doublet was made the favorite and a ton of money was wagered on him. H. D. Brown's sprinter, Gold Or, who was third choice, ran a great race. Two favorites, three second choices and one outsider won. Track fair. Attendance good and the talent broke a little to the good for the day.

FIRST RACE—Selling, one mile: Celtic Bard, 104, Coburn, 11 to 2, won; W. B. Gates, 104, Dominick, 6 to 5, second; Tickful, 98, Bassinger, 7 to 1, third. Time, 1:46. Elbe, John Morton, Ladas and Alvin W also ran.

SECOND RACE—Selling, six furlongs: Maydine, 107, Howell, 7 to 2, won; Belle of the Glen, 102, Bassinger, 30 to 1, second; William Boyer, 86, Cochran, 30 to 1, third. Time, 1:18½. Our Lady, Kitchener, Tom Collins and Grayless also ran.

THIRD RACE—Five and a half furlongs, purse, two year olds: Orleans, 100, Wedderstrand, 4 to 1, won; Isobel, 90, May, 3 to 1, second; Farmer Bennett, 101, Coburn, 15 to 1, third. Time, 1:10½. Albert F. Dewey, Small Jack, Propeller and King Raine also ran.

FOURTH RACE—Six furlongs, purse: Miss Mae Day, 99, Dominick, 8 to 5, won; Gold Or, 105, Wedderstrand, 4 to 1, second; Elsie Barnes, 99, Bassinger, 50 to 1, third. Time, 1:16½. Doublet also ran.

FIFTH RACE—Mile and a sixteenth, purse: Love's Labour, 103, Coburn, 3 to 5, won; Alice Turner, 97, Cochran, 4 to 1, second; Pinochle, 104, Bassinger, 4 to 1, third. Time, 1:52. Hi Nocker also ran.

SIXTH RACE—Selling, one mile and a sixteenth: Grey Forge, 100, Wedderstrand, 2½ to 1, won; El Caney, 103, Dominick, 8 to 5, second; Miss Patron, 101, R. Murphy, 20 to 1, third. Time, 1:52⅘. Sallie Lamar, Two Annies, Judge Steadman and Virgie O also ran.

Entries at Kinloch Park for Today.

First Race—Selling, one and one-eighth miles: Linden Ella, 95; Sylvian, Rouge et Noir, Ella Martin II, 91; Nance O'Neil, Will Fay, 98; Joe Gammage, 110; Waldeck, 96; Mr. Brookwood, Omella, Celeste D'Or, Eighor, 107.

Second Race—Selling, one mile: Orris, Orlandine, 99; Capron, 105; Elbe, Miss Loretta, Coral, Lexell, Eleanor K, Armand, 93; Benham, Old Fox, Imp Kimmage, 102.

Third Race—Selling, five-eights of a mile for two-year-olds: Mr. Smith, 108; Black Jew, Bender, 113; Prosper La Gal, 118; Elsie Del, Tea Gown, 110; Miss Golightly, The Thrush, Downhearted, 105; Scorpolette, Belle of Elgin, Reina del Celia, 115.

Fourth Race—Selling, one mile; Colonel Gay, Mystery, Veloce, 110; Jack Adie, Uhlers, Delsart, Reefer, Moss Rose, Revenue, Stuttgart, Debilise, Stellia Berkley, 107.

Fifth Race—Selling, five and one-half furlongs: Profit Precision, 109; Tennison, 117; Al Lone, Miss Lynah, Empyreal, 96; Peritus, Poyntz, Curd Gillock, 99; Hottentot, 112, Aunt Mary, Miss Bramble, 114.

Sixth Race—Selling, three-quarters of a mile: Eugene Wickes, 102; Kitchener, Captain Gaines, 107; Terra Incognito, Four Leaf C., Tom Kingsley, Necklace, Maggie Davis, 109; Nobleman, Ned Wickes, Skillman, Douster Swivel, 105.

THREE NEGRO GAMBLERS WERE convicted before Judge A. E. Calhoun in the city criminal court yesterday. They were Jim Dozier, who was fined $50 or eight months on the public works; Robert Hart, who was also fined $50 or eight months on the public works, and Will McLinden, who was ordered to pay a fine of $50 or go to the county public works for ten months. All pleaded not guilty, but the jury in each case returned a verdict of guilty.

AT HARLEM.

JOCKEY BOLAND SERIOUSLY INJURED AT CHICAGO

Chicago, October 8.—Jockey Boland was seriously injured in the second race at Harlem today. At the conclusion of the race The Barrister bolted after passing the judges' stand and ran on the outside rail near the paddock gate. Boland's left foot was caught, spraining the ankle and badly crushing his toes. The accident was so painful the boy fainted, fell off and had to be carried back to the jockeys' dressing room. The race was won by Goal Runner, second choice in the betting, with Highland Lad second at 10 to 1 and Sir Christopher third.

Royal Victor won the first race without much effort. Specific and Scarlet Lily had a bittle royal in the fourth race in which the former won by a nose in the last stride. Weather clear; track fast. Summary:

FIRST RACE—Five furlongs: Royal Victor, 105, Tally, 4 to 1, won; Mateo, 113, Boland, 4 to 1, second; Tola, 115, Buchanan, 5 to 1, third. Time 1:01 1-5. Robert Waddell, El Oriente, Lord Liza, Red Signal, Lord Roberts, Senex Gloria also ran.

SECOND RACE—Six furlongs: Goal Runner 109, Devin, 16 to 5, won; Highland Lad, 109, Ransom, 10 to 1, second; Sir Christopher, 109, Wilkerson, 9 to 2, third. Time 1:13¾. Sim W., Irish Jewel, Banish, Alpaca, Mountebank, The Barrister also ran.

THIRD RACE—Steeplechase, short course: Arquebus, 146, Moxley, 6 to 5, won; Alice H., 136, Ezgerson, 5 to 1, second; Manchie, 136, Saffell, 6 to 1, third. Time 3:46 2-5. Nicholas also ran. Dr. Coop ran out.

FOURTH RACE—Mile, selling: Specific, 105, Tally, 7 to 5, won; Scarlet Lily, 102, Alexander, 16 to 5, second; Wax, 105, Bergen, 9 to 1, third. Time 1:41 4-5. Dissenter, Woodrice also ran.

FIFTH RACE—Six furlongs: Bonnie Lissak, 103, Buchanan, 17 to 10, won; Bowen, 100, T. Knight, 9 to 1, second; Port Wine, 97, Devin, 7 to 2, third. Time 1:14 2-5. Fancywood, His Eminence, Wall, St. Sedna, Fioranthe also ran.

SIXTH RACE—Mile and an eighth, selling: Gogmoosey, 107, T. Knight, 4 to 1, won; Trebor, 105, J. Martin, 18 to 5, second; Nettie Regent, 102, Buchanan, 9 to 2, third. Time 1:54 3-5. Dad Steel, Koenig, Pay the Fiddler, Kentucky Babe, Hold Up, Ben Chance, Sam McKeever, Climacus also ran.

Harlem Entries for Today.

First Race—Six furlongs, selling: Jim Gore II, Rival Dare, Gala Day, Village Pride, Loyaletta, Peace, 99; Pirate J., Sidbow, 105; Goebel, Abe Furst, 106; Emma R., Julia Rose, Jake Weber, 94; L. T. Caton 103; Pope Leo, 102; MacLaren, 97.

Second Race—Nine-sixteenths of a mile: Tenny Belle, Maud Reding, Natural Gas, Telephone Girl, Maude Gonne, 103; Jiminez, 118; Bob Acre, Hy Lo, Henry Reverdin, 201 Amoroso, 112; Shut Up, 106.

Third Race—Owners' handicap, one mile: Candleback, Found, LaGoleta, Coltness, Chappauqua, 103; Star Chamber, Precursor, 95.

Fourth Race—Harlem turf congress handicap, value $3,000, mile and three-sixteenths: Advance Guard, 115; The Lady, 106; Knight Banneret, 95; The Unknown, 107, Mintsauce, 109; Pay the Fiddler, 100; Cambrian 113, and Zerano, 111, coupled as Respess entry; Our Nellie, 101; Florizar, 109; The Devil, 105.

Fifth Race—Eleven-sixteenths of a mile: Miss Conrad, Bessie Macklin, 109; Sharp Bird, 112; Sly, May Beach, 119.

Sixth Race—Six furlongs: Bugaboo, 105; Pirates Queen, Miss Daniels, Fondo, 99; Hanswurst, Tonicum, 110; Light Ball, 103; Red Apple, 102; Cora Goetz, 109; Edith Q., 107; La Desirous, 103; Ed Adack, 101.

Seventh Race—One and one-sixteenth miles, selling: Aurea, 92; Louisville, Aloha II, 98; Wax, 101; Owensboro, 99; Charlie O'Brien, 108; Dad Steel, 101; Clay Pointer, 107; Malaise, 101; Hoods Brigade, 103.

FIRST GAME NEXT SATURDAY.

University Football Team Will Meet the Techs in Atlanta.

Athens, Ga., October 8.—(Special.)—Next Saturday the University of Georgia football team will open the 1900 season in Atlanta by meeting the representatives of the Georgia School of Technology.

The game should be close and exciting, as the university team has not yet attained championship form, and if the reports be true the Tech team is by far the strongest yet put forth by that institution. Last year Georgia easily defeated the Techs by a score of 34 to 0, but the university team was composed of veterans, while the "smithies" were green and inexperienced. This year the conditions are reversed and a battle royal should result.

After two weeks of light preliminary practice in which only twenty or twenty-five candidates for the 1900 'varsity team have taken part, the outlook for a strong eleven is not promising. The manifestation of a lack of spirit has all but crushed the hopes for a championship team. A pall of depression seems to have descended on the squad and nothing but herculean efforts by Captain McCutcheon and Coach Jones can awaken the candidates to a realization of the situation. Only a marvelous revival of interest can enable the team successfully to play the schedule Manager Davis has arranged, which is as follows:

October 13th—Technological school at Atlanta.
October 20th—University of South Carolina at Athens.
October 27th—Sewanee at Atlanta.
November 10th—Clemson at Athens.
November 17th—University of North Carolina at Raleigh or Charlotte.
November 29th, Thanksgiving Day—Auburn at Atlanta.

AT LEXINGTON.

WEATHER COLD AND RAW AND THE TRACK HEAVY

Lexington, October 8.—The track today was in a miserable condition owing to the continuous rain of Sunday and the weather was cold and raw. Notwithstanding this the people came out. The Ashland stake for 2:16 trotters dwindled down to a field of three starters and the great contest between Charley Herr and Boralma did not materialize as the latter was withdrawn for reasons satisfactory to Mr. Lawson, his owner. Herr was a big favorite over the other two at $50 to $9. Before the first race was called Jimmy Gatcomb, driver of Boralma, was thrown from the sulky in which he was driving First Love and was severely bruised and shaken up. The mare ran away and was caught in a harrow and thrown. She was not hurt, but her sulky was smashed.

Charley Herr was never in trouble in the Ashland stake, for he won with all ease in each heat by from six to ten lengths and was never extended. The time was slow and the race without much interest. Neeretta got second money and Pilatus third. This makes Herr a double winner at this meeting, the only races ever won by him over the Lexington track.

The Walnut Hill cup was won in a handy manner by the Wisconsin gelding, Chain Shot, in straight heats, after losing the first to Chestnut King, who got second money.

There was nothing in the 2:15 pace but Ione, the favorite, who won off the reel straight. Summary:

The Ashland, $3,000, 2:16 trotters: Charley Herr, b. h., by Alfredi G. (Kelly), won. Best time 2:14. Neeretta, Pilatus finished as named.

Walnut Hall cup, $3,000, for 2:16 trotters: Chain Shot, b. g., by Red Heart, (West) won. Best time 2:15½. Chestnut King, Aggie Medium, Frank Creamer, Gracie Onward, Maggie Anderson, Lady Geraldine, Annie Burns, Captor finished as named.

2:15 pace, purse $500: Ione, br. m., by Moody (Carson), won. Best time 2:14¾. Nonamie, Sapphira, Rex, Saul, Billy Boggs, Baughman finished as named.

BASEBALL GAMES

Standing of National League Clubs.

Clubs.	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Per C.
Brooklyn	133	87	52	.609
Pittsburg	135	77	58	.570
Philadelphia	134	72	62	.537
Boston	134	65	69	.485
Chicago	139	64	73	.468
Cincinnati	137	62	75	.452
St. Louis	137	62	75	.452
New York	135	57	78	.429

NATIONAL LEAGUE GAMES.

St. Louis Loses Two Games.

St. Louis, October 8.—Pittsburg easily took the double header today. Waddell pitched sensational ball in the first game and received perfect support. The second game was a listless one. Attendance 1,300. Score:

First game—	R	H	E
St. Louis	0	4	2
Pittsburg	14	14	0

Batteries—Jones and Criger; Waddell and Zimmer. Time, one hour and forty minutes. Umpire, Emslie.

Second game—	R	H	E
St. Louis	7	7	4
Pittsburg	8	8	6

Batteries—Sudhoff and Criger; Tannehill and Zimmer. Time, one hour and fifty-five minutes. Umpire, Emslie.

Cincinnati Takes Both Games.

Chicago, October 8.—A double header with Cincinnati closed the season here today, the visitors taking both games. Attendance 950. Scores:

First game—	R	H	E
Chicago	4	13	10
Cincinnati	13	14	4

Batteries—Menefee and Donahue; Hahn and Kahoe. Time, onehour and forty-five minutes. Umpire, O'Day.

Second game—	R	H	E
Cincinnati	9	11	4
Cincinnati	9	11	5

Batteries—Taylor and Dexter; Phillips and Kahoe. Called on account of darkness after two were out in the ninth. Time, one hour and forty minutes.

Reservations Are Made.

Washington, October 8.—President N. E. Young announces that the following reservations of National Agreement Ball Players have been made for the season of 1901:

Virginia League—Norfolk: P. J. Conroy, George Rochelle, Ben Beaumont, N. J. Sullivan, James A. Smith, E. M. Grilligan, William Sutch, Henry Deisel, F. Hempleman, Ike Durrett, Ed High and Reel Gilligan.

Contagious Blood Poison

There is no poison so highly contagious, so deceptive and so destructive. Don't be too sure you are cured because all external signs of the disease have disappeared, and the doctor says you are well. Many persons have been dosed with Mercury and Potash for months or years, and pronounced cured—to realize when too late that the disease was only covered up—driven from the surface to break out again, and to their sorrow and mortification find those nearest and dearest to them have been infected by this loathsome disease, for no other poison is so surely transmitted from parent to child as this. Often a bad case of Rheumatism, Catarrh, Scrofula or severe skin disease, an old sore or ulcer developing in middle life, can be traced to blood poison contracted in early life, for it remains smoldering in the system forever, unless properly treated and driven out in the beginning. S. S. S. is the only antidote for this peculiar virus, the only remedy known that can overcome it and drive it out of the blood, and it does this so thoroughly and effectually that there is never a return of the disease to embarrass or humiliate you afterwards.

Like Begets Like. *The Sin of the Parent.*

SSS cures Contagious Blood Poison in any and all stages; contains no mineral to break down your constitution; it is purely vegetable and the only blood purifier known that cleanses the blood and at the same time builds up the general health.

Our little book on contagious blood poison is the most complete and instructive ever issued; it not only tells all about this disease, but also how to cure yourself at home. It is free and should be in the hands of everyone seeking a cure. Send for it.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

Guthman Steam Laundry,
The Finest in the South.
130 & 132 Peachtree St., ATLANTA, GA.
Agents wanted in Georgia and Alabama

DESIRE TO KEEP PASTOR

Presbyterians Do Not Wish To Lose Dr. Rice.

PRESBYTERY TO BE VISITED

Committee from the Church Congregation Will Go to Barnesville To Resist the Call.

Members of the congregations of the Central Presbyterian church are greatly disturbed over the news that a call has been extended by the Second church at Louisville, Ky., for Rev. Theron Rice. Steps have been taken to see that the call does not reach their pastor, whom they desire shall remain here.

A committee was appointed from the congregation on Sunday to attend the meeting of the presbytery at Barnesville this week for the express purpose of resisting the call. The committee is composed of Judge Howard Van Epps, Charles S. Arnall, Major J. C. Whitner, Fred W. Cole and J. C. Kirkpatrick.

Besides the appointment of this committee, which consists of two elders, two deacons and one representative from the congregation, resolutions appropriate to the occasion were presented by Luncien L. Knight and adopted. Mr. Knight was proposed as a member of the committee, but he was unable to serve on account of other important business, which would not permit of his going to Barnesville.

The resolutions were as follows:

Be it resolved by the congregation of the Central Presbyterian church.

First, That while submitting ourselves humbly to the will of God in whatever concerns the welfare of our church, we desire as a congregation to give expression to the unbounded love and esteem which we entertain for our pastor and to the lively concern with which we look upon any threatened severance of the tie between pastor and people at this particular time when not only the vital interests of our own church are seemingly at stake, but also those of our entire Presbyterian communion of Georgia.

Second, That we earnestly and prayerfully hope that God in His wisdom will not see fit to take our pastor from us at this time, but that He will permit him to lead us into wider and greener fields of usefulness, and that we pledge him our renewed co-operation and support in his effort to promote the welfare of our church and to upbuild the kingdom of Christ.

GILMER SUPERIOR COURT.

Judge Gober Charges the Grand Jury. Visiting Lawyers.

Ellijay, Ga., October 8.—(Special.)—Gilmer superior court convened this morning at 10 o'clock. The grand jury was organized by electing Mr. Albert E. Sharp foreman. Judge George F. Gober's charge to the grand jury was able, impartial and dignified. This is the judge's first term of court in Gilmer county since his re-election. He carried this county in the primary by a vote of 25 to 1 over his opponent and is very popular with our people.

Solicitor General Tom Hutcherson is present looking after the state's interest.

The following attorneys are present: Colonel A. S. Clay, United States senator; Colonel C. D. Phillips, Colonel Newton A. Morris, Charles H. Grisn, Marietta, Ga.; Colonel George L. Teasley, Colonel E. W. Coleman, Canton, Ga.; Victor Smith, Atlanta; C. R. Dupree, Blue Ridge; J. P. Bates, Spring Place.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of
The Kind You Have Always Bought

For Gravel use STUART'S GIN and BUCHU.

A Splendid Investment....

The high standard of the SHOES sold at this store is due to the fact that they are made from the best material, by the most careful and painstaking and leading manufacturers of the world.

We have made it our aim to select this class of Footwear, feeling confident that the people would appreciate the BEST and most stylish Shoes made.

ALL THE NEWEST STYLES IN MEN'S, WOMEN'S AND CHILDREN'S FALL AND WINTER SHOES SHOWN HERE AT POPULAR PRICES.

R. C. Black

SIGN BRASS TRACKS.
35 WHITEHALL STREET.

STATE OF GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—Whereas, on the 15th day of January, 1894, Susan R. Prim, of said county, made and executed a promissory note to Mrs. Mary E. Sweetapple, for the sum of $2,500, payable on the 15th day of January, 1899, with interest from the date thereof at the rate of 8 per cent per annum, and did execute and deliver to the said Mary E. Sweetapple on the same date, a deed to certain property hereinafter described, for the purpose of securing the payment of said promissory note, which deed is recorded in book "Y4," at page 209 of the Record of Deeds of Fulton county, Georgia, in which deed, by the terms thereof, said Susan R. Prim gave to the said Mary E. Sweetapple, in the event said note should not be paid promptly at maturity, full right, power and authority to sell said property at public outcry to the highest bidder at the courthouse door in Fulton county, after advertising the same once a week for four weeks, and conveying the same by deed to the purchaser in the name of the said Susan R. Prim, in as full and ample a manner as she might do if personally acting therein, and apply the proceeds thereof, or so much as might be necessary, to the satisfaction of the principal, interest and attorney's fees that might be due on said note, as well as the cost of advertising the property for sale, and all other reasonable expenses and charges as might be necessarily incurred in bringing said property to sale and conveying same to the purchaser, such as auctioneer's commissions and the like, and paying over the surplus, if any, to the said Susan R. Prim, her heirs or assigns, and giving to the said Mary E. Sweetapple the right, if the property should fail to bring enough to pay off all said debt, costs, charges and expenses, to purchase the same at said sale and acquire an absolute fee simple title thereto.

And whereas, the said Susan R. Prim and her assigns have failed to pay said promissory note upon the maturity thereof, and the same still remains past due and unpaid, with interest from the 15th day of January, 1900, at the rate of 8 per cent per annum.

Now, therefore, the said Mary E. Sweetapple, for the purpose of paying said debt, interest, charges and expenses, by virtue of said power and authority, will sell at the courthouse door in Fulton county, Georgia, within the legal hours of sale, on the first Tuesday in November, 1900, the said property, the same being described as follows, to-wit:

All that tract or parcel of land situate, lying and being in the county of Fulton, in said state of Georgia, situated on the south side of Rawson street, in the city of Atlanta, commencing at a point one hundred and twenty-one (121) feet west of the present southwest corner of Washington and Rawson streets, (being described in former deeds as 125 and 135 feet west of said corner, because of Washington street having been formerly narrower than it is at present), and extending fom thence west along Rawson street seventy-five (75) feet, thence south one hundred (100) feet, thence east parallel with Rawson street seventy-five (75) feet, and thence north to beginning point one hundred (100) feet, as now enclosed, with the improvements thereon, being a part of lot No. 72, of block No. 9 of land lot No. 78, in the 14th district of said county.

MARY E. SWEETAPPLE.
By Hammond & Skeen, Attorneys.
oct 9 16 23 30 tues

The Knotty Problem Solved.....

THE WONDER STOVE FOR WOOD

. . . . . It is the greatest chunk, stump and knot burning Stove you ever saw. It saves the expense of splitting.

The Wonder Will heat your parlor, sitting room, dining room, bed room or office, from zero to 100 degrees Farenheit in fifteen minutes.

Will positively hold fire the year around if you put a stick of wood in it every ten or twelve hours.

Is the cleanest stove in the world. No ashes. No dust. It is the safest Stove known, as it is absolutely air-tight.

The Wonder has no equal, and possesses more features of merit than any stove on the market today. The increased demand for it is sufficient evidence of its superiority.

The stove is rightly named and bears out its title in every particular.

A cord of wood will go as far as two tons of coal, give a more intense heat and penetrates every corner of the room. We have them as LOW as

$2.75

But this style and size we are now selling for $10.00, which is beyond any question the most comfortable, cleanest and cheapest stove on the market.

WISE PEOPLE

will not wait until the winter's blast bears down upon them, but will buy now and be ready. Come to our old stand and look at our magnificent display of Heating Stoves.

KING HARDWARE COMPANY
63 PEACHTREE STREET.

Satisfaction

is unusual with "Five-Cent cigar smokers," but it has been the every-day experience of hundreds of thousands of men who have smoked

Old Virginia Cheroots

during the last thirty years, because they are just as good now—in fact, better than when they were first made.

Three hundred million Old Virginia Cheroots smoked this year. Ask your own dealer. Price, 3 for 5 cents.

NEW COMPANY TO FURNISH LIGHTS

Police Board Contracts with Atlanta Railway Co.

STEAM HEAT IN CONTRACT

City Will Save Nearly One Thousand Dollars—Connection To Be Made with Steam Heating Plant at Once—How Matter Came Up.

The city of Atlanta, through the board of police commissioners, made a contract last night with the Atlanta Railway and Power Company for electric lights for the police barracks.

This is the first contract that has been made for lights from the new company, and the fact that it was made with the city is significant.

The contract made between the police department and the Atlanta Railway and Power Company was dual, it being for both lights and steam heat. Under the double contract the city will save nearly $1,000. The heat is to be furnished by the Atlanta Heating Company.

The city department has been paying for lights and steam heat about $2,500 a year. Under the new contract the cost for lights and heat will be only $1,750.

The company not being in a fix just now to furnish lights, owing partly to some recent local municipal history, the contract was drawn up for steam heat on the condition that if the steam heat was taken the lights would also be taken later on.

The proposition of the Atlanta Railway and Power Company to furnish lights and the Steam Heating Copany to furnish heat for the police barracks was read two or three months ago and laid on the table. Afterwards it was referred to a special committee, composed of Commissioners Patterson, Johnson and Fox. That committee reported last night, Chairman Patterson stating that the committee had unanimously reported in favor of closing the contract with the company.

What It Saves the City.

It was shown from a report of Chief Manly that the police department had been paying out for coal, engineers, repairs, etc., together with the $1,000 for lights, about $2,500 a year.

"The bid our committee has reported to accept," stated Chairman Patterson, "offers us lights for $960 and steam heat for $550. We are to accept the steam heat contract at once, conditionally that we later accept the light contract. If we take the heat we will have to take the lights. The city will save about $800 a year, enough to pay for another policeman. The committee has gone over the matter very carefully, and we see so clearly a saving that we were united in reporting favorably."

On motion of Commissioner Jones the committee's report was adopted, and the committee empowered to close a contract with the company for heat and lights, the contract to be drawn up by the city attorney.

The matter was discussed but little. Mayor Woodward stated that the city had contracted for coal. Commissioner Patterson said the company would take all the coal the city didn't want.

As to the Light Contract.

The mayor also suggested that perhaps the lights for the police barracks were included in the general contract which the city had already made for electric lights. Commissioner English stated that the lights for the police barracks were contracted for separately by the board of police commissioners.

Under the contract for steam heating the police barracks will be furnished with steam from the plant, at the intersection of Butler street and the railroad, from November 1st to May 1st of the following year. If any heat should be needed in May the company will agree to furnish that extra.

Connections will be made this morning with the steam heating main, and in a few days the police barracks will have the new system of heating.

While the steam heating was discussed by the commissioners last night, the contract for electric lights appeared to be of much more interest.

An Old-Time Barbecue.

Milledgeville, Ga., October 8.—(Special.) On Wednesday next there will be an old-fashioned barbecue in Milledgeville. The people of Baldwin and adjoining counties, men, women and children, will meet on the campus of the old capitol, where everything is in readiness for the great feast. Tables have been constructed, hundreds of yards in length, and a large number of carcasses have been prepared for the pit. Great interest is being shown in this matter and it promises to be a great success. Among the speakers booked for the occasion are: Governor Candler, Hon. F. G. duBignon, Hon. Harvie Jordan, Hon. C. L. Bartlett, Hon. Pope Brown, Hon. James M. Griggs and Hon. A. S. Clay.

Dead Body Found Near Americus.

Americus, Ga., October 8.—(Special.)—The body of a negro with bullet holes in the abdomen, was found on the railroad track below Americus today. The murderers had robbed the pockets of the deceased and left the body for vultures. This is the second mysterious murder of negroes committed recently, and in both instances robbery instigated the crime.

If you want to keep your gray hair and have your friends and neighbors think you are twenty years older than you really are, you can. And if you want to have the old color restored and renewed you can. Either is easy—Ayer's Hair Vigor *will* restore color to gray hair.

J. C. AYER COMPANY,
Practical Chemists, Lowell, Mass.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla | Ayer's Hair Vigor
Ayer's Pills | Ayer's Cherry Pectoral
Ayer's Ague Cure | Ayer's Comatone

MARSH FUNERAL OCCURS TODAY

Dr. Henry McDonald Will Conduct the Services.

INTERMENT AT OAKLAND

Large Escort Will Accompany the Body to the Grave.

MR. MARSH'S DEATH CAUSED SORROW

He Was One of Atlanta's Foremost Citizens and Did Much To Build Up the City.

Although not unexpected, the announcement of the death of Mr. E. W. Marsh in yesterday's Constitution came almost like a shock to his scores of friends throughout the city. Expressions of regret were heard on all sides and many tributes were paid to the sterling integrity which controlled Mr. Marsh's course in life.

This afternoon the remains will be laid to rest in Oakland and the sod will close over one who was a potent factor in the upbuilding of Atlanta.

The funeral will take place from the residence, 149 Washington street, at 3:30 o'clock. The services will be conducted by Dr. Henry McDonald, who was for years pastor of the Second Baptist church. Dr. McDonald will be assisted by Rev. A. W. Knight, dean of St. Philip's cathedral, and Dr. J. W. Quillian, pastor of Trinity church.

The following gentlemen will act as pallbearers: Mr. Henry Dawson, Mr. Frank Perryman, Mr. William Eckford, Mr. John Coggins, Mr. Henry S. Johnson, Dr. R. D. Spalding, Mr. W. P. Pattillo, Mr. W. W. Draper.

The honorary escort, composed of Mr. Marsh's closest friends and former business associates, will be as follows:

Mr. J. G. St. Amand, Major Hansell, Mr. G. T. Dodd, Dr. Olmstead, Mr. J. G. Oglesby, Colonel Westmoreland, Judge Van Epps, Captain W. A. Ellis, Mr. A. D. Adair, Mr. E. W. Martin, Mr. George Lowndes, Mr. Frank M. Coker, Sr., Mr. Elijah Brown, Judge George Hillyer, Mr. Aaron Haas, Mr. Charles Martin, Mr. E. H. Thornton, Mr. T. B. Neal, Mr. A. B. Steele, Judge Hammond, Mr. R. J. Lowry, Mr. Walker Inman, Mr. James E. Hickey, Dr. E. P. Alexander, Dr. J. S. Todd, Mr. Charles E. Currier, Judge John L. Hopkins, Mr. Charles T. Hopkins, Mr. George A. Speer, Mr. John A. Smith, Mr. Henry Leonard, Mr. W. L. Peel, Mr. T. D. Meador, Mr. Charles Kingsbery, Mr. Albert E. Thornton, Mr. James E. Watson, Mr. Hamilton Crankshaw, Sr., Mr. John M. Hill, Mr. Joe C. Crankshaw, Mr. J. Carroll Payne, Mr. Charles McClendon, Mr. J. J. Farnsworth, Mr. H. E. W. Palmer, Mr. Clifford B. Grimes, Mr. W. S. Thompson, Mr. John S. Cleghorn, Mr. Lowndes Calhoun, Mr. Charles D. Hill, Mr. Thomas B. Paine, Mr. Joseph T. Orme, Mr. B. S. Sharpe, Mr. J. C. Peck, Dr. Robert Ridley, Captain W. S. Everett, Dr. J. D. Turner, Judge Samuel Lumpkin, Mr. Will Kiser.

A telegram was received yesterday by Superintendent of County Schools M. L. Brittain from his father in law, Rev. Henry McDonald, who stated he would arrive in Atlanta this morning at 11 o'clock to assist in the funeral service.

When you say your blood is impure and appetite poor you are admitting your need of Hood's Sarsaparilla. Begin taking it at once.

ATLANTA TO CHATTANOOGA AND RETURN—ONE FARE,

Via Western and Atlantic Railroad, the Short Line.

Tickets to be sold October 8th and 9th. Limited to October 13 1900. Account meeting Chickamauga and Chattanooga National Park Commission, reunion Army of Cumberland C. V. and meeting Spanish war veterans. Call on
C. B. WALKER, T. A.
Union Depot—J. A. THOMAS, T. A.
H. F. SMITH, T. M. No. 1 Pryor St.
C. E. HARMAN, G. P. A.

CHAS. H. BLACK, AGENT NATIONAL SURETY CO.

The National Surety Company, of New York, which has heretofore been managed by John S. Cohen, of this city, as general agent, will in the future be represented by Charles H. Black, of this city.

Thomas F. Goodrich, vice president of the company, was in Atlanta Saturday, and made the appointment. John S. Cohen has been made the editor of The Atlanta Journal, and has given up the active management of the surety company, although he retains the position of resident vice president.

CHARLES H. BLACK.

Mr. Black is a son of E. P. Black and brother of E. R. and W. H. Black. He has had much experience in the surety business, having filled the position of head clerk for the American Surety Company during the past two years. He is a graduate of the Boys' High school of Atlanta and of the University of Georgia. Although he is one of the youngest agents in the south, he is an active worker, and will doubtless fill his new position of responsibility with credit to himself and his company. Mr. Black has moved his offices from the top floor of the English-American building to the second floor of the Prudential building.

The National Surety Company, though one of the late surety companies in the field, is already ranked among the foremost of its kind in the United States.

Robert B. Cone, auditor of the National Surety Company, is in the city on general business for the company, and will be for several days at the Hotel Aragon.

STATE'S INCOME IS ON INCREASE

Quarterly Report of Prison Commission Is Filed.

PRISON FARM IS PAYING

Report from Milledgeville Shows the Sale of the Farm Products Has Gone Over $20,000—The Institution Is Self Supporting.

The amount due the state from the hire of convicts for the quarter ending October 1st, is $50,316.53. Should the next quarter, ending January 1, 1901, call for practically the same revenue, the income of the state for the year from the leasing of convicts will amount to over $200,000

The quarterly statement of the income, prepared yesterday by the prison commission, shows that the 2,000 penitentiary convicts are leased to fourteen companies over the state, engaged in various lines of business, from coal mining and brick manufacturing to the manufacture of naval stores. These fourteen lessees are all with whom the state has any dealing, while a number of these original lessees, sublease for considerable profit, a part of their convict labor.

The largest individual lease at the present time is that of James W. English, Jr., whose indebtedness to the state for the quarter just ended amounts to $11,938.53.

While the prison commission, under the new system, brings into the treasury from this source alone over $200,000, the expenses of the department will be confined to the appropriation of $120,000 made by the legislature. In extraordinary expenditure, over $20,000 of the appropriation has already been used, so that when the necessity for extraordinary expense no longer exists, the state can safely count on an average net income from the hire of convicts of more than $100,000.

The quarterly report of the commission is as follows:

Office of the Prison Commission of Georgia, Atlanta, Ga., October 6, 1900.—Statement made to the comptroller general of Georgia, rendered this date, of amounts due the state for convict hire, for the quarter ending September 30, 1900:

James W. English, Jr., Atlanta, Ga., $11,938.53.

G. S. Baxter & Co., Jacksonville, Fla., $8,515.35.

Chickamauga Coal and Coke Company, Chickamauga, Ga., $5,995.57.

Chattahoochee Brick Company, Atlanta, Ga., $4,381.50.

Enterprise Lumber Company, Pitts, Ga., $3,699.94.

Parrott Lumber Company, Richwood, Ga., $3,120.78.

James M. Smith, Smithsonia, Ga., $2,550.

Canda Lumber Company, Worth, Ga., $2,524.50.

M. W. Dixon, Savannah, Ga., $2,399.94.

Cruger & Pace, Albany, Ga., $1,267.79.

W. H. Mattox, Elberton, Ga., $1,238.08.

J. W. McCalla, Heardmont, Ga., $1,262.50.

Donalson Lumber Company, Donalsonville, Ga., $1,264.40.

Southern Mining Company $157.53.

Total, $50,316.53.

What Prison Farm Has Done.

Although the operation of the prison farm at Milledgeville began in April, a year ago, the first practical test of the experiment has been made during the spring and summer just closing.

Just what has been accomplished this year from the employment of female and child labor is shown in a report received yesterday from the manager of the prison farm.

The produce of the farm has brought $23,006. The cotton raised has amounted to 220 bales, and while this is still being held, it would bring now, with the market at 10 cents, $10,000. One thousand five hundred bushels of corn has brought $3,250; 2,000 oushels of wheat $2,000; 3,000 bushels of oats $1,000, while the minor products bring the total up to the figures already named.

The products of the farm have been diversified and considerable revenue has come in from tobacco, Georgia cane sirup, potatoes, peas, broom corn, hay, peanuts and live stock.

The commission has recently spent $20,000 in the construction of a waterworks system for the place. This has come out of the annual appropriation.

From the annual report of the commission to the legislature, it will be seen that not only has the prison farm been a success from a humanitarian standpoint, but that it is already self-supporting and will soon yield a net revenue to the treasury of the state.

HERE'S GOOD NEWS for those women who haven't been having good luck with their Pies and "quick" Biscuits. Use WHITE COTTOLENE! It makes light, fluffy biscuits and feathery pie crusts. Mrs. Rorer, Marion Harland and scores of other famous cooks won't use lard as a shortening agent.

The N.K.Fairbank Company, Chicago—Sole Manufacturers.

FREE! Our dainty booklet, "Fifty Desserts," mailed free to any address. For one 2c stamp we will send free our 136 page recipe book, "Home Helps," edited by Mrs. Rorer.

NOTICE OF LOCAL LEGISLATION.

Atlanta, Ga., September 5, 1900.—Notice is hereby given that a bill will be introduced at the next session of the general assembly of Georgia entitled an act to amend the charter of the city of Atlanta. J. G. WOODWARD, Mayor.
sep 5 30t

ESTABLISHED IN 1857.
PETER LYNCH
At 95 Whitehall St.
Dealer in foreign and domestic wines, liquors, tobaccos and all such goods as belong with a first-class liquor store, in fact, it is called by a large number of my customers headquarters for fine and pure wines and liquors for medicinal purposes.
Peter Lynch is also running No. 7 W. Mitchell street as his great variety store where is daily getting more and more established as such. He has just received a fresh lot of turnip seed, also on hand fruit jars such as Mason's metal top, Mason's improved glass top and Millville and Woodbury pints, quarts and half gallons.
100 empty spirit and wine barrels, half barrels and kegs. Terms cash.

STATE FAIR WILL OPEN TOMORROW

Everything in Shipshape at Interstate Fair Grounds.

MANY EXHIBITS ARE IN PLACE

Midway and Other Attractions Ready To Catch the Crowd.

SHAM BATTLE WILL BE NEXT SATURDAY

Military Committee Met Yesterday and Made Final Arrangements for Grand Spectacle.

The great Southern Interstate fair opens tomorrow, and the scene presented at Exposition park is one of bustling activity. The management has all arrangements well in hand, and is satisfied at the promptness and interest manifested by exhibitors and those who will contribute to the success of Atlanta's big fall festival. If there is anything in appearances on the grounds on the eve of the opening, this fair will far surpass former expositions held in the south.

The finishing touches will be put on the remodeled and enlarged main building by the carpenters today, and the odds and ends of the many improvements on the grounds completed. Many of the most important exhibits are already in place, and today will see scores of others unpacked and set up. Bostock's famous Midway has sprung up like a mushroom, and the visitor can even now fancy himself in the streets of Cairo. The many tents of this popular attraction are suggestive of the wonders that will tomorrow be revealed to gaping hundreds. The scenic performances are largely illustrative of recent history and include a startling realistic picture of the terrible Galveston tidal wave. Hagenbeck's trained animals are ready to entertain the public, and the scenery for Conterno's great free panorama, "Battles of Our Nation," which will be seen daily in front of the grand stand, is being placed in position this morning. On the race course a dozen speedy horses are displaying their racing possibilities, and the stables are filled with some of the best running stock in the south. Some crack trotters are expected from the north this week. The cattle exhibits, which will be exceptionally fine, are being arranged attractively.

The exhibits in the woman's work and fine arts building, in charge of Mrs. J. Lindsay Johnson, are already extensive and beautiful enough to insure the unqualified success of that excellent feature.

The military committee of the Interstate fair held a meeting in the rooms of the Business Men's League at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon, at which the final arrangements for the great sham battle, which will take place next Saturday, were complsted. Colonel Park Woodward, who is the chief in command, has perfected the plan of the battle, and it will exhibit to the spectator some of the most exciting and imposing maneuvers of troops in action. It is the intention to have 2,000 soldiers in the ranks, and many of whom will come from a number of places in the state. After the battle, the troops will be inspected by General Breckinridge, as announced in the published programme. The sham battle will undoubtedly be one of the greatest features of a fair full of great features.

CONCENTRATED STRENGTH IS LIEBIG COMPANY'S EXTRACT OF BEEF.
Signed: Justus Liebig in blue.

Sheriff Sales for November, 1900.

Will be sold before the courthouse door, in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Georgia, on the first Tuesday in November, 1900, with in the legal hours of sale, the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land and all improvements thereon, in the city of Atlanta, and in land lot fifty one (51) of the fourteenth (14) district of Fulton county, Georgia, commencing on the east side of Ivy street at a point ninety three (93) feet south on the southeast corner of Ivy and Ellis streets, and running south along the east side of Ivy street fifty (50) feet, and running thence back east of uniform width with the front one hundred and thirty-one (131) feet, of which property J. C. Holmes is the tenant in possession. Also, all that tract or parcel of land in land lot No. ten (10) of the fourteenth (14) district of Fulton county, Georgia, commonly known as the "Mulenbrink place," containing ninety-one and six-tenths (91 6-10) acres, more or less, and bounded northerly by Stark avenue, east by DeKalb avenue, south by nine (9) of said fourteenth (14) district, and west by a branch, being the eastern part of said land lot ten (10) and the property conveyed by Anna Brockhan, May 6, 1879. ly deed recorded in the Record of Deeds for Fulton county, Georgia, in book DD., page 498, of which property Annie D. Brockhan, defendant, is in possession. Also, that tract or parcel of land in the city of Atlanta, and in land lot fifty-one (51) of the fourteenth (14) district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting ninety-two (92) feet on the east side of Ivy street and extending back east alongside the south side of Ellis street one hundred and thirty (130) feet, being lot one (1) of the sub-division of the Mulenbrink property and known as No. 147 Ivy street, Atlanta, Ga., of which property Dr. G. Gebaur is the tenant in possession. Deed filed and recorded for the purpose of levy and sale before levy made, as required by law. Said property levied on as the property of Annie D. Brockhan to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from the city court of Atlanta in favor of Fred Koch and William Koch against said Annie D. Brockhan, individually, and Annie D. Brockhan, as guardian of Willie Brockhan.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: An undivided one-half of an interest in a tract or parcel of land situate, lying and being in land lot 150, of the 17th district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, commencing on the north line of said land lot at the Howel mill road and running east on said land lot line 473 feet to property of the city of Atlanta, thence south 188 feet to the right of way of the Southern Railroad Company, thence southwesterly along said right of way 498 feet to the Howell Mill road, thence north along said road 417 feet to the beginning point, containing three and five-tenth (3 5-10) acres. Also, an undivided one-half of an interest in that tract or parcel of land in said land lot, commencing on the east line of said land lot four hundred and sixty-six and two-thirds (466 2-3) feet south of the northeast corner (at the southeast corner of the property of the city of Atlanta) and running south 484 feet, thence west two hundred and fifty-seven and one-fourth (257¼) feet, thence north 484 feet to the property of said city, thence east along said city property 257¼ feet to beginning point, containing three and one-tenth acres. A deed having been filed and recorded for purpose of levy and sale as required by law. Levied on as the property of Weliborn M. Bray to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from Fulton superior court in favor of Emily C. Van Dyke vs. said Wellborn M. Bray.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county of Fulton and state of Georgia, being a part of land lot 191, in the 14th district of said county, and being a part of 50 acres of the northwest corner of said land lot, being in the subdivision of the Jett property, being 75½ feet on Oliver street and extending back same width along the side of Weston street 133 feet. Levied on as the property of Marena J. Harris to satisfy a mortgage fi. fa. issued from Fulton superior court in favor of the Citizens' Loan and Building Company vs. said Marena J. Harris.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in lot No. 47, of the 14th district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, beginning at the southeast corner of Merritts avenue and Fort street, running thence east along the south side of Merritts avenue 135 feet, thence south parallel with Fort street 135 feet, thence east 45 feet, thence south 38 feet, more or less, thence west 180 feet to Fort street, thence north along the east side of Fort street 173 feet to place of beginning. Levied on as the property of John C. Reed to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from the city court of Atlanta in favor of Joseph Eichberg vs. said John C. Reed.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land situate, lying and being in the city of Atlanta and part of land lot 111, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Ga., being a part of lot 13 in the subdivision of James A. Jett property as made by W. A. Jeji, administrator. Commencing at the southeast corner of Herbert and Johns street, in the city of Atlanta, and running east 50 feet along the south side of John street, thence south 100 feet, thence west 50 feet, thence north 100 feet to point of beginning. Levied on as the property of Frank Kennebrew to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from the city court of Atlanta in favor of Fulton Loan and Banking Company, Georgia Savings Bank and Trust Company, transferee, vs. said Frank Kennebrew.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land in Atlanta, Ga., being part of block "E," in land lot No. 77, of the 14th district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, more particularly described as fronting 100 feet on the northeast side of Trinity avenue and extending back northeasterly along the line of Capitol avenue, of uniform width with front 93 feet, more or less, said premises having a house thereon known as 166 Trinity avenue. A deed having been filed and recorded in clerk's office for purpose of levy and sale, as required by law. Levied on as the property of Mary G. Milledge, administratrix of the estate of John Milledge, deceased, to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from the city court of Atlanta in favor of Mitchell Harrison vs. said Mary G. Milledge, administratrix, as aforesaid.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: All that tract of land, commencing on the east side of West Peachtree street, in the city of Atlanta, one hundred and sixty-seven and one-fourth (167¼) feet north of Madison street (Madison street being 40 feet wide) and running thence north along west Peachtree street fifty feet, and back east same width 415 feet to Center street, and described in the deed held by plaintiff set forth in the pleadings in this cause. Levied on as the property of Lissette W. Burch, executrix of the estate of Mrs. Elizabeth J. Smith, to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from Fulton superior court in favor of M. & J. Hirsch vs. said Lissette M. Burch, executrix, as aforesaid.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain lot lying and being in the city of Atlanta, part of land lot 53, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, known as lot No. 9 of the Hargrove subdivision of the Merriam property, described as follows: Beginning at a point on the east side of Kelly street 264 feet, more or less, south from Clark street, thence east 142 feet, more or less, to the center of a ten-foot alley; thence south along the center of said alley 48 feet; thence west 142 feet to Kelly street; thence north along Kelly street 48 feet to the point of beginning. To be sold as the property of Mrs. Fannie M. Mead, under and by virtue of a fi. fa. issued from the superior court of Fulton county, in favor of J. Carroll Payne, executor of the estate of Virginia S. Payne, deceased, vs. Mrs. Fannie M. Mead. Written notice has been given to tenant in possession, as required by law.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: Part of land lot No. 50, of the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, and in the city of Atlanta, fronting 30 feet on the east side of West Peachtree street and West Pine street, fronting 30 feet on the east side of West Peachtree street, thence extending back east of uniform width as front 80 feet, more or less, to the south side of West Peachtree street 150 feet to a 10-foot alley, on which is a two-story dwelling house and known as No. 143 West Peachtree street. Levied on as the property of Belle L. Haynes to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from the city court of Atlanta in favor of Kennesaw Guano Company vs. said Belle L. Haynes.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Georgia, in the 14th district of said county, beginning at a point on the east side of Pryor street 276 and 7-10 feet south of the southeast corner of Pryor and Ormond streets, and running south along the east side 168 feet to a 10-foot alley, thence north along the west side of said alley 50 feet, thence west 168 feet to beginning point of Pryor street, and more fully described in a deed from Mrs. Elizabeth Ormond to J. W. Cheny. Recorded in clerk's office Book N4, folio 217, March 13, 1893. A deed having been filed and recorded in clerk's office for purpose of levy and sale as required by law. Levied on as the property of J. B. Giddings, to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from city court of Atlanta in favor of the board of trustees of Emory college vs. said B. L. Giddings.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land situate, lying and being in the city of Atlanta in land lot No. 53, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia. Beginning at a point on south side of Fulton street 200 feet from southeast corner of Capitol avenue and Fulton street and running thence east along the south side of Fulton street 40 feet, more or less, and extending south back uniform width 100 feet and bounded on the north by Fulton street, on east by lot of Mrs. M. E. Turner, on south by lot of W. S. Bell, on west by lot of Mims and known as No. 245 Fulton street, with all improvements thereon. Levied on as the property of W. R. Ware to satisfy a fi. fa issued from city court of Atlanta in favor of the board of trustees of Emory college versus said W. R. Ware.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land in land lot No. 53, in the third ward of the city of Atlanta, in the 14th district of Fulton county, fronting 50 feet on the south side of East Fair street, and running back 200 feet, lying between King and Martin streets and known as No. 297 East Fair street. Levied on as the property of Mr. R. M. Thompson to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from the superior court of Fulton county in favor of the state vs. J. W. Williams, principal, R. M. Thompson and C. M. Calloway, securities.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: An undivided one-half interest in the following described property, to-wit: A part of land lot No. 84, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, beginning at a point on the east side of Maple street 60 feet from southeast corner of Maple and Hunter streets, running thence south along Maple street 60 feet; thence east 100 feet, thence north 60 feet, thence west 100 feet to Maple street, being south side of lot conveyed to T. K. Oglesby by Jane McMasters. Levied on as the property of A. A. Manning to satisfy a fi. fa issued from Fulton superior court in favor of Seimsheimer Paper Company vs. W. W. Clarke, maker, and A. A. Manning, indorser.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land situate, lying and being in the 14th district of Fulton county, in land lot No. 77, fronting 77 feet on north side of West Mitchell street and running back 117 feet, between Haynes and Davis streets, adjoining the property of Wynn. Levied on as the property of C. C. Wimbish and W. H. Landrum to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from Fulton superior court, in favor of the state vs. W. H. Tuggle, principal, and C. C. Wimbish and W. H. Landrum, securities.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Georgia, in land lot No. 44 of the 14th district of said county, being lot 3 of block 26, of the subdivision of the L. P. Grant property, described as follows: Beginning at a point on the north side of Milledge avenue 95 feet east from the corner of Milledge avenue and Broyles street and running thence north, parallel with Broyles street 170 feet, thence east parallel with Milledge avenue 95 feet, thence south parallel with Broyles street 170 feet to Milledge avenue, thence west along north side of Milledge avenue 95 feet to point of beginning. Levied on as the property of Laura L. Haynes to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from J. P. court 1026 district G. M., in favor of J. W. Walker, vs. said Laura L. Haynes. Levy made by J. G. Ahern, L. C.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: The undivided half interest in all that tract or parcel of land lying and being in land lot 189 of the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia. Commencing at a point on the east side of Rice street, which Rice street runs north and south along the "eastern" (western) boundary line of said land lot 189 and on the south side of Niles avenue at its junction with Rice street, at the southeast corner thereof, which is 1,302 feet south of Marietta street, thence along the east side of Rice street 510 feet to Baylor avenue, thence east along the north side of Baylor avenue 620 feet, more or less, to Tilden street, thence along the west side of Tilden street 510 feet, more or less, to Niles avenue, thence west along the south side of Niles avenue 620 feet, more or less, to Rice street at the commencing point, known as lots or blocks 19 and 20 of the Rice and Wilson plat made by Baylor and Baylor in June, 1886, including the 10-foot alley between said lots 19 and 20, containing eight acres, more or less. Levied on as the property of A. A. Fletcher, executor of the estate of M. B. Fletcher, to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from Fulton superior court in favor of Georgia Loan Savings and Banking Company vs. said A. A. Fletcher, executor aforesaid.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land in land lot No. 149, in the 17th district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, commencing at the northeast corner of Chastain and George streets, running thence north along George street 99 feet and extending back west, uniform width, 134 feet, being lots Nos. 15 and 18 of the Mays property. Levied on as the property of R. E. Powell to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from the N. P. and J. P. court 1026th district G. M., in favor of O. D. Booth vs. said R. E. Powell.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: That portion or part of said described as lot No. 2 of the aforementioned survey, bounded on the north by lands of T. L. English, on the east by lands of Charlie Howell, on the south by lands of Mrs. M. L. Bonds, being lot No. 3 of said survey, and Mrs. Elizabeth Brown, being lot No. 1 of said survey, and on the west by lands of Charles L. Brown, being lot No. 7 of said survey, and Mrs. Butler. Said lot No. 2 containing thirty-three (33) acres; same being in land lots No. 216 and 213 and in 14th district of said state and county. A deed having been filed and recorded for purpose of levy and sale as required by law. Levied on as the property of W. E. Brown to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from city court of Atlanta in favor of George N. Johnson. Adm. of the estate of Z. T. Johnson vs. said W. E. Brown.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the city of Atlanta, commencing at R. C. Mitchell's south line on the Boulevard and running south along the Boulevard 53 feet, thence east 175 feet to a 10-foot alley, thence north 53 feet, thence west 175 feet to the beginning point, being a part of land lot No. 97, in the 14th district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, which property is known according to the street numbering in Atlanta as No. 333 North Boulevard. A deed having been filed and recorded for purpose of levy and sale as required by law. Levied on as the property of Mary Larsson to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from city court of Atlanta in favor of Porter King and R. F. Maddox, executors of J. W. Rucker, deceased, vs. said Mary Larsson.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: All that tract of parcel of land situated on the east side of Moore street, in the city of Atlanta, between the Georgia railroad and Decatur street, fronting 25 feet on Moore street and running back east same width as front 100 feet, and bounded north by the property now or formerly belonging to L. G. Holland, the same being improved property, a house thereon being known as No. 11 Moore street, part of land lot 52 in 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia. Levied on as the property of J. M. McGuirk, in the hands of Susan McGuirk, executrix, to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from Fulton superior court in favor of Mrs. A. E. Collins vs. W. J. Fletcher, principal, and J. M. McGuirk, security.

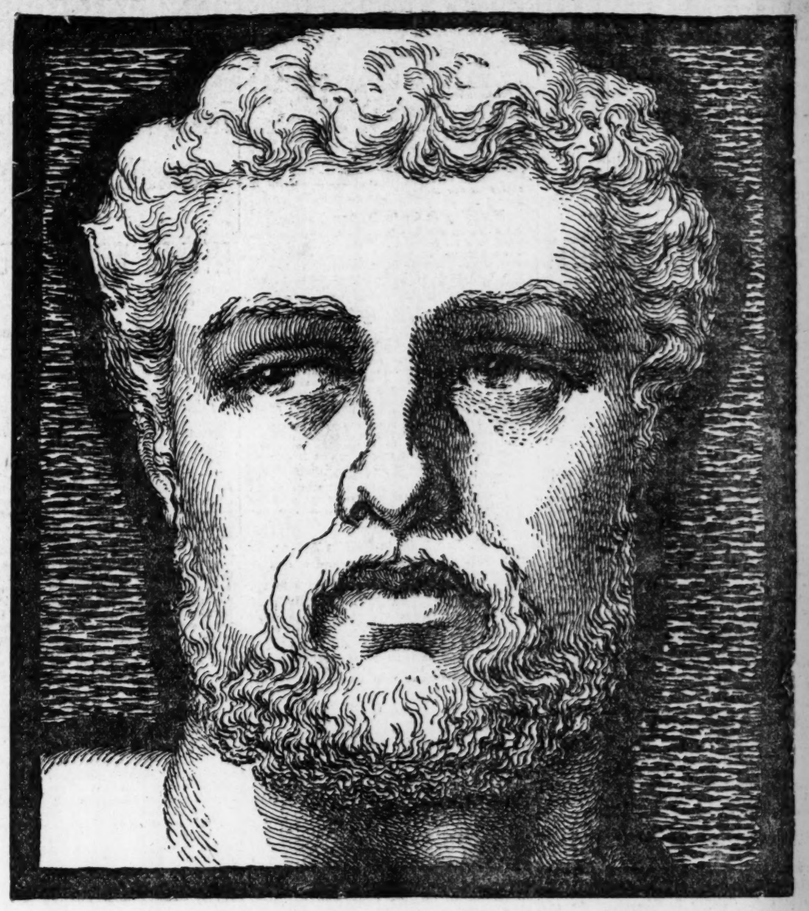
Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the city of Atlanta, part of land lot No. 45, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, commencing at a point on the southwest corner of Fain and Horton streets, running thence south along Horton streets 48 feet, thence west 87 feet, thence north 48 feet to Fain street, thence east along south side of Fain street 87 feet to beginning point. Levied on as the property of W. R. Phillips & Co., to satisfy three fi. fas. issued from Fulton superior court, one in favor of George Washer and others, one in favor of Charity Heard and others and one in favor of Mutual Loan and Banking Company, vs. said W. R. Phillips & Co.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county of Fulton, state of Georgia, containing five and one-fifteenth (5 1-15) acres of of lot 122 in the 14th district of said county, bounded as follows: Commencing at northwest corner on south side of Jonesboro road, running south 88 degrees west along the original line to the center of electric railroad, thence along said railroad center till the lot is 324 feet wide, thence north 88 degrees east to Jonesboro road and thence 326½ feet north 33 degrees west along said road to starting point. Levied on as the property of W. W. Wisdom to satisfy a mortgage fi. fa. issued from Fulton superior court in favor of Judson F. Mobley, cashier, for use vs. said W. W. Wisdom. J. H. Pittman, Pift. Atty., Atlanta, Ga.

Also, at the same time and place, the following decribed property to-wit: A one-sixth contingent interest in lot on southwest corner of Luckie street and Harlow street, fronting 100 feet on Luckie street and extending back westerly 127 feet, even width, being part of land lot No. 78 in 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, houses Nos. 206 and 210 Luckie street. Levied on as the property of John M. Hall to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from city court of Atlanta in favor of G. V. Gress vs. A. F. Grubb and John M. Hall.

JOHN W. NELMS, Sheriff.
October 8, 1900.
10-9 16 23 30

PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND



A Powerful Remedy for Disease

"It cured me of old chronic diseases and nervous prostration."

Mr. J. B. Potter, Centerville, R. I., writes Sept. 15:

"Fifteen years ago I had to give up business on account of poor health. I was suffering from a number of old chronic diseases and had complete nervous prostration. In 1891 I commenced taking Paine's Celery Compound and soon found that I was getting the better of my complaints. I continued using it until I was restored to good health. Believing that an ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure, I take the compound in the spring and fall, and it keeps me well. Paine's Celery Compound has made almost a new man of me, and I have gained twenty-eight pounds of good, solid flesh and blood, thanks to its use."

A FROST SCARE; STRONG CABLES

Caused an Advance of 17 to 28 Points in Cotton.

LATER REACTED SLIGHTLY

Demand for Cotton Goods Reported Heavy—Bullish Government Report Expected Wednesday. Closed Steady 10 to 19 Points Advance.

New York, October 8.—A frost scare took possession of the cotton market this mornig and prices advanced 17@28 points, including an advance of 3@10 points, which occurred on the opening call. The shorts showed a good deal of uneasiness, which was increased by the fact that English cables reported an advance of 5 to 6½-64d in futures. Thos, however, was attributed not so much to frost fears as to more promising indications respecting a demand from spinners. Still another stimulating factor was a current belief that Wednesday would turn up a bullish monthly crop report. Trading was not particularly active, and there were several periods of pronounced weakness under selling to secure profits. Wall street was a heavy buyer of January and March cotton; the south was also a large buyer, while Liverpool sold at the opening, but later bought on finding our market so easily influenced by the indications of low temperature, a cold wave having reached down into Northern New Mexico and Oklahoma. Receipts were about as expected. A heavy demand for cotton goods was reported. In the afternoon the shorts were the principal support of the market, which closed steady at a net advance of 10@19 points.

MOVEMENT OF MONEY SOUTH.

Shows Unusually Prosperous Condition of Affairs South.

Washington, October 8.—The shipments of money to the New Orleans, St. Louis and Chicago sub-treasuries for the movement of the cotton crop continues from the treasury. The shipment for today was $400,000. On Saturday last the total shipments for this season amounted to $10,440,000, against $5,425,000 for the same period last year, showing an increase to nearly twice the former amount. Of the total amount, New Orleans had received $6,540,000. The treasury officials regard th shipments as showing an unusually prosperous condition of affairs in the south.

Spot Cotton Quotations.

Official closing quotations for spot cotton:
Atlanta—Quiet; middling 10c.
Liverpool—Firm; middling 6 13-32d.
New York—Quiet; middling 11c.
New Orleans—Firm; middling 10⅝c.
Savannah—Steady; middling 10 1-16c.
Galveston—Steady; middling 10c.
Norfolk—Steady; middling 10⅜c.
Mobile—Firm; middling 10⅛c.
Memphis—Steady; middling 10¼c.
Augusta—Firm; middling 10¼c.
Charleston—Firm; middling 10c.
Houston—Steady; middling 10c.
St. Louis—Firm; middling 10¼c.

The following is the statement of receipts, shipments and stock at Atlanta:

	RECEIPTS		SHIPM'TS.		STOCK.	
	1900	1899	1900	1899	1900	1899
Saturday	1348	1753	1000	540	5709	10583
Monday	1463	579	1797	1358	5375	9794
Tuesday	....	....	....	....	....	....
Wednesday	....	....	....	....	....	....
Thursday	....	....	....	....	....	....
Friday	....	....	....	....	....	....
Totals	2811	2332	2797	1898	......	......

The following was the range of cotton futures in New York yesterday:

MONTHS	Opening	Highest	Lowest	Last Sale	Closing bid and asked
October	10 40	10 60	10 40	10 48	10 47-48
November	10 10	10 31	10 10	10 20	10 19-20
December	10 00	10 18	9 97	10 09	10 09-10
January	9 98	10 15	9 88	10 08	10 08
February	9 99	10 10	9 98	10 07	10 09-11
March	9 99	10 18	9 99	10 12	10 11-12
April	10 02	10 09	10 02	10 09	10 09-10
May	10 02	10 18	10 00	10 10	10 10-11
June	10 01	10 17	10 00	10 12	10 10-12
July	10 00	10 17	10 00	10 14	10 10-12
August	9 84	9 98	9 83	9 98	9 94-98
September					

Futures closed steady.

The following table shows the consolidated net receipts, exports and stock at the ports:

	RECEIPTS		EXPORTS		STOCKS.	
	1900	1899	1900	1899	1900	1899
Saturday	49347	39560	43393	9312	452821	710346
Monday	48798	58958	18945	29357	479139	732604
Tuesday	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Wednesd'y	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Thursday	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Friday	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals	98145	98518	62338	38669	.....	.....

The following were the closing bids for cotton futures in New Orleans:

October	10 08	April	9 96
November	9 91	May	9 97
December	9 89	June	.....
January	9 89	July	.....
February	9 93	August	.....
March	9 96	September	.....

Futures closed steady.

The Liverpool and Port Markets.

Liverpool, October 8—12:15 p. m.—Cotton, spot, demand moderate with prices firm: middling uplands 6 13-32; sales 6,000; American 5,000; speculation and export 500; receipts none; American none.

Futures opened quiet and steady.

	Open'g.	Closing	
October	5 61-64	5 63	Vaule
October-November	5 43-64	5 45½	Sellers
November-December	5 38-64	5 40	Buyers
December-January	5 35-64	5 37½	Sellers
January-February	5 32-64	5 34½	Value
February-March	5 30-64	5 32½	Sellers
March-April	5 28-64	5 30	Sellers
April-May	5 25-64	5 28½	Buyers
May-June	5 27 64	5 26	Sellers

Futures closed firm.

New York, October 8.—Cotton quiet; sales 360 bales; middling uplands 11; gulf 11¼; net receipts 247; gross 9,587; stock 37,970.

New York, October 8.—Cotton firm; sales 8,900; middling 10⅝; receipts 19,802; stock 178,340.

Galveston, October 8.—Cotton steady; middling 10; sales 1,115; receipts 4,701; stock 101,195.

Mobile, October 8.—Cotton firm; middling 10⅛; sales 600; receipts 2,093; stock 14,219.

Savannah, October 8.—Cotton steady; middling 10 1-16; receipts 5,687; stock 71,922.

Charleston, October 8.—Cotton firm; middling 10; receipts 1,146; stock 16,630.

Wilmington, October 8, Cotton firm; middling 10¼; receipts 4,138; stock 27,741.

Norfolk, October 8.—Cotton steady; middling 10⅜; sales 453; receipts 3,747; stock 23,533.

Baltimore, October 8.—Cotton nominal; middling 10¾; receipts 10; stock 1,441.

Boston, October 8.—Cotton steady; middling 10⅞; receipts net 36; gross 580.

Philadelphia, October 8.—Cotton firm; middling 11¼; receipts 118; stock 1,618.

St. Louis, October 8.—Cotton firm; middling 10¼; receipts 4,982; stock 12,060.

Memphis, October 8.—Cotton steady; middling 10¼; receipts 10,538; shipments 3,877; sales 2,700; stock 38,822.

Augusta, October 8.—Cotton firm; middling 10¼; sales 397; receipts 2,385; stock 31,267.

Houston, October 8.—Cotton steady; middling 10; sales none; receipts 10,567, stock 28,698.

The Dry Goods Market.

New York, October 8.—The week opens without change in character of cotton goods. All lines are strong in tone, but no higher prices quoted, although some goods which have been relatively cheap are quietly hardening in brown and coarse colored cottons. Bleached gods in demand and held at full prices. The market for print cloths looks like higher prices for some narrow odd goods. Prints are very firm, but note quotably dearer. Ginghams also firm but quiet. White goods firm. Light wasn fabrics selling well for spring.

Hubbard Bros. & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

New York, October 8.—The markets have been very firm on the fear of frost in the southwest and the movement being lighter than anticipated. On the advance the sellers of Friday and Saturday were free buvers to cover takings, the offerings of exporters and the realizing orders which followed the market as prices advanced. A very poor bureau report is expected on Wednesday, which, added to the strength of the market where the local trade are decidedly bullish. Sellers were scarce, as none desire to be short, and the short interest seems to be greatly reduced. Some high grade cotton is pointing here for delivery on October, but not in large quantities. A decidedly higher Liverpool is expected tomorrow in answer to our strength.

Murphy & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

New York, October 8.—Cotton showed considerable strength today. The advance started on account of good Liverpool prices, futures there being 5 to 664d over Saturday's close with sales of 6,000 bales; middling uplands 6 13-32d. Our market opened on a range of 8 to 10 points over Saturday's close, and ruled very strong around the opening. Later on prices gradually advanced 15 to 20 points on account of frost being reported at several points in Texas, with a prediction for a light frost tonight. This later on was denied, but frost was reported at Amarillo, Tex.—this point is not in the cotton belt—but nevertheless caused a decided uneasiness among the shorts, January advancing to 10.15, but the advance brought out liberal realizing orders from recent buyers, prices declining 6 to 8 points from the best figures of the session. It is purely a weather market; also the frost news in connection with unfavorable government report, which is expected on the 10th, is having a decided influence, and shorts are disposed to cover. The south bought rather freely today. If there is no frost news from Texas tomorrow morning we are likely to see a reaction from this advance.

C. W. Lee & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

By Private Wire to Atlanta Cotton and Stock Exchange.

New York, October 8.—A cold wave in the western belt and a light frost in the southwest today, with strong cables and light receipts, gave shorts the scare which some feared would come last week. Prices on nearly all options jumped to 10c with the market firm and active. We look for steadily advancing prices, as the low temperature in the middle west is rapidly working southward. Moreover, holders of spot cotton were refusing to sell or ship the staple to the seaboard. The crowd is strongly bullish, and we advise purchases of the winter months on all easy intervals. The market shows, at 11:45 a. m., note the slightest symptom of reaction. From being too high, as some disgusted bears claim is the case, we are actually 45 points below a parity with Liverpool and even more than that as compared with the south. On this particular alone, therefore, we are entitled to a 45 or 50 point rise, to say nothing of such legitimate factors as decreasing receipts, government predictions for frost in the northwestern belt, belief that the bureau will show a poorer condition than discounted and unfavorable crop accounts. This week's Fall River report says New England spinners have bought little cotton, and still holding aloof. When the American spinner awakens to the fact that the crop will not be large enough to go round, we will see some high and lofty price movements.

1 p. m.—The upward progress in prices is unchecked with January now at 10.15. As yet there are no obstacles in the way of decided further gains other than reactions through profit taking. These, however, we believe to be the safety valve of the market, as they continually throw out weaker bulls and make the situation stronger. Frost talk for tonight over the northern belt, where cold rains are now falling, together with estimates for smaller receipts at all points tomorrow, are the bull factors. Wall street and the public in general continue to buy and to pile up handsome profits. European and New England spinners were feverishly purchasing the winter months.

2:55 p. m.—Though several points from top, the market is finishing today in sound shape, and gives every promise of continuing on the bull track tomorrow. On all sides the feeling is bullish, and 10.50 for January seems to be the mark at which the friends of the staple are aiming. Before Saturday we should not be surprised should that option reach a higher level and conditions now favor active bull operations. Liverpool is expected to respond generously, and may even take the lead in another advance tomorrow. Short crop talk is genral, and the crowd looks for smaller receipts during the rest of the month.

Southern Exchange Cotton Letter.

New York, October 8.—Under the influence of strong cables and frost reports, our market opened 7 to 10 points higher, with considerable activity shown. Foreign houses, locals and New Orleans were heavy buyers, and prices advanced rapidly. Cables reported spots unchanged, middling uplands 6 13-32d; sales 6,000. Futures opened quiet and steady and closed firm about 5-64d above Saturday's closing prices. The weather map showed that light frost had occurred last night on the edge of the cotton belt, with predictions from Texas of frost for tonight. This caused heavy buying, the only selling being profit taking of longs. Port receipts today 48,793, against 58,958 this day last year. Estimated for tomorrow at New Orleans 22,000 to 24,000, against 27,171, and Houston 26,000 to 27,000, against 34,062. A higher market in Liverpool is expected for tomorrow.

Jas. Riordan's Weekly Cotton Letter.

New York, October 6.—The cotton market has been quiet this week. Prices have advanced slightly, but the great uncertainty concerning the probable future of prices has caused the trading to become characteristic of a waiting market and to be confined largely to the professional element. Factors at hand have again rather favored the bulls. The movement, while slightly larger than last year, was smaller than expected; the government on Tuesday again issued a pessimistic weekly review; The Chronicle was bullish in tone and private advices were confirmatory to a great extent. The foreign demand for spots has been sufficient to fully offset the offerings by the south. Fears of an extremely bullish bureal report next week also contributed some degree of strength. The ridiculously small stock here has been robbed of some of its force as a bullish element by the foct that the discrepancy between this market and the south is gradually disappearing and the conviction that much high grade cotton will soon point this way. The terror of an early frost has been somewhat relieved by the prevalence of mild and favorable weather at the moment. An impartial survey of the crop situation discloses it to be about as follows: The very best information that can be had indicates that, so far as can be determined now, the crop in Texas and west of the Mississippi is a good one; that east of that river it is from poor to fair, with the prospects least encouraging in Mississippi, Louisiana and the Carolinas in the order named. That a late and open fall is essential to an adequate yield, basing its ideas on this situation, a large party is forming, composed of most shrewd and conservative people who are neither bulls nor bears at present, but who are watching the position closely and whose ideas will be definitely determined by subsequent events; chiefly the date of killing frost. When these people become convinced and throw their weight on one side or the other, it will mean the beginning of a move in prices of permanence and importance. Meanwhile the general reduction of crop estimates has already given many recruits to the partisans of higher prices, and, of those pronouncedly on one side or the other, the bulls are the more numerous. They expect to see an acceptance of their crop predictions followed by a competition between Europe, southern consumers and New England for supplies such as is rarely witnessed.

Fairchild & Hobson's Cotton Letter.

By Private Wire to Atlanta Cotton and Stock Exchange.

New Orleans, October 8.—Liverpool opened today 3-64d up, gradually advancing 3-64d more, closing 6-64d higher. Spots unchanged at 6 13-32d on sales of 6,000 bales. Our market opened 6 to 9 points up, but the gradual advance in Liverpool caused further quick improvement of 15 points, which brought out some selling orders to realize profits, and we lost 9 points from the high, but recovered 4 points, closing at 9.89 to 9.90 for December, against 9.70 to 9.71 on Saturday. Spots ruled firm and were quoted up ⅛c to 10⅝ for middling on sales of 3,000 bales, and 5,900 to arrive. Today improvement was caused by a decided fall of temperature in the northwest and the consequent fear of frost with an improved demand for spots. As we anticipated, the market continues to show considerable strength. We believe in higher prices.

Provisions.

Atlanta, October 8.—Clear rib sides, boxed, 8⅞ half ribs, 8⅞; rib bellies 9¾@10; ice-cured bellies, 10¾. Sugar cured hams, 11@13¾; leaf 8½@8⅝.

St. Louis, October 8.—Pork firm; jobbing $14.50. Lard firm; choice 7.32½. Dry salt meats steady; boxed lots, extra shorts 8.87½; clear ribs 9; clear sides 9.12½. Bacon steady; boxed lots, extra shorts 9.62½; clear ribs 9.75; clear sides 9.87½.

New York, October 8.—Lard firm; western steam 7.75; October 7.80, nominal; refined firm; continent 7.70. Pork firm, family $16.50@17.00; short clear $14.50@17.00; mess $14.50@15.50.

Chicago, October 8.—Mess pork, per bbl. 15.15@16.00. Lard, per 100 lbs 7.32½@7.35. Short ribs sides (loose) 8.00@8.25; dry salted shoulders (boxed) 6⅛@6⅜; short clear sides boxed 8.45@8.55.

Cincinnati, October 8.—Lard firm at 7.50. Bulk meats firm at 8.45. Bacon firmer at 9.40.

Bagging and Ties.

Atlanta, October 8.—Bagging, 2lb, 9, 1¾ lb 8¾. Ties 45lb steel arrow $1.45.

STOCK MARKET WAS REACTIONARY

Trading Marked by Revival of Considerable Bear Party.

EFFORTS WERE CONTESTED

Conviction Pretty Well Settled Gold Will Move from London to New York This Week—Leading Stocks 1 to 3 Points Lower.

New York, October 8.—Trading on the stock exchange today was marked by a revival of a considerable bear party, whose activities were aggressive and persistent. Their efforts to depress prices were contested by the speculative holders of long stock, who were successful last week in lifting prices in spite of the various unfavorable factors which developed in the situation. The conflicting forces at work were reflected in a feverish and irregular movement of prices. The marked depletion of banking reserves revealed by the Saturday bank statement had the effect of unsettling speculative opinion. There was a constant variation between apprehension over a contraction of money supply and the prospect of relief by import of gold. The conviction became pretty well settled as the day progressed that gold would move from London toward New York this week. The market for foreign exchange fell feverishly by sucessive stages throughout the day and demand sterling closed a full cent in the pound below Friday's level, which was the last day of active business in the exchange market. This price is within a small fraction of the level generally agreed upon as offering a profit on imports of gold at the present price of gold and rate for money in London, and is probably within the limit that would allow the special transactions which generally precede a regular gold movement in a straggling fashion. Owing to the temporary abundance of money in London on account of government financial operations and receipts of gold from India in payment for silver, discount rates continue to fall there and offer no resistance to the pressure for gold. Without future demand to support the exchange market, the flood of cotton bills which continue to appear in the market insures a movement either of gold, which only a sharp advance in foreign discount rates will serve to check. Such a contest for gold as would thus be precipitated, even if it resulted in favor of New York, might not be an altogether reassuring circumstance for speculators, as the forcing of liquidation in foreign markets might have a reflex action here. Hence the unsettlement of the speculative mind today, in spite of the prospect of gold imports. There was also an appreciable narrowing of the money supply offering in New York. The prevailing rate held at 3 per cent for call loans and ran up to 3½ per cent during the afternoon, but the higher rate brought an abundant supply to fill the small remaining requirement and the rate ran off to 2½ per cent. The interior movement of currency continues unabated. With the exception of a period of strength in the iron and steel stocks, led by Tennessee Coal and Colorado Fuel, the reactionary theory was predominant, and the leading stocks were off from 1 to 3 points. With the late break in call money and the fall in exchange to about the gold point, prices rallied somewhat, but the market closed feverish and irregular.

The total sales of stocks today were 281,900 shares, including Atchison 6,080; Atchison preferred 9,745; Baltimore and Ohio 6,963; Burlington 10,90; Manhattan 8,375; Missouri Pacific 6,510; Northern Pacific 7,800; Reading first preferred 7,130; St. Paul 5,750; Pennsylvania 18,545; Southern Pacific 5,620; Union Pacific 30,885; American Steel and Wire 11,810; American Tobacco 8,250; Brooklyn Rapid Tranit 16,990; Federal Steel 6,200; People's Gas 20,640; Sugar 20,540; Tennessee Coal and Iron 14,375.

Money on call firm at 2@2½ per cent; last loan at 2½; prime mercantile paper 5@5¾ per cent.

Sterling exchange very weak with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.83⅞@4.84 for demand and at $4.80⅝ for 60 days; posted rates $4.81½@4.82 and $4.85½@4.86; commercial bills $4.80¼@4.80¾.

Silver certificates 64½@65½c.
Bar silver 64⅛c.
Mexican dollars 50⅝c.
Government bonds steady.
State bonds steady.
Railroad bonds irregular.

RAILWAY STOCKS.

Atchison	27⅞	Minn. & L. 2d pref.	91
do preferred	70¼	Missouri Pacific	49¾
Baltimore & Ohio	70⅞	Mobile & Ohio	35
Canada Pacific	86½	Mo. Kansas & Tex.	9⅛
Canada Southern	50	Mo. K. & Tex. pref.	27½
Chesapeake & Ohio	28	New Jersey Cent	133
Chic. Great West.	10⅛	New York Central	128⅛
C., B. & Q.	126¼	Norfolk & Western.	34⅜
Chic. Ind. & L.	21⅛	do preferred	75⅛
do preferred	52⅛	Northern Pacific	48⅜
Chicago & East Ill.	96	do. preferred	68⅜
Chicago & N. W.	160	Ontario & Western.	20⅛
Rock Island	105⅜	Oregon R. & Nav.	42
C. C. C. & St. L.	60⅛	do 1st preferred	76
Colo. Sou	5	Pennsylvania	130
do 1st preferred	36½	Reading	16
do. 2d preferred	14	do. 1st preferred.	55
Del. & Hudson	110¼	do. 2d preferred	25¼
Del. L. & W.	174	Rio Grande & W.	53
Den. & Rio Grande.	18¾	do. preferred	90
do. preferred	67	St. Louis & S. F.	10¼
Erie (new)	11	do. 1st preferred.	64
do. preferred	34¼	do 2d preferred	33⅛
Great Nor. pref	153½	St. L. & S. W.	12⅜
Hocking Coal	14	do. preferred	29⅞
Hocking Valley	32⅜	St. Paul	112
Illinois Central	115½	do. preferred	169⅛
Iowa Central	17	St. P. & Omaha	108
do. preferred	39	Southern Pacific	32⅜
K. C. Pitts. & Gulf	——	Southern Railway	11⅝
Lake Erie & W.	29	do. preferred	52⅝
do. preferred	95	Texas & Pacific	15⅛
Lake Shore	205	Union Pacific	57⅞
Louisville & Nash.	71¼	do. preferred	73¼
Manhattan L.	90	Wabash	6¾
Metro. Street Ry	148½	do. preferred	17⅝
Mexican Central	11⅞	Wheel & L.E.	8⅝
Minn. & St. Louis	54	do. 2 preferred	23¼

EXPRESS COMPANIES.

Adams	123	United States	45
American	150	Wells Fargo	124

MISCELLANEOUS.

Am. Cotton Oil	33	Int. Paper pref	63½
do. preferred	80	La Clede Gas	68⅛
American Malting.	4	National Biscuit	31⅛
do. preferred	23	do. preferred	86¼
Am. Smelt. & Ref.	37⅛	National Lead	17⅜
do. preferred	88¼	do. preferred	90¼
American Spirits	1	National Steel	25⅜
do. preferred	17	do. preferred	83⅛
Amn. Steel Hoop	19¼	N. Y. Air Brake	118
do. preferred	66½	North American Co	14¾
A. S. & W.	33	Pacific Coast	57
do. preferred	73⅛	do. 1st preferred.	82
Amn Tin. Plate	30⅜	do. 2d preferred	66
do. preferred	81⅛	Pacific Mail	31
American Tobacco.	89⅝	People's Gas	84¾
do. preferred	129	Pressed Steel Car	39
Anaconda Mining	44¼	do. preferred	75
Brook Rap. Tran.	51¾	Pullman Palace	183
Col. F. & Iron	34⅜	Stand. R. & Twine	4⅞
Cont. Tobacco	24¾	Sugar	116⅝
do. preferred	76⅛	do. preferred	117
Federal Steel	33¼	T. C. & Iron	57⅛
do. preferred	64	U. S. Leather	10
General Electric	136⅛	do. preferred	68⅜
Glucose Sugar	49¼	U. S. Rubber	28¾
do. preferred	98½	do. preferred	94
InternationalPaper	18⅜	Western Union	78⅛

BONDS.

U. S. 2s ref. when is	104	L. & N. unified 4s.	98⅞
U. S. 2s reg		M., K. & T 2ds	65⅛
do. 3s	109	M., K. & T. 4s	90⅜
do. 3s coupon	110	N.Y. Central 1sts	108⅜
U. S. new 4s reg	134	N. J. Cent. gen.5.	123⅛
do. coupon	134	Northern Pac. 3s	64⅛
U. S. old 4s reg	114⅞	do. 4s	102⅞
do. coupon	114⅞	N. Y. C. & St. L. 4s.	105¼
U. S. 5s reg	113½	Nor. & West con. 4s	96⅞
do. coupon	113½	Oregon Nav. 1sts	109
District Col. 3 65s	123	do. 4s	103
Atchison gen. 4s	99¼	O. S. Line 6s	127
do. adj. 4s	86¼	do. con. 5s	112⅛
Canada So. 2nds	106¼	Reading 4s	86⅜
Cent. of Ga. con.5s	93	Rio G. W. 1sts	99
do. 1st income	39⅛	St. L. & I. M.con.5s	108⅜
do. 2d income	10	St. L. & S. F. Gen 6s	121⅜
C. & O. 4½s	98⅜	St. Paul consols	168
do. 5s	120	St. P., C. & P. 1sts	117¾
Chic. & N.W.con 7s	139	do. 5s	119⅛
do. S. F. deb. 5s	120	Sou. Pacific 4s	78⅜
Chicago Term. 4s	91	Southern Ry. 5s	108⅜
Col. Sou. 4s	80	Stand. Rope & T. 6s	65
D. & R. G. 1st	102⅛	Tex. & Pacific 1sts	113
D. & R. G. 4s	98⅛	do 2d	63
East Tenn. 1st		Union Pacific 4s	104¾
Erie general 4s	68	Wabash 1sts	117⅜
F. W. & D. 1sts	71⅛	do. 2ds	102
Gen. Electric 5s	113	West Shore 4s	112⅛
Iowa Cent. 1sts	112¼	Wiscon. Cent. 1sts	83⅛
K. C., P. & G. 1sts	——	Virginia centuries	89¾

The Day's Trade in Stocks Reviewed.

By Private Wire to Atlanta Cotton and Stock Exchange.

New York, October 8.—The stock market opened comparatively quiet, but averaged ¼ to ⅝ lower than the closing Saturday. London dealings were small, and amounted to practically nothing on balance. After a decline of half an hour it became evident that a number of strong interests were inclined to give support. Thereafter prices remained comparatively steady until a selling movement occurred in the midst of the afternoon, which carried the average of the list down ⅝ to 1 point. There was an irregular rally. Commission houses reported a very small business, and the market depended almost altogether upon professional operators. The chief liquidation in the forenoon was in Union Pacific, in which there were a dozen transactions each of 1,000 shares or over. The principal exceptions were Tennessee Coal and Iron and Colorado Fuel and Iron. Both were constantly firm in the afternoon. What appeared to be Chicago selling, combined with a professional attack, carried People's Gas 1⅛ down. Western houses were considerable sellers of Chicago, Burlington and Quincy, Northern Pacific and New York Central, in all of which there was a loss of 1 per cent or over. Metropolitan Street Railway was exceptionally depressed, losing 2 per cent. In the closing half hour Sugar was bid up 1 per cent from the lowest by a broker who had previously been a conspicuous seller, but part of the rally was lost. The general market closed at rallies of ¼ to ⅜ per cent, with an average net loss of about the same amount.

STOCKS.	Opening.	High.	Low.	Last Sale.	Closing Bid.
American Tobacco	90	90¼	89½	89¾	89⅝
Am'n Sugar Ref	116	116¾	115½	116¾	116⅝
Atchison	28¼	28¼	27⅞	28	27⅞
do., preferred	70⅝	70⅝	70¼	70⅝	70⅝
Balt. and Ohio	71⅛	71¼	70⅛	71	70⅞
Brook. Rap. Tran	52¼	52⅛	51¾	51⅞	51¾
Third Avenue	.....	.....	.....	.....	109¾
Bur. & Quincy	125⅞	125⅞	126	125¼	125¼
C., C., C & St. L	.....	.....	.....	61	60⅛
Ches. & Ohio	28⅛	28⅛	28	28	28
Canada Southern	.....	.....	.....	50⅛	50
Del. & Hudson	110⅛	110⅛	110¼	110⅛	110¼
Cont. Tobacco	25	25¼	25	25¼	24¾
Erie preferred	77	77	76⅛	76⅛	76⅝
Con. Gas	.....	.....	.....	.....	168
Gen. Electric	.....	.....	.....	.....	136⅛
Chic. Great West	.....	.....	.....	.....	10⅛
Jersey Central	.....	.....	.....	133	133
Mo., Kan. & Tex	.....	.....	.....	27⅜	27⅛
So. Pacific	33¼	33¼	32⅝	32⅛	32⅛
Louisv. & Nash	71⅛	71⅝	71	71	71¼
Am'n. Steel Wire	32⅜	34	32⅜	33	33
Manhattan L	90¼	90⅛	89¾	90⅛	90
Mo. Pacific	49⅝	49⅝	49¼	49⅛	49⅝
Met. Street Ry	150	151	148	149	148⅛
National Lead	.....	.....	.....	.....	17⅜
Northern Pacific	49	49	48⅛	48⅛	48⅜
do., preferred	69⅜	69⅜	69	69	68⅜
N. Y. Central	129⅛	129⅛	128¼	128⅛	128⅛
Northwestern	.....	.....	.....	160	160
Pennsylvania	130	130⅝	129⅝	130	130
Pacific Mail	30⅛	31	30⅛	31	31
People's Gas	85⅛	85⅝	84⅛	84⅞	84¾
Reading	.....	.....	.....	16	16
Rock Island	106	106	105⅛	105⅛	105⅜
Southern Ry	12	12	11⅛	11⅛	11⅝
do., preferred	52¾	52⅜	52⅜	52¼	52⅝
St. Paul	112¼	112⅜	111⅝	111⅞	112
Tenn. Coal & Iron	56	57⅜	55⅛	57¼	57¼
U. S. Leather pref	10⅛	10¼	10	10	10
Union Pacific	58⅛	58⅝	57¾	58	57⅞
do., preferred	73⅞	73⅞	73⅛	73¼	73¼
Western Union	.....	.....	.....	79	78⅛
Wabash pref	17¾	17¾	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝
Am'n. Cotton Oil	.....	.....	.....	.....	33
Nor. & Western	34⅞	35⅛	34⅞	34⅞	34⅞
do., preferred	.....	.....	.....	.....	75
U. S. Rubber	29	29⅛	29	29	28¾
do., preferred	.....	.....	.....	.....	94
Federal Steel	33¾	34⅛	33¼	33½	33
do., preferred	65⅛	65⅛	64	64	64⅛
Illinois Central	.....	.....	.....	.....	115¼

*Ex-rights 1¼. †Ex-div. 2¼. ‡Ex-div. 1⅛.

Murphy & Co.'s Stock Letter.

New York, October 8.—There were virtually no developments of any financial importance over Sunday, and upon the opening of business this morning interest centered almost wholly around the monetary situation, as indicated in Saturday's bank statement. Apprehensions of more stringent conditions led to quite general selling of securities, and declines which extended to about 1 point were noted throughout the market. American Steel and Wire and Brooklyn Rapid Transit were particularly weak, and material declines appeared in the granger shares and the railway list generally. The London market for Americans showed slight changes in comparison with the local closing of Saturday, and little or nothing was done here for foreign account. The Reading shares were notably firm, on the evidences of an early settlement of the strike of Anthracite coal miners. During the latter hours there was much pressure to sell from traders and note much support from shorts. There was, however, fair buying in Sugar and Brooklyn Rapid Transit. People's Gas rallied on covering by room shorts. There was no pool support. Some selling of steel stocks for the west. Good buying of Tennessee Coal and Iron checked the decline.

Commercial Advertiser's Financial Cable.

New York, October 8.—The Commercial Advertiser's London financial cablegram says: The general market today was inactive but steady.

Americans were in accord with the others until nearly the close, when the market became heavy. London sold Tintos and New York supplied Anacondas.

The bank lost 5,000 pounds to Roumania and 30,000 to the continent. The Indian government shipped for London bullion 7,500,000 rupees for its gold reserve.

Foreign Finances.

London, October 8.—Consols for money 98¾; for the account 99 1-16. Atchison 28⅞; Illinois Central 119¾; Louisville 73⅝.

Bar silver quiet at 29 11-16d per ounce.

Money 1½@2 per cent.

The rate of discount in the open market for short and three months' bills 3⅝ per cent.

Berlin, October 8.—Exchange on London 20 marks 46½ pfennigs for checks. Discount rate for short bills 3½ per cent; for three months' bills 4 per cent.

Paris, October 8.—Three per cent rentes 100 francs 7½ centimes for the account. Exchange on London 25 francs 13½ centimes for checks.

LOCAL STOCKS AND BONDS.

The following are the bid and ask quotations:

STATE AND COUNTY BONDS.

Ga. 3½s, 27 to 30 years	103 110	Aug'ta 7s L.D.	109
Ga. 4½s, 1915	116 118	Macon 6s	116
Savannah 5s	111 113	Columbus 5s	106
Atl'a 8s, 1902	105	Rome 5s	105
Atl'a 7s, 1904	103	So. Car. 4½s	114
Atl'a 6s, L. D.	115	New'n 6s L. D.	110
Atl'a 5s, L. D.	12	Chat. 5s, 1911	105
Atl't 4½	112	Col. S. C. grd. 2s & 4s, 1910	88
Atlanta 4s	108	Ala. Class A	106

RAILROAD BONDS.

Ga. 5s, 1912	112½	Atl'a & Chat. 1st 7s, 1907	115
Ga. 6s, 1922	118	Do idcome 6s, 1990	....
Ga. Pa. 1s	120		
C. C. & A. 1st 6s 109	105		

RAILROAD STOCKS.

Georgia	213 215	A. & W. P.	126
Southwestern	107 108½	do. deben	105
Aug. & Sav.	107 108½		

Flour, Grain and Meal.

Atlanta, October 8.—Flour, all wheat, first patent, $5.00; second patent, $4.60; straight, $4.10; extra fancy, $3.90; fancy $3.70; extra family, $3.40. Corn, white, 62; mixed, 60. Oats, white, 38c; mixed, 36c; Texas rustproof, 38c. Rye, Georgia, $1.00; western rye, 90c. Hay, No. 1 timothy, large bales, $1; No. 1 small bales, 95c; No. 2, 90c. Meal, plain, 60, bolted, 56. Bran, small sacks, 95c. Shorts, $1.10. Stock meal $1.10 per 100 pounds. Cottonseed meal $1.10 per 100 pounds; hulls $6.50. Grits, $3.15 per bushel, $1.60 per bag.

New York, October 8.—Flour was very quiet and a shade lower to sell owing to further declines in wheat. Wheat, spot easy; No. 2 red 81¾; options opened steady on rather light offerings, but quickly developed weakness and a sharp decline under bearish cables, big world's shipments, clear weather in the northwest and foreign selling. An unexpected decrease in the visible brought active afternoon covering, however, and a partial recovery of the early loss, but final realizing left the market weak at 1c net decline; March 85½; May 85⅝; October 80; December 82⅝. Corn, spot easy; No. 2 48; steady to firm all day on renewed export demand, light speculative offerings and covering by shorts in nearby options; closed firm at ⅜ net advance; May 41½; October 46⅝; December 46½. Oats, spot dull; No. 3 25; options quiet but steadily held.

Chicago, October 8.—Cash quotations were as follows: Flour steady. No. 3 spring wheat —; No. 3 75½@77½; No. 2 red 77@78¼. No. 2 corn 40⅝@41½; No. 2 yellow 41¼@41*. No. 2 oats 22½@22¾; No. 2 white 24½@26½; No. 3 white 24@25. No. 2 rye 52½.

St. Louis, October 8.—Flour steady. Wheat, No. 2 red cash 74; October 74; November 74; December 75½; May 79⅝. Corn, No. 2 cash 38; October 37⅞; December 37⅝; May 34½. Oats, No. 2 cash 22¼; October 22⅝; eDcember 23; May 24⅝.

Cincinnati, October 8.—Flour steady; fancy $3.40@3.75; family $2.90@3.20. Wheat firm; No. 2 red 78½. Corn easy; No. 2 mixed 42½@43¾. Oats firm; No. 2 mixed 24.

Groceries.

Atlanta, October 8.—Roasted coffee: Gold Star, 100 pounds $16.50; Arbuckle, $13.30; Lion, $12.30. Green coffee, choice 11@11¼; fair 10¼@10½; prime, 9½@9¾. Sugar, standard granulated, New York, $6.50. New Orleans granulated $6.50. Sirup, New Orleans, open kettle 25@40c; mixed choice 20@18. Salt, dairy sacks, $1.30@1.40; salt, barrel bulk, $2.25; 100 3s $2.85; ice cream $1.25; common, 65@70c. Cheese, full cream, 14@13½c. Matches, 65s, 45¾@55; 200s, $1.50@1.75; 300s, $2.75. Soda, boxes, 6. Crackers, soda, 6c; cream, 7c; gingersnaps, 6c. Candy, common stick, 7c; fancy, 12@14c. Oysters, F. W., $2.20@2.10, L. W., 1.25.

WHEAT QUIET AND IRREGULAR

Lower Cables and Good Weather Predominating Influences.

CLOSED NEAR CENT LOWER

Corn Was Fairly Active and Firm, Closing 3-8c Higher—Oats Dull, Closing Unchanged—Provisions Quiet, 2 1-2c Off to 5c Up.

Chicago, October 8.—Wheat was quiet and irregular today, with lower cables and good weather the predominating influences. November closing ⅛@¾c under Saturday. Corn closed ⅜c higher. Oats closed unchanged. Provisions closed 2½c lower to 5c higher.

November wheat opened ⅜c lower at 77¼@77⅛c and on selling partly for foreign account dropped to 76⅝c. In this the factors were a decline at Liverpool and clear, cool weather in the northwest, together with liberal northwestern receipts and the closing of the Minneapolis mills. There was considerable short selling early on the expectation of a half million increase in the visible. The visible statement, however, showed 8,000 bushels decrease, and on rebuying by those who had sold at first, November rallied sharply to 77⅜c. Shorts being satisfied, the market declined again and closed weak, November ⅝c@¾o lower at 76⅞c. Primary receipts were 1,578,000 bushels. Minneapolis and Duluth reported 951 cars, against 857 last week. Local receipts were 222 cars, of contract grade. Seaboard clearances were equal in wheat and flour to 360,000 bushels. New York reported nothing for export. According to board figures, world's shipments last week were 8,155,000 bushels—practically the same as the previous week and a year ago. The amount on passage showed 1,171,00 bushels decrease.

Corn was fairly active and firm on a good shipping demand 200,000 bushels being worked here for export. Receipts were 803 cars, 243 cars over the estimate. Country acceptances were moderate. Trade was principally in October, which sold between 40⅜@40⅛c, closing ⅛c down at 40⅛c. November sold between 37⅜@37⅞c, closing ⅜c up at 37⅜%37⅞c.

Oats were extremely dull. November selling between 22¼ and 22⅜@22½c, and closing unchanged at 22¼@22⅜c. Receipts were 431 cars. The corn firmness helped the market.

Provisions were quiet. The market showed firmness early because hog receipts were 5,000 under the estimate. October pork sold off from $17 to $16 and November relinquished its early gain in sympathy, lard and ribs also easing off a trifle, but closing steady. Januarypork sold between $12@$11.85 and closed 2½c lower at $11.87½; January lard between $7.02½@$6.97½, closing 5c higher at $7 and January ribs between $6.32½@$6.37½, with the close a shade up at 6.32½@35.

Tstimated receipts tomorrow—Wheat 310; corn 770; oats 405 cars; hogs 31,000 head.

The leading articles ranged as follows:

Articles.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat No. 2—				
October	76⅝	76⅞	76⅛	76¼
November	77¼	77⅜	76Z	76⅞
December	77⅞	78⅛	77¼	77⅜
Corn No. 2—				
October	40¼	41¼	40⅛	41⅛
November	37½	37⅞	37⅜	37⅛
December	34⅞	35⅛	34⅞	35⅛
Oats No. 2—				
October	22⅛	22¼	22⅛	22⅛
November	22⅜	22⅜	22⅜	22⅜
December	22⅜	22⅜	22⅜	22⅜
Mess Pork per barrel—				
October	17.00	17.00	16.00	16.00
November	11.97½	12.00	11.67½	11.70
January	11.92½	12.00	11.85	11.85
Lard per 100 lbs.—				
October	7.32½	7.35	7.32½	7.32½
November	7.27½	7.32½	7.27½	7.27½
January	7.00	7.02½	6.97½	7.00
Short Ribs per 100 pounds—				
October	8.00	8.15	8.00	8.10
November	7.37½	7.45	7.37½	7.40
January	6.32½	6.37½	6.32½	6.35

Articles.	Receipts.	Shipments.
Flour, barrels	20,000	25,000
Wheat, bushels	201,000	25,000
Corn, bushels	570,000	830,000
Oats, bushels	438,000	327,000
Rye, bushels	4,000	1,000
Barley, bushels	109,000	20,000

Ware & Leland's Grain Letter.

By Private Wire to Atlanta Cotton and Stock Exchange.

Chicago, October 8.—Wheat—Liverpool, December ¾d lower; corn ⅛d lower; London, cargoes off coast, nothing doing; October ⅝d lower. World's shipments 8,155,000, which included Russia 1,440,000, Danube 1,472,000, Australia 129,000 bushels. Corn 2,676,000. On passage, wheat decreased 1,171,000; corn decreased 912,000. The weather map showed clear weather in the northwest. Forecast: Fair and warmer wheather in the west, northwest and southwest. Primary receipts 1,578,000; shipments 257,000. Northwest cars 951; last year holiday. Estimated cars here tomorrow: Wheat 310, corn 770, oats 405. Clearances, wheat 358,000, corn 420,000, oats 347,000. Visible supply, wheat, decrease 8,000; corn, increase, 395,000; oats, increase, 594,000. English visible wheat increased 1,629,000. Twenty loads reported worked at the seaboard; 200,000 bushels sold here. Minneapolis wired: "Several of the mills have shut down, claiming for repairs, but the general feeling is that it is lack of demand for flour, which we understand is correct." While No. 1 northern holds up well at Minneapolis, low grades are hard of sale. Offerings were quite free at the opening, due to the weakness abroad. Clearing weather in the northwest and the shutting down of a number of mills at Minneapolis, caused by demoralization in the flour trade, owing to strong winter wheat competition, considerable long wheat came out. A sharp upturn was brought about by the unexpected decrease in the visble, but toward the close values worked off on a renewal of liquidation, and it looks very much as if lower values would be witnessed tomorrow. The export demand has been disappointing, and gave courage to the bears, who were vigorous sellers.

Corn ruled strong. Receipts were large, but there was better cash demand, both here and at the seaboard, resulting in sales aggregating 45 loads from New York and 200,000 bushels here. Patten's brokers were quite free buyers of November, but the deferred futures did not advance anywhere in proportion.

Oats were extremely dull; 50,000 bushels sold for export in New York.

Provisions—While October pork sold off $1 per barrel, there was no pressure to sell, and hardly any excitement. While it is possible that the short interest for this month is not near as extensive as it was, it is still enough in the situation to make shorts nervous. Trade has been quiet, although quite strong. Hogs closed firm, with good run expected tomorrow.

Murphy & Co.'s Grain Letter.

Chicago, October 8.—Wheat—The wheat market opened quiet and steady but soon turned heavy, and sold off ⅜@½c on depressed foreign markets, and favorable weather reports from the west. The world's exports were large, angain due to big southeastern European exports, Russian and the Danube shipping 3,408,000 bushels. The conditions were more favorable at the west, although the movement of wheat in the northwest still continues small. The improvement in the weather will facilitate threshing and fall work. There was a small decrease on passage—640,000 bushels—the decrease having but little effect on the market. Wheat was quiet in the afternoon, rallying a little on the unexpected decrease of 8,000 in the visible.

Corn—The market was moderately active and very steady in price, both here and at New York. Cables were slightly lower, but export orders on corn continue in good supply, close to the market. The world's exports showed a small decrease, but were only about half as large as last year. There was a moderate decrease afloat for Europe. Corn was strong, in the afternoon on near deliveries, clyosing steady.

Provisions—Provisions were nervous and irregularly higher. The manipulation in October pork upsets the market quite generally. Live hogs were taeady at unchanged prices. Provisions were nervous. October pork sold at $17 at the opening, closing at $16, other options closing easy, losing about 30c on the day.

ROBY ROBINSON,

English-American Building, Atlanta, Ga.

Municipal, County and Corporation Bonds.

Write for list of choice Bonds and Guaranteed Stocks.

Investment Securities.

Naval Stores.

Wilmington, October 8.—Spirits turpentine steady at 36¼@36¾; receipts 51. Rosin steady at $1.15@1.20; receipts 280. Crude turpentine quiet at $1.10@2.10; receipts 62. Tarm firm at 1.40; receipts 200.

Savannah, October 8.—Spirits turpentine firm at 37; receipts 906; sales 588; exports 567. Rosin firm; H 5c up; receipts 2,886; sales 1,444; exports 2,251.

Charleston, October 8.—Turpentine firm at 36½ asked. Rosin steady and unchanged.

The Treasury Statement.

Washington, October 8.—The day's statement of the treasury balance in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserved in the division of redemption, shows: Available cash balance, $138,821,833; gold, $86,492,442.

The Live Stock Market.

Chicago, October 8.—Cattle—Receipts 9,000, including 2,500 western and 650 Texans; steady to strong; butchers' stock strong; western about steady; Texans shade higher. Natives, best on sales today four car loads at $6; good to prime steers $5.50@$6; poor to medium $4.50@$5.45; selected feeders slow $3.75@$4.50; mixed stockers weak $2.50@$3.65; cows $2.65@$4.25; heifers $2.75@$4.60; canners $2@$2.50; bulls steady $2.50@$4.40; calves steady $4@$6.65; Texans, best on sale today one car load at $3.70; Texas fed steers $4.10@$4.85; Texas grassers steers $3.30@$4; Texas bulls $2.50@$3.25.

Hogs—Receipts today 35,000; tomorrow 22,000 estimated; left over 4,400; strong and active; top $5.42½; mixed $4.95@$5.40; good to choice heavy $4.95@$5.40; rough heavy $4.80@$4.90; light $4.95@$5.42½; bulk of sales $5.10@$5.30.

Sheep—Receipts 19,000; sheep stronger; lambs 10@15c higher. Good to choice wethers $3.80@$4; fair to choice mixed $3.40@$3.80; western sheep $3.80@$4; Texas sheep $2.50@$3.50 native lambs $4.25@$5.20; western lambs $4.75@$5.15.

St. Louis, October 8.—Cattle—Receipts 3,900, includng 2,000 Texans. Market steady to strong; native shipping and export steers $3.65@$4.70; dressed beef and butcher steers $4@$5.30; steers under 1,000 pounds $3.50@$5; stockers and feeders $2.40@$4.75; cows and heifers $2.25@$5.50 canners $1.50@$2.75; bulls $2@$4; Texas and Indian steers $3@$.25; cows and heifers $2.20@$3.40.

Hogs—Receipts ,400. Market strong; pigs and lights $5.25@$5.35; packers $5.25@$5.35; butchers' $5.30@$5.45.

Sheep—Receipts 1,200. Market strong; native muttons $3.40@$4.25; lambs $4@5.30; culls and bucks $2@$3; stockers $2@$3.20.

Country Produce.

Atlanta, October 8.—Eggs active at 15 to 16c dozen. Butter, active sale; fancy Jersey, 15@18c; choice 15 cents. Live poultry, receipts light; hens 28 to 30; large fries 23 to 25; medium fries 14 to 18; fair sale. Ducks, puddle, 20 to 25. Pekin 25@30; irish potatoes, northern stock, 65@75 per bushel; new crop sweet potatoes 55 to 65 per bushel. Honey, strained, 6@7c; in comb 5@7, very dull. Onions 80 to 90 per bushel. Cabbage, green, fair sale, 1@1½ pound. Dried fruit, apples 4@5; peaches 6@7. Figs, 6@7. Prunes 5@7. California peeled peaches 14@15.

Fruits and Confectioneries.

Atlanta, October 8.—Lemons, choice, $3.50@4; fancy $4.50@5.50; figs 10@11; raisins 13@14; California $2. Nuts, almonds 15@16, pecans, 9½@10½c; Brazil, 12@12½; filberts 11¼c; walnuts, 10 to 11 cents; mixed nuts 12½c. Peanuts, Virginia, 4 to 5c; fancy hand-picked, 5; Georgia 23. California peaches, $1.15@1.25; California pears, $2.50@3.25. Tokays, $2. New York state grapes, five-pound Concords, 12½; 10-pound Concords, 22½; 5-pound Delawares, 18@20.

Cotton Seed Oil and Meal.

New York, October 8.—Cotton seed oil was firmly held on light offerings and a fair export demand for everything. Prime crude barrels 30c asked; prime summer yellow 37@37½c, prompt; off summer yellow 36@36½c; do. winter yellow 41@42c; prime white 40c. Prime meal $26.

The Liverpool Grain Market.

Liverpool, October 8.—Wheat, spot No. 2 red western winter steady at 6s 4d; No. 1 northern spring firm at 6s 7¼d; No. 1 California quiet at 6s 7d; futures dull; December 6s 3⅜d; February 6s 4⅛d.

Corn, spot American mixed new firm at 4s 5d; do. old nominal; futures quiet; November 4s 3d; December 4s 2⅛d; January 11⅝d.

The Metal Market.

New York, October 8.—Pig iron easy at $9.50@10.

Lake copper steady at $16.75@$17.

Lead dull at $4.07⅛.

Spelter very dull at $4.07½@$4.12½.

Tin easier at $28.50@$29.

The brokers' price for lead was $4 and for copper $16.75.

St. Louis, October 8.—Lead quiet at $4.27½@$4.32½. Spelter lower at $4.25.

Visible Supply of Grain.

New York, October 8.—The statement of the visible supply if grain in store and afloat on Saturday, October 6th, as compiled by the New York Produce Exchange, is as follows:

Wheat, 55,401,000 bushels; decrease 8,000.
Corn, 7,887,000 bushels; increase 395,000.
Rye, 935, bushels; increase 6,000.
Oats, 12,022,00 bushels; increase 596,00.
Barley, 1,296,000 bushels.

RECEIVER'S SALE.

STATE OF GEORGIA, COUNTY OF FULTON.—By virtue of a supplemental decree, dated September 29, 1900, rendered by Fulton superior court in the case of Park Woolen Mills et al. vs. Moody & Brewster et al, pending in said court, I will sell before the Fulton county courthouse door, in the city of Atlanta, on the first Tuesday in November, 1900, within the legal hours of sale, to the highest bidder, for cash, all the following tract or parcel of land, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Georgia, in land lot eighty-six (86) of the fourteenth (14th) district of originally Henry county, and more particularly described as follows: Commencing at the southwest corner of Windsor and Stephens streets, running thence south along the west side of Windsor street one hundred and twenty-six (126) feet; thence west one hundred and eighty-four (184) feet, more or less, to the line of the property of the Southern Railway Company; thence northwest along said line one hundred and sixty (160) feet, more or less to Stephens street, and thence east along the south side of Stephens street two hundred and ninety-two (292) feet to the point of beginning.

MORRIS HIRSCH,
Receiver of Moody & Brewster, et al.
HENRY L. WILSON, Auctioneer.
10-9 16 23 30

STATE OF GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY. Minna Brandly vs. Henry Brandly, Fulton Superior Court, Spring Term, 1901.—No. 8,419.—To Henry Brandly, Greeting: By order of court, you are hereby notified that on the 13th day of September, 1900, Minna Brandly filed suit against you for divorce, returnable to the spring term, 1901, of said court.

You are hereby required to be and appear at the spring term, 1901, of said court, to be held in and for said county on the first Monday in March, 1901, then and there to answer petitioner's complaint, as in default thereof the court will proceed as to justice shall appertain.

Witness, the Hon. J. H. Lumpkin, judge of said court, this the 21st day of September, 1901.
G. H. TANNER,
Clerk Superior Court, Fulton County, Ga.
sept 22 29 oct 9 22

Atlanta Cotton and Stock Exchange
BROKERS.
Prudential Building, Ground Floor
H. E. Maddox, President. J. S. Jones, Manager. A. B. Small, Vice President. Direct private wire to New York, Chicago and New Orleans. Orders executed on commission only. Cotton, stocks, grain and provisions.
Telephone 1417.

SOUTHERN EXCHANGE
Gould Building, Atlanta, Ga.
COTTON, STOCKS, WHEAT, ETC., Bought and sold on margins. Determine the responsibility of the house through which you deal. References: Fourth National and Capital City banks.

JOHN W. DICKEY.
BROKER
Augusta, - Georgia
Correspondence Invited.

MURPHY & CO., Inc.
Private Leased Wire Direct to New York Chicago and New Orleans.
Cotton, Stocks and Grain.
No. 2 S. Pryor St. (Jackson Building.) New York Office—No. 61 Broadway. Offices in Principal Cities Throughout the South.
Write for our Market Manual and book containing instructions for traders.

W. H. PATTERSON & CO.
DEALERS IN
Investment Securities.

RAILWAY SCHEDULES

Arrival and Departure of Passenger Trains from Union Depot.

CENTRAL OF GEORGIA RAILWAY.

No.	Arrive From	No.	Depart To
101	Jonesboro...6 45 am	102	Hapeville...6 55 am
* 3	Savannah..7 25 am	* 2	Savannah..7 50 am
103	Hapeville..8 00 am	104	Hapeville.. 8 20 am
*105	Griffin. ...8 40 am	108	Jonesboro..12 10 pm
109	Hapeville..9 30 am	110	Hapeville..3 40 pm
* 11	Macon. . ..11 20 am	* 12	Macon. . .4 05 pm
111	Jonesboro...2 05 pm	112	Hapeville..5 00 pm
113	Hapeville..4 50 pm	114	Hapeville..6 30 pm
115	Hapeville..6 15 pm	*116	Griffin. ...6 10 pm
* 1	Savannah...7 35 pm	* 4	Savannah..8 30 pm
117	Hapeville..7 50 pm	118	Jonesboro ..11 10 pm
	Sunday Trains.		Sunday Trains.
119	Hapeville..10 45 am	120	Hapeville...9 10 am
121	Hapeville..2 05 pm	122	Hapeville..12 50 pm

* Daily. All other trains daily except Sunday.

WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD.

No.	Arrive From	No.	Depart To
* 3	Nashville....7 30 am	* 2	Nashville..8 15 am
73	Marietta....8 40 am	74	Marietta...12 10 pm
* 71	Chat'nooga 10 35 am	* 70	Chat'nooga 4 50 pm
75	Marietta....2 40 pm	72	Marietta....5 30 pm
* 1	Nashville ..7 30 pm	* 4	Nashville..8 30 pm

ATLANTA AND WEST POINT RAILROAD.

No.	Arrive From	No.	Depart To
* 38	Montgom'ry11 40 am	* 35	Montgomery5 25 am
* 34	Selma.. ..7 00 pm	* 33	Montgomery1 00 pm
* 36	Selma.... ..11 30 pm	* 37	Selma.. ....4 20 pm
	Accommodation Trains.		Accommodation Trains.
12	College Pk..7 05 am	11	College Pk5 40 am
14	LaGrange ..8 20 am	13	College Pk..8 00 am
16	College Pk.10 00 am	15	Palmetto..11 50 am
20	Palmetto....2 15 pm	19	College Pk..2 30 pm
22	College Pk..3 50 pm	21	College Pk..4 25 pm
24	College Pk..5 55 pm	23	LaGrange..5 35 pm
26	College Pk..7 45 pm	25	College Pk..6 20 pm
28	College Pk..9 50 pm	27	College Pk..8 40 pm
30	College Pk.12 25 am	29	College Pk.11 00 pm
	Sunday Trains.		Sunday Trains.
42	LaGrange..10 30 am	41	LaGrange...8 00 am

Trains No. 12, 16, 22, 24, 26, 28 and 30 stop at Whitehall street platform.

All trains leave from union passenger station.

SEABOARD AIR-LINE RAILROAD.

No.	Arrive From	No.	Depart To
* 41	Norfolk.....5 05 am	* 52	Clinton....6 45 am
*403	Washington8 00 pm	*402	Washington12 00 n'n
* 53	Clinton.. ..7 00 pm	* 38	Norfolk.. ..8 00 pm

GEORGIA RAILROAD.

No.	Arrive From	No.	Depart To
* 3	Augusta.. ..5 00 am	* 2	Augusta.. ..7 50 am
23	Conyers.. ..6 45 am	26	Lithonia....10 05 am
9	Covington..7 45 am	* 28	Augusta.. ..3 10 pm
* 1	Augusta....12 35 pm	24	Conyers.. ..5 00 pm
25	Lithonia....3 35 pm	10	Covington..6 25 pm
* 27	Augusta.. ..8 20 pm	* 4	Augusta....11 35 pm

ATLANTA, KNOXVILLE AND NORTHERN.
(Via W. and A. R. R. to Marietta).
Leave Atlanta for Knoxville.. .. .. ..8 15 am
Arrive Atlanta from Knoxville.. .. .. ..7 20 pm

Southern Railway.

Schedule in Effect Sept. 21, 1900.

EASTBOUND	No. 38. Daily.	No. 36. Daily.	No. 12. Daily.	No. 18. Ex. Sun.
Lv Atlanta..	12 00 n'n	11 50 pm	7 50 am	4 30 pm
Ar Gainesv'l	2 25 pm	2 18 am	10 35 am	7 33 pm
Ar Cornelia..	....	....	11 25 am	8 30 pm
Ar Toccoa ..	3 33 pm	3 28 am	11 58 am	9 00 pm
Lv Charlotte	3 13 pm	9 35 am	6 30 pm	....
Ar Greensb'r	10 47 pm	12 23 pm	9 52 pm	....
Ar Danville.	11 56 pm	1 38 pm	11 25 pm	....
Ar Wash'ton	6 42 am	8 50 pm	....	....
Ar Baltimore	8 00 am	11 25 pm	....	....
Ar Phil'phia	10 15 am	2 56 am	....	....
Ar New Y'k	12 43 n'n	6 23 am	....	....
Ar Boston ..	8 00 pm	3 00 pm	....	....
Lv Danville	1 04 am	1 45 pm	1 04 am	....
Ar Richmond	6 00 am	6 25 pm	6 00 am	....
Lv Danville	1 00 am	....	....	....
Ar Norfolk..	8 00 am	....	....	....

No. 38 Vestibuled Train, Atlanta to New York. Elegant Pullman Library Observation cars. Pullman sleeping cars. Dining car and elegant Vestibuled Coaches between Atlanta and Washington.

Sleeping cars Charlotte to Norfolk and Richmond.

No. 36. "The U. S. Fast Mail," solid between Atlanta and Washington. Pullman Buffet Sleeping Cars Atlanta to New York.

Dining cars serve all meals en route.

Pullman sleeping cars, Atlanta to Charlotte, and Atlanta to Asheville.

SOUTHBOUND	No. 8*	No. 16*	No. 10*	No. 14*
Lv Atlanta..	5 30 am	12 05 n'n	4 10 pm	10 45 pm
Ar Macon.....	8 30 am	2 25 pm	7 10 pm	12 55 am
Ar Jesup......	....	6 50 pm	....	5 20 am
Ar Brunsw'k	....	9 00 pm	....	7 10 am
Ar Jack'ville..	....	10 00 pm	....	8 30 am

NORTHB'ND.	No. 9*	No. 13*	No. 7*	No. 15*
Lv Atlanta.	11 00 pm	5 30 am	7 55 am	4 00 pm
Ar Rome.. ..	2 30 am	7 40 am	10 20 am	6 25 pm
Ar Dalton ..	3 55 am	8 38 am	11 36 am	7 27 pm
Ar Chatt'ga.	5 45 am	9 45 am	1 00 pm	8 40 pm
Ar Memphis.	7 10 pm	....	7 40 am	7 40 am
Ar Cin'nati.	7 30 pm	7 20 pm	....	7 45 am
Ar Knoxville	8 05 am	1 00 pm	8 45 pm	1 10 am
Ar Louis'v'l	7 30 pm	7 20 pm	....	7 50 am
Ar St. Louis	7 04 am	7 04 am	....	6 00 pm

Nos. 13 and 14 Vestibuled Trains with Pullman Sleeping Cars and Day Coaches between Cincinnati and Jacksonville. Observation-Cafe Cars serve all meals between Atlanta and Cincinnati. Local sleeping cars between Atlanta and Brunswick.

No. 16 Pullman sleeping cars Atlanta to Jacksonville.

No. 15 Pullman Buffet sleeping cars Atlanta to Cincinnati.

No. 9 Local Sleeping Car Atlanta to Chattanooga.

	No. 28.	No. 22
Lv Atlanta.....	5 30 am	4 30 pm
Lv Griffin..	7 09 am	....
Warm Springs..	8 28 am	7 11 pm
Ar. Columbus..	9 50 am	8 35 pm
Ar Albany..	1 25 pm	....

WESTBOUND	No. 35*	No. 37*	No. 25
Lv Atlanta..	*5 40 am	*4 15 pm	6 15 pm
Ar Tallapoosa..	7 47 am	6 20 pm	8 55 pm
Ar Birmingham..	11 35 am	10 00 pm	....
Lv Birmingham..	11 45 am	10 20 pm	....
Ar Greenville..	10 50 pm	11 55 am	....
Lv Birmingham ..	12 05 pm	10 20 pm	....
Ar Memphis..	7 55 pm	7 15 am	....
Ar Kansas City..	9 50 am	7 10 am	....
Lv Birmingham..	....	10 05 pm	....
Ar Shreveport..	....	7 20 pm	....
Ar New Orleans..	....	8 30 am	....
Lv Atlanta.. .. Daily..			4 10 pm
Ar Fort Valley..			8 20 pm

No. 37. Sleeping Cars Atlanta to Memphis.
No. 35. Sleeping Cars Atlanta to Birmingham.
* Daily.

Atlanta & West Point R. R.

The direct, quick through line via Montgomery to Texas, Mexico and California. The best route to Selma, Pensacola, Mobile, New Orleans, Columbus, Troy, Union Springs, Eufaula. The following schedule in effect May 6th, 1900:

SOUTHBOUND.	No. 35 Daily.	No. 37 Daily.	No. 29 Daily.
Leave Atlanta...	5 25 am	4 20 pm	1 00 pm
Arrive Newnan..	6 40 am	5 26 pm	2 27 pm
Arive LaGrange..	7 42 am	6 26 pm	3 22 pm
Arrive West Point..	8 10 am	6 55 pm	4 07 pm
Arrive Opelika..	9 00 am	7 37 pm	4 52 pm
Arrive Columbus....	9 55 am	8 30 pm	....
Arrive Montgomery ..	11 00 am	9 20 pm	7 15 pm
Arrive Selma..	....	11 30 pm	....
Arrive Pensacola ..	4 15 pm	5 00 am	....
Arrive Mobile ..	4 10 pm	3 05 am	....
Arrive New Orleans...	8 20 pm	7 40 am	....

NORTHBOUND.	No. 38 Daily.	No. 34 Daily.	No. 36 Daily.
Leave New Orleans...	7 40 pm	....	7 55 pm
Leave Mobile..	12 20 am	....	12 20 pm
Leave Pensacola..	11 20 pm	....	12 30 pm
Leave Selma..	....	6 20 am	3 30 pm
Leave Montgomery ..	6 20 am	11 20 am	6 30 pm
Leave Columbus ..	7 10 am	1 45 pm	....
Arrive Opelika..	8 15 am	2 50 pm	8 10 am
Arrive West Point....	8 55 am	3 33 pm	8 50 pm
Arrive LaGrange...	9 18 am	4 14 pm	9 18 pm
Arrive Newnan..	10 25 am	5 26 pm	10 18 pm
Arrive Atlanta..	11 40 am	7 00 pm	11 30 pm

LAGRANGE ACCOMMODATION.
Daily, Except Sunday.

5 25 pm	Lv.. .. ..Atlanta..	Ar	8 20 am
8 28 pm	Ar.. .. ..Newnan..	Lv	6 40 am
7 54 pm	Ar.. .. Graniteville.. ..	Lv	6 05 am
7 22 pm	Ar.. .. Hogansville	Lv	5 52 am
8 35 pm	Ar.. .. ..LaGrange..	Lv	5 25 am

Nos. 37 and 38 Vestibule Trains, Sleeping and Dining Cars, New York and New Orleans.

Nos. 35 and 36 solid trains, Washington to New Orleans; sleepers New York and New Orleans. Tourist sleepers Atlanta to San Francisco, three times a week.

George W. Allen, Traveling Passenger Agent, Atlanta.
Rogers B. Toy, City Ticket Agent, 12 Kimball House, Atlanta, Ga.
B. F. Wyly, Jr., General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Atlanta, Ga.
R. E. Lutz, Traffic Manager, Montgomery, Ala.
George C. Smith, President and General Manager, Atlanta, Ga.

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Inaugural Mee
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The first meetin the Atlanta W yesterday in th Grand, was o and most inter tory. Mrs. James the beginning of t for reports and a precede the form McCabe of the le

Mrs. Forrest A the Atlanta Woma in Milwaukee last report, which wa forcible and replet important and en

She described that greeted Mrs. and the enthusias election to the hi ing of American

She referred to plished in the con ger, Mrs. Ottley a son when their re that settled the ra ventloo and dep leges as delegate member sent by These same ladie as leading in all carrying through every movement, t espoused by south was to their intere

She referred to made by Mrs. Ottle wage-earning wom country and what betterment of the by club women.

The brilliant soci tion and the hospi kee people was tou clusion she persona est interest in the in the interest of men and children,

Mrs. James Jack McCabe with appr attention to the la a club woman, whi cluded in every de whether philanthro cial. Mrs. McCabe one splendid in poi lowed. Mrs. Lowe the club on the occ ly and characteristi Mrs. McCabe name club work for the their reports. It principal study for club year would history, six lectur be given by that b S. Graham Crozier, plementary lecture of Virginia.

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Mrs. Blackwell, c ature section, anno course of study und be of Italian literat state, political and

Mrs. Samuel Wilk committee to look interest of county interesting vein of for the club wome rection.

Mrs. Julia Iverso of the library comm club women co-oper her work by bringin to the club on the 10th, when that or its fifth anniversary

Miss Emily Harr brightly expressed to be undertaken by tion, of which she is that the first lectu by that section wou of the University

Mrs. Neva Straus business section and Business Woman's many ways in whi would co-operate wit and professional wo and lectures that wo

Mrs. E. S. Munford dressmaking departm Brown, who will hav tical branch of the gave an interesting ods to be pursued in

Mrs. Joha C. Reed bright account of w make interesting he events, while one of features of the meeti tion made by Mrs. O and her committee new section of arts plained that under couragement of all as the work of the munity; in other w ment of the native t our midst. To find, cultivate self-expres plained, was the p posed work, which principles and cause William Morris, and illustrater of it, El presents a wonderfu in the life of the among the people of

Mrs. Edward Brow state federation spoke of the work was yet to be done the state along indus Nellie Peters Black present with the fac more essentially wo support of and encou Kindergarten Associ standing committees, and social, made inte

Mrs. Pattillo, chai committee, stated t been arranged for by lectures of Miss Croz number.

Here the good ne prominent club wom lotte Perkins Stetson this winter, and th gaged to lecture.

"Is she not marri serious question as the moment recogni

"Yes," replied the man, "but she is po band is poor, and th to work."

"I was not questio cial standpoint," sa "but is she still Mrs

"Yes, she is still M

DO YOU W
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Every one do
Our fall stock
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We extend a

Successors

WOMAN IN CLUB AND SOCIETY

Inaugural Meeting Sixth Year Atlanta Womans Club'

The first meeting of the sixth year of the Atlanta Woman's Club, held yesterday in the clubrooms in the Grand, was one of the largest and most interesting in its history. Mrs. James Jackson presided at the beginning of the meeting, and called for reports and announcements which to precede the formal acceptance by Mrs. McCabe of the leadership of the club.

Mrs. Forrest Adair, who represented the Atlanta Woman's Club at the biennial in Milwaukee last June, made her official report, which was one interesting and forcible and replete with incidents of an important and entertaining nature.

She described the great enthusiasm that greeted Mrs. Lowe in her address and the enthusiasm manifested at her re-election to the highest office in the giving of American club women.

She referred to the able part accomplished in the convention by Mrs. Granger, Mrs. Ottley and Mrs. Lindsay Johnson when their resolutions were passed that settled the race question in the convention and deprived of her privileges as delegate the colored woman member sent by a New England club. These same ladies, she mentioned, too as leading in all important matters and carrying through with warm support every movement, the cause of which was espoused by southern women or which was to their interest.

She referred to the ringing address made by Mrs. Ottley on the status of the wage-earning women and children of the country and what might be done for the betterment of their present conditions by club women.

The brilliant social side of the convention and the hospitality of the Milwaukee people was touched upon, and in conclusion she personally expressed her earnest interest in the work of club women in the interest of the wage-earning women and children.

Mrs. James Jackson introduced Mrs. McCabe with appropriate words, calling attention to the latter's splendid work as a club woman, which work had been included in every department of the club, whether philanthropic, educational or social. Mrs. McCabe's inaugural address, one splendid in point and expression, followed. Mrs. Lowe congratulated her and the club on the occasion in remarks timely and characteristically bright, and then Mrs. McCabe named the chairmen of the club work for the year, and called for their reports. It was stated that the principal study for the first half of the club year would be the philosophy of history, six lectures on the subject to be given by that brilliant educator, Miss S. Graham Crozier, to be followed in supplementary lectures by Miss Blackwell, of Virginia.

Mrs. Robert Zahner, chairman of the section of domestic science, announced that on subjects coming under that head classes would be brightened by lectures from Dr. Francis Bradley, Mrs. William H. Felton, Mrs. Mary Hicks and women of similar intellects and reputation.

Mrs. Blackwell, chairman of the literature section, announced that the first course of study under her section would be of Italian literature pertaining to the state, political and artistic.

Mrs. Samuel Wilkes, chairman of the committee to look into and work in the interest of county schools, spoke in an interesting vein of the work there was for the club women to do in that direction.

Mrs. Julia Iverson Patton, chairman of the library committee, urged that the club women co-operate with her first in her work by bringing one or more books to the club on the evening of November 10th, when that organization celebrates its fifth anniversary.

Miss Emily Harris, in a brief and brightly expressed resume of the work to be undertaken by the educational section, of which she is chairman, announced that the first lecturer to be introduced by that section would be the chancellor of the University of Georgia.

Mrs. Neva Strauss, chairman of the business section and president of the Business Woman's League, spoke of the many ways in which the club women would co-operate with and assist business and professional women, and the classes and lectures that would be offered them.

Mrs. E. S. Munford, as chairman of the dressmaking department, introduced Miss Brown, who will have charge of this practical branch of the club work, and who gave an interesting account of the methods to be pursued in it.

Mrs. John C. Reed was heard in a bright account of what she would do to make interesting her section of current events, while one of the most important features of the meeting was the explanation made by Mrs. Ottley as to what she and her committee would do under the new section of arts and crafts. She explained that under that head came encouragement of all work presenting itself as the work of the people of the community; in other words, the encouragement of the native talent of the people in our midst. To find, foster, bring out and cultivate self-expression, she further explained, was the principle of the proposed work, which had to espouse its principles and causes Ruskin, and later William Morris, and now, as a practical illustrater of it, Elbert Hubband, who presents a wonderful object lesson of art in the life of the artisan in his work among the people of "East Aurora."

Mrs. Edward Brown, chairman of the state federation industrial committee, spoke of the work being done, and that was yet to be done by the club women of the state along industrial lines, and Mrs. Nellie Peters Black impressed the many present with the fact that no work was more essentially woman's work than the support of and encouragement of the Free Kindergarten Association. Chairmen of standing committees, of finance, house and social, made interesting statements.

Mrs. Pattillo, chairman of the lecture committee, stated that no lectures had been arranged for by her as yet, since the lectures of Miss Crozier were to be six in number.

Here the good news was told by a prominent club woman that Mrs. Charlotte Perkins Stetson would visit Atlanta this winter, and that she would be engaged to lecture.

"Is she not married again?" was the serious question asked by a member at the moment recognized by the chair.

"Yes," replied the prominent club woman, "but she is poor, and her new husband is poor, and they will both continue to work."

"I was not questioning it from a financial standpoint," said the first speaker, "but is she still Mrs. Stetson?"

"Yes, she is still Mrs. Stetson, and will continue to be Mrs. Stetson; the new husband and his name are of minor importance," was the reply, and the meeting proceeded without further interruption.

Mrs. William King was appointed as delegate to the forthcoming state federation meeting in Griffin, and Mrs. Edward Brown and Mrs. E. L. Connelly were appointed as alternates.

Mrs. McCabe announced that the club's birthday would be celebrated the evening of November the 16th, and that the feature of entertainment would be a Wagnerian recital by Miss Romare and Miss Crozier.

On motion of Mrs. James Jackson, Mrs. Chandler, president of the Washington seminary, which gives a free scholarship through the club, to any young woman selected by the latter, was elected an honorary member of the club. An invitation was extended to the club to visit the seminary in a body.

Reception at Mansion.

A reception which promises to be a very delightful event will be held on Friday evening at the executive mansion, the hostess being the Young Ladies' Missionary Society of the First Methodist church. A splendid musical programme is being prepared, some of the most prominent Atlanta singers to participtte and the occasion will be most enjoyable. A large number of special invitations have been issued and the admission for gentlemen will be a small amount.

Mrs. L. D. Morris, chairman of the refreshment committee, requests the following ladIHes to meet with her at the Majestic this morning at 11 o'clock: Miss Lucy Evans, Miss Kirkpatrick, Mrs. Hardin Cobbs, Mrs. William Prescott, Mrs. Charles Hayden.

Miss Ora Sue Mitchell, chairman of the

MISS ETHEL McCONICO,

A Beauty and Belle of New Orleans Society. She Is the Guest of Her Uncle, Mr. Willis Ragan.

formal reception followed the regular club meeting, and delicious tea was served.

A Disciple of Elbert Hubbard.

There was no more interesting feature of the meeting of the Atlanta Woman's Club yesterday than the exhibition of a book made by an Atlanta woman, Mrs. A. O. Woodard. She was inspired to make the attempt by a glimpse of one of the hand-made books from the hands of the Roycroft shop, which is operated under the inspiration and direction of Elbert Hubbard, the editor of The Philistine, and the recognized disciple of William Morris in the latter's principles and theories regarding "art and the artisan."

The book done by Mrs. Woodard, and showed side by side with one of Hubbard's, stood well the comparison, and was one distinctly pretty and artistic. It was made entirely by hand, the front and back lined with satin, and the title of the book, a brief history of the Atlanta club, was in gold letters on the back. The reading matter was daintily done on the industrious little woman's typewriter and there were highly creditable colored illustrations here and there throughout the book.

It was shown by Mrs. John King Ottley, chairman of the arts and crafts committee, as an illustration of the work that her committee would do in the encouragement of home talent. Not only will such talent be found out and brought forward, she explained, but purchasers of such wares as these will be secured and a new and profitable industry promoted in our midst.

Mrs. Lowe Discusses Club Progress in Atlanta

When called upon yesterday at the Woman's Club for some expression apropos of the fifth year of that organization, Mrs. Lowe, in a brief and brilliant talk, reviewed the life of the club, and its relation to the people since the day of its organization by her.

"My duties in the nursery were over," she said. "My colored mistress in the kitchen, after ten years of training from me, seemed to know her business without further interference from me, and the only thing left me, presiding at the dinner party, did not satisfy me. I determined to get all I could out of the club, where I find my life now full and active." Mrs. Lowe referred humorously to those women who had accepted the club as a "fad," and dropped out when they learned its serious studious side, and beheld women in it whom, as they said, "they saw nowhere else." She mentioned how readily their places were filled by women now giving the club its vigor and strength, and then referred to the prejudice with which the club met on all sides. She reviewed those public movements suggested in the club and carried out outside by the very men who cried down club women, and then called attention to how the views of the local press had been tempered in the matter of the "new" woman, and what she was doing and capable of doing.

To illustrate her point, she referred to the fact that both afternoon papers in the city had but recently, in a desire to strengthen their forces, engaged as special writers not only club women, but in both cases women who had been each in her turn president of the Atlanta Woman's Club.

A more studied observation of the press women here would emphasize the prominence of the club woman in local journalism, for the woman's staff of the afternoon journal is led by a club woman, the woman's department of The Daily News is in charge of two club women, The Saturday Review is edited by a club woman, the woman's department of The Weekly Constitution is in charge of a club woman, and the reporter of this article herself a club woman, stood by Mrs. Lowe as the latter made her first address as a club president, and was the first to announce it in the local press.

Social Items.

Mrs. Thomas J. Charlton, of Savannah, is the guest of Mrs. Clark Howell, Sr.

***

Mrs. Ovid Sparks, of Macon, is the guest of Mrs. Lewis Beck.

***

Miss Mary Louise Huntley is the guest of Dr. and Mrs. J. P. Huntley.

***

After today Miss Hemmingway, the lovely guest of Mrs. J. K. Ottley, will be the guest of Miss Mary Brown Connolly.

***

Hon. Byron Bower left yesterday for his home in Bainbridge.

***

Mr. Charles Matthews is in the city.

***

Mrs. William King has returned from a month's visit to her daughter, Mrs. William Howard, in Lexington, Ga.

***

Mrs. Richard Ellis has returned from a visit to Griffin.

***

Mrs. Harry Owsley is spending the month of October in Dalton, Ga.

***

Mrs. James D. Robinson is visiting in New York.

***

The Joseph Habersham chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, will meet tonight at the executive mansion.

***

Emily Castleton Ligon is the name given the baby daughter of Colonel and Mrs. Robert F. Ligon, of Montgomery, Ala.

***

Mr. Eugene Spalding returns to New York Wednesday.

***

Miss Rosalie Howell is in Winchester, Va. Later she will visit Old Point Comfort, Washington and New York. In the latter place she will be the guest of Captain and Mrs. Conklin.

***

Mrs. Benoit, of Mississippi, is the guest of Mrs. E. G. McCabe.

***

Mrs. H. M. Atkinson is in New York city.

***

Miss May Douglas, a beauty and belle of Knoxville society, will visit Miss Florence Jackson in November.

***

Mr. Charles A. Bowden and Miss Lizzie E. Adams were married by Rev. M. O'Tyson, at his residence, No. 30 Hood street, on Sunday evening at 6:30 o'clock.

***

Mrs. Darrington Semple, of New York city, was the guest for several days of her cousin, Mrs. W. C. Tillinghast.

***

Miss Agnes Goss, of Athens, Ga., will visit Miss Helen Pendleton during the fair.

***

Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Pendleton and daughter, Miss Helen, are with Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Holliday, 78 Forrest avenue, for the winter.

***

Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Quinn entertained in honor of the sixth birthday of their little daughter, Helen, Friday, September 28th, from 5 to 8:30 o'clock, at their home on Spring street. The house was handsomely decorated in maidenhair ferns and goldenrod. A soap bubble contest was engaged in, among other features of amusement, and Miss Hazel Thomas captured first prize, a handsome bonbon box; Miss Kate Waldo took second prize, a handsome fan, and Miss Annie Lou Pace also took a second prize, a handsome book. Master Agnus Perkerson won first prize for the boys, a pearl-handle knife; Master Maynard Smith, second prize, also a pearl-handle knife. Each guest received a box of bonbons.

***

Mrs. F. M. Jarvis, of Norfolk, and Mrs. A. P. Hill, of Havana, are visiting their brother, J. M. Stephens, at West End.

***

The friends of Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Ludge will regret to learn of the illness of their daughter, Winnie, with typhoid fever.

***

Dr. Dunbar Roy returned from New York, where he has been for the past ten days.

DO YOU WANT TO HAVE A GOOD TIMEPIECE?

Every one does and we want to furnish it to you.
Our fall stock of watches cannot be excelled for time keeping, accuracy, elegance of style and quality and diversity of design.
We extend a cordial invitation to you to call in and inspect our stock.

DAVIS & FREEMAN.

Successors to J. P. STEVENS & BRO., 47 Whitehall St.

Up! Up! Up!

Goes the price of Coal but the price of Gas remains the same. Buy a Gas Range now for Winter use.

$12.00 and $14.00

Connected ready for use.

ATLANTA GASLIGHT CO.

THE GRAND

Tonight and Wednesday matinee and night.

CHARLES DICKSON

And his company present the successful Comedy

MISTAKES WILL HAPPEN

(By Grant Stewart.)

A Merry, cleanly play and an exceptionally clever company.

Night prices—25c to $1.00. Matinee, 25c to 75c. Sale now open.

COLUMBIA THEATRE

ALL THIS WEEK AND NEXT ALSO

Matinees This Week, Thursday and Saturday.

Wilbur-Kirwin Opera Co.

50 people. Lots of pretty girls. Fashionable vaudeville between acts, including the 20th century sensation, "The Girl with the Auburn Locks."

Tonight

"The Queen's Lace Handkerchief."

Wednesday Night

THE ROYAL MIDDY.

Night prices 10c to 50c. Matinees 25c. Sale at Miller's.

The "Pros And Cons"

of a thing are, as you know, the arguments for and against it. Now one of the "pros" which should have weight with you in painting your house with our paint is, that it is the greatest protection possible against Winter's storms and Summer's heat, being impervious to changes of climate.

As to the "cons," we know of none, except that it's use will be a constant reminder of your good sense.

PARIAN PAINT CO.,

41-43 E. Alabama St.

'The Queen of Sea Routes'

TO

BALTIMORE, PHILADELPHIA, NEW YORK, BOSTON AND PROVIDENCE

IS VIA

Merchants and Miners' Trans. Co

Steamship Lines.

Send for particulars and illustrated folder.

J. W. SMITH, Trav. Agt., 10 Kimball house, Atlanta, Ga.
J. C. WHITNEY, T. M.
W. P. TURNER, G. P. A.
General Offices, Baltimore, Md.

Livery Business for Sale.

I offer for sale the livery business of the late George H. Kernaghan, which he successfully carried on for more than thirty years. With the business will sell carriages, buggies, hearses, horses and everything needed in a first-class livery business. Will also lease the stable for a long term of years if desired.

JOHN W. DICKEY,
10-9—7t Augusta, Ga.

C. H. Girardeau & Co., Real Estate and Renting Agents, 24 Walton, Prudential Building. 'Phone 164.

$6,000—Lovely 9-room, modern, Peachtree.
$4,250—New 8-r., modern, near Peachtree.
$5,000—New 8-r., between Peachtree sts.
$4,500—8-r., modern, 2 blocks Grand opera.
$3,500—Beautiful country home, 9 rooms, 70 acres.
$7,000—Brick stores and dwelling, rents $57.50 month.
$1,000—5-r., 11 Middle st.; $100 cash, $15 mo.
$2,000—Beautiful lot, between Peachtrees.
$3,500—9-r., new, modern, Pryor and Grave.
$3,500—9-r., Highland, near Jackson.
$4,500—9-r., Houston, near Jackson.
$4,500—9-r., Jackson, near Houston.
$650—Lot, Pulliam, near Little.
Many houses and lots. See us before buying. H. H. Jackson-R. C. Eve, 24 Walton, Prudential building.

Real Estate Loans and Sales.

We buy and sell Atlanta Real Estate and Georgia Farms.

We lend money at low rates on property placed with us for sale.

We pay cash for equities in Atlanta property.

BARKER & HOLLEMAN,
Gould Building 407.
Bell Phone 1207.

PERSONAL.

A RECIPE for beautifying the complexion 10c. I. Craddock, Glen Lyn, Box 16, Virginia. 10-7 2t

WANTED—Everybody who is interested in typewriters to examine the new ball bearing bar lock. The latest, up to datest machine on the market. All makes of machines repaired. G. W. Woodfin, mgr., 34½ Peachtree st. 9-30 40t sun tues thur

Up! Up! Up!

Goes the price of Coal but the price of Gas remains the same. Buy a Gas Range now for Winter use.

$12.00 and $14.00

Connected ready for use.

ATLANTA GASLIGHT CO.

Fall Suits For Men

Ready made Clothes that are as handsome as custom made.

We have the finest Woolens in the latest patterns made up in our best Suits and we have carefully selected pure wool fabrics in the lowest priced Suits in the store.

There is no risk anywhere.

Quality first—then price, satisfaction and good service, always.

The handsomest styles we have ever shown are here this season—clothes worthy of the best dressed men of Atlanta.

All wool Black Cheviot Sack Suits for business men at

$10.

Unfinished Worsteds in Oxford, black or navy at

$15, $18, $20.

The handsome new Military Coat and the nobby Raglan can be found in our $15 range.

Finer Suits up to $25.

"Your money's worth, or your money back" makes poor clothing an impossibility here.

EISEMAN & WEIL,

3 Whitehall St.

Money To Loan on Furniture.

MONEY TO LOAN on furniture. We will loan you any amount of money on your piano, organ or household furniture in sums from $10 to $300, repayable in easy weekly or monthly payments, without removal or publicity; all business strictly confidential; private office for ladies; will call to see you; money in two hours. Office hours 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. Delaware Mortgage Company, 24 Whitehall street, over Brown & Allen's drug store. Standard 'phone No. 622.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

I WILL invest $200 and my services in a stock of groceries well located if the proper person is found. Address Box 240, city.

BOARDERS WANTED.

FIRST CLASS boarding can be had by first-class boarders at a first-class horse, 64 Forrest avenue, off Peachtree.

First-class accommodations in every way, but you pay second-class prices only.

BOARDERS WANTED—Desirable rooms and good board at 183 Whitehall street. Standard 'phone 232.

BOARDERS WANTED — Large front room with good board to couple or two men for $10 per week. 134 Ivy.

WANTED — BOARDERS—The Normandie, 286 Peachtree; pleasant rooms with board. 10-2-3t tues thur fri

BOARDERS WANTED—One large nicely furnished front room with board; hot and cold baths, large yard, good shade. 57 Walton. 10-2-3t tues thur sat

Free Dentistry.

FREE DENTISTRY—The Southern Dental College, opposite Grady hospital, will open for the winter session Monday, the 8th. No charge except for material; only experienced students operate. 10 7 30t

LOST.

$5.00 REWARD—Lost or mislaid about September 19th, two small red leather books (one a price list, other an order book); finder will receive the above reward and no questions asked if left at E. C. Atkins & Co's. store, No. 61 South Forsyth street. 10-6-3t-sa su-tu

$5 REWARD for return of fancy black and tan terrier bitch, 5¾ pounds, answering to name "Bill." Dr. Thomas Carr Avary, 95½ Peachtree street. 10-9 3t

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

PRINTER—Good job compositor and pressman wishes to come south for winter. Open to fair offer. M. D. Witter, Danielson, Conn.

A YOUNG man who has a position as stenographer and bookkeeper wants a place as stenographer. Address S. T., care Constitution.

WANTED—Position in stenography or bookkeeping by a young man 21 years of age. Some experience and good references. Address J., care Constitution. tues wed

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

WANTED—A Virginia lady of much experience desires position as governess in a good family. Qualifications: English, French, music and embroidery; references exchanged. Address Miss James, Dreyfus P. O., La.

FOR RENT—Miscellaneous.

HOTEL FOR RENT—I will rent the Arlington, Gainesville, Ga., the best, the best furnished and the best patronized hotel in N. E. Georgia, to an acceptable tenant. T. C. Candler.
10 7 3t sun tues thur

WANTED—Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Bookkeeper's standing desk, letter press and letter file, all or separately; must be in good condition and cheap for cash. Address Box 457.

OPIUM HABIT.

MORPHINE, opium, laudanum, cocaine habit; myself cured, will inform you of harmless, permanent home cure. Mary S. Baldwin, box 1212, Chicago. 10-7 1m

MORPHINE, opium, laudanum, cocaine habit; myself cured, will inform you of harmless, permanent home cure. Mrs. Baldwin, box 1212, Chicago.

I HAVE FOUND a positive cure for drunkenness. Can be given secretly. Will gladly tell you what it is. Don't send money. Mrs. May Hawkins, Lock Box G U., 121 Grand Rapids, Mich.

FINANCIAL.

WANTED—Equitable Loan and Security Company stock. Give date, number of shares and amount paid. Address Taylor, postoffice box 623, Atlanta, Ga.

MEDICAL.

LADIES—Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills are the best. Safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c. stamps for particulars. "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. Ask your druggist. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa. 6-28 thur sun tues

HAYES, WELLBORN, BAKER & CO

What We Advertise We Sell—What We Sell Advertises Us.

WE GIVE TRADING STAMPS.

SILKS AND SUITS.

This morning we call your especial attention to the four following items which represent the latest arrivals in

Our Great Suit and Silk Stocks

and ask your inspection of these most worthy specials. We are leaders in these departments and nowhere else in town do you find such a varied assortment at such reasonable prices.

SILKS.

500 yards fancy colored Plisse Silks, the residue of last week's 2,000 yards, many street and opera shades left, values formerly were 85c yard, at

40c.

SILKS.

500 yards fancy Silks in stripes, figures, polka dots, dashes and broches, the grandest line ever in this city, all fresh and novel, $1.50 values, at

$1.00.

SUITS.

Women's handsomely made Eton and short tight-fitting Coat Suits with new flare cuffs five gored flared Skirts, all colors and black, at

$10.00.

SUITS.

Women's venetian and homespun satin lined Russian Blouse Suits with bishop sleeves, velvet and gold trimmed collar and cuffs and seven gored flared Skirts, at

$20.00.

Shoppers on incoming trains should investigate.

TRAVELING SALESMEN.

WANTED—Experienced traveling salesmen to represent one of the largest and most progressive life insurance companies. Traveling salesmen make most successful life insurance solicitors, and can make more money over and over again than in selling merchandise. You control your own time and movements, are more independent and have better opportunities for promotion and advancement. The field of effort and success in life insurance is limited only by your own ability and energy. Don't say you cannot sell life insurance until you have given it a fair trial. Like merchandise, it is a commodity to be sold and the world is full of buyers. One of the largest of the life insurance companies, with attractive, salable, up to date policies, will give you a profitable agent's contract with most favorable terms. Don't pass this advertisement without investigation. It may be the opportunity of your life. It is an old traveling salesman who is himself talking to you from experience. Give your age, experience, line of goods represented, and address P. O. Box 742, Atlanta, Ga.

FOR RENT—Stores.

PEACHTREE store with 3 floors and basement, with front on Broad. C. H. Girardeau & Co., 24 Walton, Prudential building.

STORAGE.

SECURITY Warehouse Co.—Storage of all kinds; separate rooms for furniture. Foundry St., W. & A. R. R. Tel. 1956. 2 calls

TYPEWRITERS AND SUPPLIES.

THE SMITH PREMIER typewriter beat its 21 competitors at the Paris exposition. H. M. Ashe, General Agent, corner Pryor and Auburn. 10-7 7t

BLICKENSDERFER typewriters best and cheapest. K. M. Turner, Lowndes building, 102 North Pryor. 'Phone 61.

FOR RENT—Houses, Cottages, Etc.

SEND for weekly rent bulletin, full description of everything to rent; we move tenants free; see notice. John J. Woodside, the renting agent, 50 N. Broad. 8-3 tf

FOR SALE—Miscellaneous.

FOR SALE—Pecan grove one mile from city; beautifully located, splendid investment. Income begins now. About 250 trees bearing. Write for price and particulars. J. M. Tift, Albany, Ga.

LOW RENT, low prices, see our fine line of watches at lowest prices in city. McDuffie & Heath, jewelers, 72 Whitehall. 10 4 tf

FOR SALE—500,000 good hand-made brick for immediate delivery. Atlanta Brick Co., 24½ Whitehall. Standard 622. 10-4—1m

PIANO FOR SALE—Fine upright; also parlor organ; owner leaving city. Cheap for cash. Address Chickering, care Constitution.

BELGIAN HARES—For sale, two fine breeding does to make room for young stock. 37 Poplar st.

FOR SALE—Good Yost typewriter cheap, at No. 8 Whitehall street.

MONEY TO LOAN.

LIFE insurance polices bought for cash or loaned on. Box 285, city. 9 30 1m

BARKER & HOLLEMAN negotiate loans on improved Atlanta real estate at low rates. 405-406-407 Gould building.

WEYMAN & CONNORS, 525 Equitable building, have money to lend on city property at 5, 6 and 7 per cent. Money on hand for those desiring quick loans.

SALARIED PEOPLE and retail merchants furnished money without security; easy payments. Tolman, 524 Austell building. 5-3-12m

INSTALLMENT loans on city real estate, money on hand; no delay; no commission; purchase money notes wanted. Thos. J. Wesley, cashier, 51 N. Pryor St. 6-1-6m

5 AND 6½ PER CENT money to lend on improved city real estate. Southern Banking and Trust Co., 18 E. Alabama St.

STRAIGHT loans and monthly payment loans made on Atlanta real estate at lowest rates without commission. E. S. McCandless, 9 E. Alabama St.

R. C. DeSAUSSURE, real estate loans, investments and life insurance policies bought. 7 24 6m

MONEY to loan on improved city property, good moral risk desired; save commission by applying to L. H., Constitution. 10-9 3t

Life Insurance Agents.

WANTED—A trustworthy and energetic agent is wanted in every city and county in the states of Georgia, Alabama, South Carolina and Florida by one of the great life insurance companies; good contracts with local agents and county or district managers, with fine opportunity for promotion and enlarged territory for successful representatives; choice of location or territory; the company issues the most attractive and desirable forms of policy contracts of from $500 to $50,000; experience desirable, but not necessary to success; brokers, teachers, traveling salesmen, bookkeepers, lawyers, salesmen in stores and business men who are not making as much money otherwise as they would like, have been among the successful men in life insurance work; give your age, line of business and experience, and address P. O. Box 742, Atlanta, Ga.

FOR RENT—Furnished Rooms.

ONE nice large furnished front room, close to postoffice; cheap to couple; no children; water, gas and bath. 41 Luckie.

WANTED—To Exchange.

I WANT TO EXCHANGE 2 seats, reserved for season, second row, for Atlanta Lecture Association course; desire seats nearer center of house; will pay bonus. My seats splendid for person hard of hearing. Address Lecture Seats, care Constitution.

RATES For CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advertisements in the classified columns of The Daily or Sunday Constitution are 10 cents a line each insertion; six words make a line. Count the words in your advertisement and accompany your order with cash at the rate of 10 cents a line each insertion for the number of insertions desired. No advertisement taken for less than the price of three lines.

HELP WANTED—Male.

WANTED—First-class grocery clerk; state age and experience. A. D. L., care Constitution.

WANTED—First-class cornice makers and tinners; best wages paid. Also strong boys to help. Apply at once to Dowman Mfg. Co., 20 and 22 Trinity ave.

WANTED—A competent man to lay carpets and matting and hang curtains and shades. Apply to P. H. Snook & Austin Furniture Co. 10-9—2t

STENOGRAPHER WANTED—Must be capable and correct in spelling; Yost machine. Apply No. 6 Austell building.

WANTED—A good stenographer and bookkeeper. Salary $60 a month. Ashe School of Shorthand, corner Pryor and Auburn avenue.

WANTED—Rrepresentatives in the south. If you desire a position with large earning capacity, an investigation of a contract we offer will pay. Book business, but not as a book peddler. We want representatives of ability and good business address, The Martin & Hoyt Co., 5 to 11 Peters street. 6-23-4m

WANTED—Eperienced window dresser and card writer for dry goods business. Address Cohen Brothers, Jacksonville, Fla. 10-4-3t

WANTED—Three salesladies for exposition. Call at 82 N. Forsyth street between 4 and 5 Tuesday.

WANTED—Collar machine hands. Collar cutter, Texas saddle hands. Collar makers on genuine Scotch or Irish collars. Address Whitney & Sloo Co., Lin, New Orleans, La. 10-7 2t sun tues

WANTED—Men to do educational work. Those having employment but wishing to better themselves financially preferred. Good, permanent position. Don't consume our time unless you mean business. W. B. McCaslin, fourth floor Randolph building, Memphis, Tenn. 10-9—13t

GOVERNMENT POSITIONS—Don't prepare for the postoffice or any other civil service examination without seeing our catalogue of information. Sent free. Columbian Correspondence College, Washington, D. C. 9-23 25 30 10-1 7 9

WANTED—Harness makers. Address Whitney & Sloo Co., Limited, N. O., La. 10-7 2t sun tue

WANTED—Carriage painter; good references. Address H. H. Berry, Orlando, Florida. 10-7-3t.

HELP WANTED—Female.

WANTED—A girl who understands shoe upper fitting, stitching principally. 21 E. Alabama.

WANTED—Five or six up to date salesladies. Apply between 9 and 12 o'clock. Ask for Bassford or Harvey, main building, fair grounds.

WANTED—A competent white woman for general house work; best reference required. Apply 10 Peachtree St. 9-19 tf

DRESS cutting, fitting taught by mail; latest system, easily learned; home success guaranteed. Stamp for particulars. Mrs. L. Weinmann, 1873 Amsterdam ave., New York city.

WANTED—Agents.

AGENTS—Article of absolute necessity in every building; no competition; big profits; exclusive rights; failure impossible. Agency Dept. 312, 27 William street, New York.

AGENTS on salary or commission; the greatest agent's seller ever produced; every user of pen and ink buys it on sight; 200 to 500 per cent profit; one agent's sales amounted to $620 in six days; another $32 in two hours. Monroe Mfg. Co., X 46 La Crosse, Wis. sun-mon.

$2,500 A YEAR easily made by hustling agents, handling our white and fancy rubber collars, cuffs and neckties. Patented and guaranteed goods. Our campaign ties are winners. Liberal commission. Exclusive territory. Send stamp for special plan, terms, etc. M. & M. Mfg. Co., Springfield, Mass. 10— 3 4 7 9 11

FOR SALE—Real Estate.

GO LOOK at No. 402 Pulliam street, new house, delightful neighborhood, water and bath. See Equitable Loan and Security Co., for easy terms. 9-2-tf

W. M. Scott—Office Hotel Alhambra (telephone 688) Peachtree street; offers several foreclosure loans at half cost. 1st—8 r. brick modern home on Spring street, near Merritts ave., cost $4,250; will sell for $3,000; only $500 cash; balance too easy to advertise.
Next—On South Pryor street, almost new modern home, value $4,000; $2,450 buys it; ½ cash; 8 rooms, beautiful lot, choice neighborhood.
Next—North Boulevard; 10 room; new modern home; large lot; was mortgaged for $4,300; will sell for $2,800; ½ cash.
FOR SALE—Well-improved farm of 21 acres, 2½ miles from city; all in fine state of cultivation; good 4-room house, new outbuildings; 8 acres Bermuda grass; fish pond, $1,250, easy terms. Also two nice West End lots for $287 each. Address P. O. Box 536.

...ted Stocks.
...ies.

...HY & CO., ...
...tre Direct to New York.
...d New Orleans.
...cks and Grain.
...St. (Jackson Building.)
...—No. 61 Broadway.
...l Cities Throughout the South.
...arket Manual and book ...tions for traders.

...TERSON & CO.
...ALERS IN
...nt Securities.

SCHEDULES

...ture of Passenger Trains ...Union Depot.

GEORGIA RAILWAY.

	No.	Depart To
...m	102	Hapeville...6 55 am
...am	2	Savannah..7 50 am
...am	104	Hapeville.. 8 20 am
...am	108	Jonesboro..12 10 pm
...am	110	Hapeville..3 40 pm
...am	12	Macon.. ..4 05 pm
...pm	112	Hapeville..5 09 pm
...pm	114	Hapeville..6 20 pm
...pm	116	Griffin. ...6 10 pm
...pm	4	Savannah..8 30 pm
...pm	118	Jonesboro ..11 10 pm

Sunday Trains.

...am	120	Hapeville...9 10 am
...pm	122	Hapeville..12 50 pm

...trains daily except Sunday.

ATLANTIC RAILROAD.

	No.	Depart To
...am	9	Nashville..8 35 am
...am	74	Marietta....12 10 pm
...am	70	Chat'nooga 4 50 pm
...pm	72	Marietta...5 30 pm
...pm	4	Nashville..8 30 pm

...EST POINT RAILROAD.

	No.	Depart To
...am	35	Montgomery5 25 am
...pm	33	Montgomery1 00 pm
...pm	37	Selma.. ....4 20 pm
...ains.		Accommodation Trains.
...am	11	College Pk5 40 am
...am	13	College Pk..8 00 am
...am	15	Palmetto..11 53 am
...pm	19	College Pk...1 30 pm
...pm	21	College Pk...4 25 pm
...pm	23	LaGrange..5 35 pm
...pm	25	College Pk...6 20 pm
...pm	27	College Pk...8 40 pm
...am	29	College Pk.11 00 pm

Sunday Trains.

...am	41	LaGrange....8 00 am

...22, 24, 26, 28 and 30 stop at ...tform.

...from union passenger sta...

AIR-LINE RAILROAD.

	No.	Depart To
...pm	52	Clinton...6 45 am
...pm	402	Washington12 00 n'n
...pm	38	Norfolk:...8 00 pm

...HA RAILROAD.

	No.	Depart To
...am	2	Augusta...7 50 am
...am	26	Athens....10 05 am
...am	28	Augusta...3 10 pm
...pm	24	Conyers...5 00 pm
...pm	10	Covington..8 25 pm
...pm	4	Augusta...11 35 pm

...VILLE AND NORTHERN.

...A. R. R. to Marietta, ...Knoxville.. .. .. ..8 15 am
...n Knoxville.. .. .. ..7 30 pm

...n Railway.

...ffect Sept. 21, 1900.

	No. 36. Ex. Sun.	No. 12. Daily.	No. 18. Daily.
...y.	11 50 pm	7 50 am	4 30 pm
...am	2 18 am	10 35 am	7 25 pm
...pm		11 25 am	8 20 pm
...pm	3 28 am	11 58 am	9 00 pm
...pm	9 35 am	6 30 pm	.....
...pm	12 23 pm	3 52 pm	.....
...pm	1 38 pm	11 25 pm	.....
...pm	8 50 pm	.....	.....
...pm	11 25 pm	.....	.....
...pm	2 54 am	.....	.....
...n	6 23 am	.....	.....
...pm	3 00 pm	.....	.....
...am	1 45 pm	1 04 am	.....
...pm	6 25 pm	6 00 am	.....
...am	.....	.....	.....
...pm	.....	.....	.....

...d Train, Atlanta to New ...Library Observation ...eping cars. Dining car and ...Coaches between Atlanta ...arlotte to Norfolk and Rich...

...S. Fast Mail," solid between ...gton, Pullman Buffet Sleep... to New York ... all meals en route. ...cars, Atlanta to Charlotte, ...eville.

	No. 15.	No. 10.	No. 14.
...am	12 05 n'n	4 10 pm	10 45 pm
...am	2 25 pm	7 10 pm	12 55 am
...am	6 50 pm	.....	5 20 am
...pm	8 00 pm	.....	7 10 am
...pm	10 40 pm	.....	8 30 am

	No. 12.	No. 7.	No. 15.
...pm	5 30 am	7 55 am	4 00 pm
...am	7 40 am	10 20 am	6 25 pm
...am	8 38 am	11 36 am	7 27 pm
...am	9 45 am	1 00 pm	8 40 pm
...pm	7 30 pm	7 40 am	7 40 am
...am	1 00 pm	8 45 pm	7 45 am
...pm	5 00 pm	.....	2 10 am
...am	7 04 am	.....	6 00 pm

...Vestibuled Trains with Pull...rs and Day Coaches between ...cksonville. Observation-Cafe ...ais between Atlanta and Cin...leeping cars between Atlanta ...

...sleeping cars Atlanta to Jack...
...Buffet sleeping cars Atlanta ...
...eeping Car Atlanta to Chatta...

	No. 28.	No. 22
...

People Who Are Particular

We will satisfy if in need of ready-made Suits or Pants. Range of prices;

SUITS.....$10.00 TO $22.50
PANTS.....$3.00 TO $8.50

Everything That Is New.

Sam Kahn & Bro.
16 WHITEHALL ST.

We Give Trading Stamps.

.....COME TO.....

H. WILENSKY,

21-23 E. Alabama St.,

For your Buggies, Surreys, Carriages, Harness, Saddles, Lap Robes, Horse Blankets, Whips, etc.
Harness making and REPAIRING a specialty.

OPIUM COCAINE AND WHISKY
Habits Cured at my Sanatorium, in 30 days. Hundreds of references. 25 years a specialty. Book on Home Treatment sent FREE. Address
B. M. WOOLLEY, M. D., Atlanta, Ga.

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES.

"SUMMER CLASSES in China Painting at reduced rates. Cool Studio, latest models, all requisites. Correspondence invited. WM. LYCETT, Atlanta, Ga.

SOUTHERN SHORTHAND and Business University
ATLANTA, GA.
The Leading Business School of the South
Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Typewriting, Banking, Arithmetic, Business Law, Grammar, Spelling, Penmanship, etc. Enter now. Low Summer rates. Catalogue free. Address A. C. Briscoe, Pres., or L. W. Arnold, Vice Prest., Atlanta, Ga

148 MADISON AVENUE,
NEW YORK, N. Y.
SCHOOL AND HOME FOR GIRLS
A limited number of resident pupils or special students received in a southern lady's home.
MISS JANE duBOSE ROBERTS,
Principal.

Sullivan, Crichton & Smith's Business College
ATLANTA, GA.
The Complete Business Course, Total Cost, $33.00. "Actual Business from start to finish." Most thorough Shorthand Dep't in America. 4000 graduates. Cat. free.

Going to Paint Your House?

Well our ready mixed paints are the best and cheapest. Write for prices.

McNEAL PAINT AND GLASS CO.,
Manufacturers, 10 North Forsyth street, Atlanta, Ga.

STEAMSHIP LINES.

DOMINION LINE.
Fast Twin-Screw Service.
PALATIAL STEAMERS
Modern, Safe, Fast. Average Voyage under 7 Days.
Boston to Queenstown and Liverpool

NEW ENGLAND 11600 tons, Oct. 10; Nov. 7.
COMMONWEALTH 13000 tons, Oct. 17; Nov. 14.

Saloon passage $60.00 and upwards; 2nd cabin $37.50; 3d class, low rates. For passage, plans and information, apply to the company's office, 77 state street, Boston, Mass., or Geo. S. May, Atlanta, Ga.

DEAFNESS CURED.
or no pay. C. H. Rowan, Milwaukee,

THE SAMOSET COLLAR

BANKRUPT SALE OF ASSETS.

Savannah Box and Basket Works.

Under and by virtue of an order granted by the Hon. A. H. MacDonell, referee in bankruptcy, in the matter of W. H. Bellinger, bankrupt, the undersigned will sell, at public auction, on the premises located on the Louisville road, in the city of Savannah, Ga., on Monday, October 15, 1900, at 11 o'clock (Savannah city time) in the forenoon, a lot of machinery, tools and apparatus for the manufacture of boxes, crates, barrels and baskets, among which are: Titus veneer machine; Titus adjustable head saw; saw tables; saws; hand and power clippers; E. & B. Holmes double surface planer; cut-off and heading saws; Allington & Curtis blower system, complete; hot air dry kiln; pulleys, shafting; belting; basket forms; barrel laths and hoops; orange box heads; No. 9 iron wire; tacks; nails, etc.

Private sealed bids for the whole or any part of the assets will be received by the undersigned, up to October 10, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, which will be opened by the referee at his office, No. 4 Bryan street, east, at said time and place. Right to reject any or all bids reserved. Terms of sale: Cash.

Property may be inspected and full list seen, by applying to

JACOB GAZAN, Trustee,
14 Provident Bldg., Savannah, Ga.

West End street car goes to the factory. 10-6-10t

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

L. D. TEACKLE QUINBY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
532-540 Equitable. 'Phone 1227, Atlanta, Ga.

R. T. Dorsey, P. H. Brewster, Albert Howell, Jr.
DORSEY, BREWSTER & HOWELL.
Offices, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 209, 210, 211 and 213 Law building, Pryor and Hunter streets, Atlanta, Ga. Long distance telephone 320.

OPIUM Morphine and Whiskey habits treated without pain or confinement. Cure guaranteed or no pay. B. R. VEAL, Man'gr Lithia Springs Sanitarium, Box 3, Austell, Ga.

Overstocked . . .

To reduce our stock, we are offering very LOW PRICES on all kinds of rough and dressed Lumber, Shingles, Laths, Sash, Doors, Blinds and all kinds of building material.

SOUTH GEORGIA LUMBER CO.
O. STEWART, Prop.
'Phone 532. Yard and Office 62 West Hunter St., Corner Madison Ave.

NEW MISSION IS PROPOSED HERE

Ministers' Association May Establish Place for Men in Hard Lines.

MET YESTERDAY MORNING

Question Was Broached by Rev. J. B. Vale, of Manchester, N. H.

COMMITTEE TO CONSIDER MATTER

Idea Met with Encouragement and May Result in Establishment of the Institution.

It is probable that another rescue mission will be added to Atlanta's public charities ere the biting winds of fall nip the thin blood of the stranger within our gates who is "up against it." The Evangelical Ministers' Association, at its meeting yesterday morning, took the preliminary steps in a plan to establish a nonsectarian temporary home for the friendless, where the "submerged man" can find shelter, bread and a helping hand pending his procurement of employment. It is the intention to make the mission an employment bureau as well.

Rev. I. B. Vale, of Manchester, N. H., a gentleman of much experience in work of the kind, is in the city to enlist the interest of the charitably inclined in this praiseworthy scheme, and yesterday he explained his purpose and the details of his plan to the Evangelical Ministers' Association with the hope that it would indorse and stand as sponsor for the new mission. For the past six years Mr. Vale has been conducting such a charity in Manchester, N. H., and he has had long years of similar experience in the slums of Boston and the noted Jerry McAuley mission in Waters street, New York.

In his talk before the evangelical ministers Mr. Vale told how honest proletarians who were capable workmen soon sank into hopeless depths of vagabondage and crime simply from lack of the timely bestowal of Christian help. He said he had had hundreds of unemployed workingmen come to him and offer to give their first month's wages if he would procure for them work at living pay. He said his experience was that the average destitute man out of work only needed a chance to get on his feet, and it was this chance that the mission proposed to try to give him. He believed such a mission should work through the police court, rescuing many first offenders or those who had fallen into the hands of the police through desperation. In many instances, he said, the police judge would exercise his discretion and turn offenders who had in them the elements of their own redemption over to the care of the mission. He had seen this done with gratifying results. Mr. Vale said the scope of the rescue work should include fallen women. He laid special stress on the free dispensary feature. This, he said, was one of Atlanta's sorest needs.

Plan Is Indorsed.

Dr. A. R. Holderby, Rev. Joel T. Daves, the proposed mission and told of the good work that was being done by the Salvation Army and other charitable organizations of the kind. He said the trouble was that Atlanta did not have missions enough. He considered the new mission badly needed, and said the clergymen of the city would do well to lend their support to such a movement. He gave the history of the Central Union mission, a similar charity which had done noble work in this city some years ago, but which had been abandoned from lack of proper support. Dr. Holderby was prominently identified with this mission.

After some further discussion the following committee was appointed on motion, by the president, to report on the advisability of taking hold of the new mission as an organization, at the next meeting, the first Monday in November: Dr. A. R. Holderby Rev. Joel T. Daves, Dr. W. W. Landrum, Rev. T. C. Cleveland, Rev. W. F. Robinson and Rev. L. K. Probst.

Dr. E. L. Parks, of Gammon Theological seminary, announced that arrangements had been definitely concluded to have Bishop J. C. Hartzell, the celebrated Methodist missionary to Africa, deliver a lecture in Atlanta one week from Thursday, the hour and place to be announced later. The bishop's subject will be, "Africa; its Commercial and Race Problems, and the Responsibilities of the American White Man and Negro Toward the Continent."

Some important matters pertaining to the free kindergartens of the city, in the hands of the committee, went over till the next regular meeting.

Resolutions of respect on the death of Dr. W. D. Bond, who died recently at College Park, were passed and ordered spread on the minutes.

Assorted Backs

and heroes' faces distinguish our new playing cards—new series just issued. We send them prepaid for 25 cents, money or stamps. Backs are red, green, blue or brown, with gold. Malt-Nutrine Dept., Anheuser-Busch Brewing Ass'n, St. Louis, Mo.

Wedding at Huntsville.

Huntsville, Ala., October 8.—(Special.)—Mr. Gilbert Rose and Miss Celestine Schuster were married at 6 o'clock this evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Ike Wise, Rabbi Nathan Michnic officiating. Only a few relatives and friends were present. The bride is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Schuster, formerly of Louisiana. The groom is a popular young salesman in the employ of W. H. Well & Co.

Supreme Court of Georgia.

Monday, October 8, 1900.
COWETA CIRCUIT.

1. C. A. Dennis v. J. W. Colley. Argued.
2. W. T. Smedley v. J. C. Williams. Submitted.
3. Hill, Jones & Co., v. J. A. Cooley et al. Submitted.
4. Frank Word v. Southern Mutual Insurance Company. Argued.
5. J. B. Strong, ordinary, v. LaGrange mills et al. Argued.
6. Julia Ward v. B. M. Long. Argued.

The report of the committee previously appointed to prepare a memorial of Hon. W. Y. Atkinson was received, after which the court adjourned.

Our Children's Department

Is indeed a busy spot these days. Most every minute in the day you will find it filled with mothers looking at and buying the many pretty novelties and exclusive styles to be seen in this store only.

OUR SUPERB SHOWING

of Boys' and Children's Clothing should claim the careful attention of every one who has boys to clothe. This line of Clothing represents the best efforts of the best makers in the United States.

A WATCH FREE.

$2.50 to $7.50

With purchases of $5.00 or over, in our Children's Department, we give free of charge an Ingersoll Watch. Only a limited number to be given away.

$2.50 to $7.50

Remember, these Watches are not toys and are not treated as such. They are perfect time-keepers and are considered the best Dollar Watches made.

M. R. Emmons & Co.

39 to 41 Whitehall.

Pure, Palatable, Purchasable.

TRADE MARK

Murray Hill Club Whiskey.

JOS. A. MAGNUS & CO.,
Cincinnati, O.

SHE LEFT LUXURY FOR AN HUMBLE COTTAGE

All of which means that Mrs. Mollie Eady Hodge was granted a divorce from Homer W. Hodge in Fulton superior court yesterday and at 9 o'clock last night was married to Mr. John M. Duncan. The ceremony was performed at the residence of Mr. J. T. Eady, 17 East Cain street, Rev. B. F. Frazier, of Walker street church, officiating. Mr. Duncan, the groom, has charge of the county convict camp and the bride is a very handsome woman.

Mrs. Duncan secured a divorce from her first husband, Homer W. Hodge, on somewhat sensational grounds, the least of which was interesting as the grounds set forth in the usual divorce proceedings.

Here are a few of the things that Mrs. Hodge charged against her husband:

"Cruel treatment, closeness and parsimoniousness in relation to money matters and expenses of the household, fault finding, quarreling and abuse, freaks of sullenness and moroseness, frequent indulgence in the odious habit of eave dropping, wanton defamation and slander of petitioner's character, religious intolerance and fanaticism and daily exhibitions of unreasoning jealousy."

Mrs. Hodge set forth to the court that when she married Mr. Hodge in 1888 at West Point, in Troup county, she was an inexperienced girl of seventeen, the child of wealthy parents, who had reared her in affluence and luxury. She declared she had been accustomed since childhood to the most gentle and devoted attention, and yet, for the love of the man of her choice, she left all this behind to go to an humble and unpretentious cottage.

This cottage, Mrs. Hodge says, had bare floors and meager furnishings, a dry goods box sufficing for a kitchen table. For love's sake, she tverred, she exchanged a life of elegant leisure for the hardships and drudgery of housekeeper and cook. Then she went on to state that "at the very threshold of their married life, her husband began to display the utter selfishness of his nature."

She declared that he frequently went to the lodge, leaving her and their baby all alone, and did not return until midnight. When they had musicales at their home, she said, Mr. Hodge would enjoy the entertainment until he became sleepy," when he would sneak off to bed and leave her to entertain the guests for the balance of the evening."

Elaborating on the charge of eaves dropping, she declared that he would on occasions retire apparently, and then "in his night robe would sneak around to the parlor and listen to the conversation of guests and visitors, even spying on young men who called on young ladies visiting at the Hodge home." All this, Mrs. Hodge asserted, was very humiliating to her and placed her in an embarrassing light to her friends.

Mrs. Hodge intimated that her husband made her very unhappy, and referring to her charge regarding his religious views, she says he would place a Bible at her place every morning so that she might read a passage while the breakfast grew cold. She alleged that she was not in good health and the cold food did not help matters in the least.

The jury which returned a verdict favorable to Mrs. Hodge removed the disabilities of both parties. Mrs. Hodge was represented by Attorneys Kontz & Austin.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
The Kind You Have Always Bought

Few people know that there is a strictly high class second-hand furniture store in Atlanta, but it is here nevertheless. The Atlanta Auction Co., at 87 and 89 Peachtree street, holds a unique position in the buying and selling of second-hand furniture and household furnishings. They will buy your entire furnishings. They will sell them for you at auction, either at your house or their store, or they will allow you to place them on their floor for private sale and remit to you as fast as goods are sold. They have one of the largest stocks in the city—all second-hand, but refinished, making it look like new. There is nothing that you might need but what you will find there and at prices that are really startling. Before making your purchases give them a call. See what they have. It cost you nothing to look and means dollars to you.

"ATLANTA ILLUSTRATED."

One Hundred and Fifty Finest Views of Atlanta, Also Complete Information About the City.

Former price $2.00 per copy, now only 50 cents a copy. John M. Miller Company, 39 Marietta street, Atlanta. Orders by mail 15 cents extra.

OFFICER GRANT WAS RUN DOWN BY A FIRE ENGINE

In the presence of 2,000 persons, who laughed at his dilemma, Patrolman Tom Grant, of the Atlanta police department, was run down by a fire engine.

It occurred last Saturday afternoon, while Patrolman Grant was on duty.

He attempted to run in front of the fire engine, but he miscalculated the speed of the animals that were pulling it, and the apparatus struck him. The patrolman went sprawling to the ground and the fire engine passed over his body.

There was a grin on the face of the driver when he saw the policeman fall in front of the engine. The apparatus passed slowly over the form of the prostrate patrolman. The front wheels went over his chest. The driver looked around and grinned, but did nothing more than chatter a few unintelligible words.

The driver does not speak English.

When the crowd of 2,000 persons saw what was happening some of them feared that the policeman had been hurt, but the most of them, especially the children, clapped their hands and screamed with laughter.

"Gee, look at de perlice gitten hisself run over," yelled a small boy, and by that time Patrolman Grant was up and brushing the dust from his clothes, so the crowd joined in the laughter.

The policeman was somewhat bruised by his experience, but otherwise was unhurt and yesterday was on his beat again.

The accident occurred at the dog and pony show. The fire engine was only about four feet high and was drawn by Shetland ponies. The driver was a monkey.

But for the fact that the ponies jumped over the policeman he might have been hurt. As it was he was only bruised in several places.

Brave Men Fall

Victims to stomach, liver and kidney troubles as well as women, and all feel the results in loss of appetite, poisons in the blood, backache, nervousness, headache and tired, listless, run-down feeling. But there's no need to feel like that. Listen to J. W. Gardner, Idaville, Ind. He says: "Electric Bitters are just the thing for a man when he is all run down and don't care whether he lives or dies. It did more to give me new strength and good appetite than anything I could take. I can now eat anything and have a new lease on life." Only 50 cents, at all drug stores. Every bottle guaranteed.

THAT SPECIAL PRIZE.

What the Photograph Journals Say of an Atlanta Firm.

The Professional and Amateur Photographer, in its October number, says:

"The 'Special Prize' pictures were the finest collection of photographs ever exhibited since the art of photography was introduced to the world by Daguerre, and was well worth a trip to Put-in-Bay to see and study them."

Moore & Stephenson were awarded this special prize, and only goes to show that this firm has won a national reputation.

It is conceded by the best men in the business that they are making the finest photographs ever displayed in the country.

Dr. John Z. Lawshe, office removed to 606-8 English-American building.
10-2-tue-fri-sun.

LOW RATES TO ASHEVILLE.

Account Mississippi Valley Medical Association, October 9-11, 1900.

On account of above meeting the Southern railway will sell, on October 6th to 9th, inclusive, round trip tickets to Asheville at very low rates. Tickets good to return October 15, 1900. Information Kimball house office or union depot.
BROOKS MORGAN, D. P. A.
9-30 3t sun tues thur

POCKETBOOKS.

Just look at the collection in our show case. The woman who won't want one of the pocket book or card cases to be seen there will be peculiar, unless she has all she wants now. The prices are attractive. John M. Miller Co., 39 Marietta st.

For Diabetes use STUART'S GIN and BUCHU.

G. W. ADAIR,
REAL ESTATE.
FORREST ADAIR.
GEORGE W. ADAIR.

We have four 4-room houses on Maple street that we rent for an out-of-town owner, who instructs us to convert them into cash at once. These houses are nearly new, well built, occupying a lot 135x135, and are all rented to good white tenants who pay their rent promptly.

The houses rent for $26 a month, and if you owned them the rent would come to you every month

Just Like Drawing a Salary.

It would cost about $3,000 to buy a lot and erect a rent-paying plant like this, as the houses cost $550 apiece to build; while we have them already built, occupied by tenants, and we invite an offer for the property.

Let us show you the houses, calculate what figure you can pay for them so as to make a good investment, make us a reasonable offer and we will submit it for you. Here is a chance to buy an annuity of $312 at your own figure.
G. W. ADAIR, 6 and 8 Wall Street.

Catching A Man's Eye

IS not the "whole thing," but in advertising it's very near it. The Printing we do will catch the eyes of the people you want to do business with just as this caught yours. . . . .

The Best in Printing and the Allied Arts. THE FOOTE & DAVIES CO., 65 E. Alabama St., Atlanta.

A. F. LIEBMAN,
Real Estate, Renting and Loans, 28 Peachtree Street.

PEACHTREE ROAD.

On this beautiful road at Peachtree park, just beyond Buckhead, I have a nice well-built 6-room cottage with out buildings and about 8 acres of very productive land with a frontage of 550 feet on the new chert road now being built. Two fine springs, spring house, cellar, some fruit and fine shade.

The owner must sell to meet some maturing obligations and some one is going to get a beautiful little suburban farm at half price.

Some less than $2,000 takes it.

Call for full particulars.
A. F. LIEBMAN,
28 Peachtree St.

Homes for Sale by E. M. Roberts & Co.

We are instructed to sell at greatly reduced prices the following list of No. 1 home places:

No. 88 Pulliam street, 8-r., 2-story, large lot, close in; prices $3,500; terms $500 cash, balance $500 a year, 6 per cent interest.

No. 319 Jackson street, 14-r., 2-story, half acre lot, good neighborhood, nice shaded lot; price only $7,000; terms $1,000 cash, balance very easy, 6 per cent interest.

No. 61 West End avenue, with a $10,000 house on one acre lot; now you can take it altogether at $7,000, with $1,000 cash, balance as you like it, 6 per cent interest.

No. 251 East Pine street, 8-r., 2-story residence, large lot, good surroundings; terms easy.

Kindly give us a call. Respectfully,
E. M. ROBERTS & CO.

J. C. HENDRIX.
Farm and Factory Site Combined.

I have 160 acre farm six miles from carshed, railroad running through it; also main wagon road, on large clear creek; just the place for a factory; nearly half the land well wooded; 15 or 20 acres good bottom land, that I will sell at a bargain. Call soon, as must sell.
J. C. HENDRIX.

JOS. THOMPSON,
WHOLESALE WINES AND LIQUORS.
FAMILY TRADE A SPECIALTY.
SOLE AGENT FOR IMPERIAL BEERS. 7 AND 9 DECATUR ST. Phone 11. ATLANTA GA

SOME INTERESTING FIGURES

Capital of the Four Great Banks of the World.

BANK OF ENGLAND,	$86,047,935
BANK OF FRANCE,	36,500,000
IMPERIAL BANK OF GERMANY	28,560,000
BANK OF RUSSIA,	25,714,920
TOTAL	$176,822,855
FUNDS HELD BY THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY FOR THE PAYMENT OF ITS POLICIES, DECEMBER 31, 1899,	$301,844,537

Or $125,021,682 more than the combined capital of these famous banks.

The new form of policy of The Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, Richard A. McCurdy, President, provides:
First—The SECURITY of $301,844,537 of assets.
Second—PROFITABLE INVESTMENT.
Third—LIBERAL LOANS TO THE INSURED.
Extended term insurance in case of lapse.
Automatic paid-up insurance without exchange of policy.
Liberal surrender values.
One month's grace in payment of premiums.

For Further Information Apply to

ROBERT F. SHEDDEN, General Agent.
English-American Building, Atlanta, Ga.

Gas and Electric Fixtures

THE LARGEST STOCK!
THE BEST ASSORTMENT!
THE LOWEST PRICES!

We are closing out our stock of Hard Wood Mantels, Tile and Grates. We need the room they occupy. If you need Mantels come and see us. No reasonable offer refused.

Hunnicutt & Bellingrath Co.

N. P. PRATT LABORATORY

Occupying our own buildings, Auburn Avenue, corner Courtland. ANALYTICAL AND ASSAY DEPARTMENT: Smelter, Umpire and Control assays on ores of Gold, Silver, Copper, etc.
Analyses of Fertilizers, Iron Ores, Clays, Ochres, Mineral Waters and all commercial products.
Will handle samples of any size and weight.
Telephones 1624—Bell and Standard.

Ink Used on This Paper Made by the
STANDARD Printing Ink Co.
CINCINNATI, O.

Paint your house with
JARED'S ITALIAN LEAD
It is the best and cheapest. Write for prices.
McNEAL PAINT AND GLASS CO.,
Manufacturers, 10 N. Forsyth street, Atlanta, Ga.

SPECIAL NOTICES

FUNERAL NOTICE.

LESTER.—The friends of Isaac B. Lester and family and Mrs. Maria Hulbert are requested to attend the funeral of Harrold, son of I. B. Lester, from 118 Davis street, this morning at 11:30.

MARSH—The friends and acquaintances of Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Marsh, Mr. and Mrs. G. B. Adair, Mr. and Mrs. McAllen Marsh, Mr. Spencer Marsh, Mr. Charles W. Crankshaw, Mrs. M. A. Allgood and Mrs. A. M. Warthen are invited to attend the funeral of Mr. E. W. Marsh from his late residence at 3:30 o'clock this afternoon.

MEETING.

A regular communication of Gate City lodge, No. 2, F. and A. M., will be held this (Tuesday) evening in Masonic hall, chamber of commerce building, at 7:30 p. m. Members are requested to attend. All qualified brethren, especially strangers in the city, are fraternally invited.
By order of EDWARD P. WOOD,
ALBERT P. WOOD, W. M.
Secretary.

Stockholders' Meeting.

The regular annual meeting of the stockholders of the Georgia, Carolina and Northern Railway Company will be held at the office of the company in Atlanta, Ga., on Friday, November 9th, 1900, at 10 o'clock a. m. J. M. SHERWOOD, Secretary.

THE WEATHER.

Washington, October 8.—Forecast for Tuesday and Wednesday:

Georgia—Generally fair Tuesday, except occasional rains on the coast. Wednesday fair; fresh north to west winds.

Virginia—Generally fair Tuesday, except rain and colder in southeast portion. Wednesday fair; fresh northwesterly winds.

North Carolina, South Carolina—Generally fair Tuesday, except occasional rains on the coast. Wednesday fair; fresh north to west winds.

Eastern Florida—Fair, except rain and cooler in northern portion Tuesday. Wednesday fair; fresh northwesterly winds.

Western Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana and eastern Texas—Generally fair Tuesday and Wednesday; light to fresh north to east winds.

Western Texas—Increasing cloudiness Tuesday, probably rain in western portion. Wednesday fair; fresh easterly winds.

Tennessee and Kentucky—Fair Tuesday and Wednesday; warmer in western portions Tuesday; northerly winds.

Local Report for Yesterday.

Mean temperature	67
Normal temperature	68
Highest temperature	72
Lowest temperature	62
Rainfall in 24 hours	44
Deficiency since Jan. 1st	5.77

From Other Stations.

STATIONS.	Temperature.	Highest Temperature.	Rainfall in past 12 hours.
Abilene, pt. cldy.	58	66	.00
Augusta, cloudy	72	76	.14
Buffalo, pt. cloudy	52	58	.02
Charleston, rain	72	82	.02
Charlotte, cloudy	66	76	.78
Chattanooga, cloudy	60	68	.00
Chicago, cloudy	52	56	.00
Cincinnati, cloudy	56	60	.00
Corpus Christi, cloudy	74	78	.00
Detroit, cloudy	56	58	.00
Dodge City, cloudy	56	70	.00
Galveston, pt. cldy.	74	80	.00
Huron, pt. cloudy	56	66	.00
Jacksonville, cloudy	78	86	.10
Jupiter, cloudy	80	86	.00
Kansas City, cloudy	58	62	.00
Key West, cloudy	58	62	.00
Key West, cloudy	80	84	.00
Montgomery, cloudy	66	74	T
Knoxville, cloudy	58	64	.00
New Orleans, cloudy	68	74	.00
New York, rain	62	76	1.12
Norfolk, rain	68	86	.56
North Platte, rain	62	68	.00
Omaha, rain	60	66	.00
Palestine, cloudy	68	78	.00
Port Eads, pt. cloudy	74	78	.00
Raleigh, rain	68	84	.34
Rapid City, pt. cloudy	60	64	.00
St. Louis, pt. cloudy	56	58	.00
St. Paul, pt. cloudy	56	68	.00
Savannah, rain	70	84	.38
Tampa, pt cloudy	78	86	.00

T indicates trace of rain or snow.
J. B. MARBURY,
Local Forecast Official.

LOW RATES TO KNOXVILLE

Account Street Fair and Carnival.

Account above occasion Southern railway will sell on October 8th, 10th, 11th and 12th round trip tickets from Atlanta to Knoxville and return for $3.90; good to return until October 15, 1900.

For further information call at Kimball house or union depot ticket office.
10-4—3t

Shot a Negro.

Augusta, Ga., October 8.—(Special.)—Constable Arthur Glover went to arrest a negro, Miles Harrison, today, and the two had a difficulty, in which two shots were fired from the constable's pistol. One clipped the negro's ear and the other cut the constable's shirt front, but neither was seriously hurt, though the negro was very bloody when brought in.

ARE YOU GOING WEST?

Travel the Best Route—Southern Pacific Company—"Sunset Route."

Only line operating Palatial Tourist Sleeping Cars from Georgia and the Carolinas to California without change. Second-class tickets are accepted in these cars. Only line to Texas without an omnibus transfer.

For free maps and literature write or call on W. R. FAGAN,
Traveling Passenger Agent, No. 10 North Pryor Street, Atlanta, Ga.

C. H. SWIFT
AGENT
UNDERTAKER,
31 S. Pryor. Telephone 245

Short Sea Trips

The Most Delightful Route to
NEW YORK
And
NORTHERN AND EASTERN SUMMER RESORTS
IS VIA THE
Old Dominion Line
And Rail Connections.

Express steamships leave Norfolk, Va., daily except Sunday at 7:30 p. m., for New York direct, affording opportunity for through passengers from the south, southwest and west to visit Richmond, Old Point Comfort and Virginia Beach en route.

For tickets and general information apply to railroad ticket agents, or to M. B. CROWEL, Gen. Agt., Norfolk, Va.; J. F. MAYER, Agent, 1212 Main St., Richmond, Va.

H. B. WALKER, Traffic Manager.
J. J. BROWN, General Passenger Agt.
tues thur sun New York, N. Y.